

Converting Colors

HunterLab(28.9234, 10.9169,
-35.3731)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(28.9234, 10.9169,
-35.3731) contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(29.0125, 10.7324,
-35.0410)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	454C8F
RGB	69, 76, 143
RGB Percent	27%, 30%, 56%
CMY	0.7294, 0.7020, 0.4392
CMYK	0.52, 0.47, 0.00, 0.44
HSL	234°, 35%, 42%
HSV	234°, 52%, 56%
XYZ	9.9966, 8.4173, 27.0844
YIQ	81.5450, -25.6790, 19.3530

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

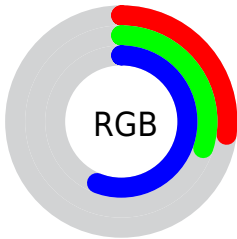
Format	Color
RYB	69, 75, 143
Decimal	4541583
CIELab	34.84, 16.89, -38.13
CIELCh	35, 41.704, 293.892
Yxy	8.4175, 0.2197, 0.1850
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4282731663 (0xFF454C8F)
YUV	81.5450, 30.2973, -11.0020
Hunter-Lab	29.0125, 10.7324, -35.0410

Details

The HunterLab color $[29.0125, 10.7324, -35.0410]$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 333366 . A complement of this color would be $[48.8656, -8.0498, 23.1379]$, and the grayscale version is $[28.7834, -1.5358, 1.5639]$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $[47.7871, 11.3906, -35.8930]$, and $[13.6285, 9.5283, -35.4846]$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $[25.1952, 14.6955, -45.3704]$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $[33.1244, 7.3453, -25.9746]$.

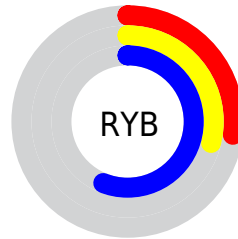
Distribution



Red (27%)

Green (30%)

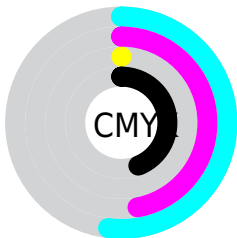
Blue (56%)



Red (27%)

Yellow (29%)

Blue (56%)

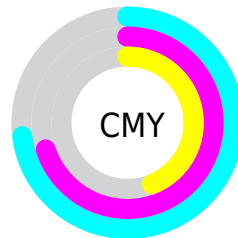


Cyan (52%)

Magenta (47%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (44%)



Cyan (73%)

Magenta (70%)

Yellow (44%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 29.0125, 10.7324, -35.0410 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 29.0125, 10.7324, -35.0410 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 29.0125, 10.7324,
-35.0410

■ 29.0125, 10.7324,
-35.0410

■ 133.7801, 12.3319,
-40.1262

■ 20.8884, 10.0962,
-34.7773

■ 47.7211, 11.6442,
-36.2023

■ 13.7068, 9.3072,
-35.2087

■ 58.1747, 11.9530,
-36.8587

■ 7.3183, 9.7279,
-39.6643

■ 69.2967, 12.1796,
-37.5031

0.0000, NaN, -NF

0.0000, NaN, -NF

■ 81.0490, 12.3328,
-38.1166

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 93.3995, 12.4194,
-38.6894

0.0000, NaN, NaN

106.3205, 12.4451,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

-39.2164

0.0000, NaN, NaN

119.7878, 12.4146,
-39.6956

■ 29.0125, 10.7324,
-35.0410

■ 29.0125, 10.7324,
-35.0410

■ 25.1952, 14.6955,
-45.3704

■ 33.1244, 7.3453,
-25.9746

■ 21.7547, 19.3152,
-57.0808

■ 37.4703, 4.4233,
-17.9529

■ 18.8073, 24.5372,
-69.9049

■ 42.0090, 1.8663,
-10.7584

■ 16.4982, 29.9620,
-82.6988

■ 46.7102, -0.4064,
-4.2100

■ 15.1148, 33.8801,
-92.0297

■ 51.5515, -2.4574,
1.8350

■ 56.5159, -4.3341,
7.4866

■ 61.5902, -6.0730,
12.8291

■ 66.7640, -7.7017,
17.9272

■ 72.0287, -9.2415,
22.8311

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



29.0130, -4.4800, -39.5629



29.0125, 10.7324, -35.0410



29.0130, 24.8258, -19.0063

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



29.0130, 10.7327, -35.0402



29.0130, 16.9395, 15.9395



29.0130, -24.5395, 4.2825

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



29.0125, 10.7324, -35.0410



48.8656, -8.0498, 23.1379

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



29.0130, -20.9428, 13.3296



29.0125, 10.7324, -35.0410



29.0130, 1.5019, 17.5692

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



29.0130, 10.7327, -35.0402



29.0130, 28.8770, 10.4545



29.0130, -12.0772, 16.9314



29.0130, -23.0335, -11.4690

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



29.0125, 10.7324, -35.0410



29.0130, 30.6889, -6.8607



29.0130, -12.0772, 16.9314



29.0130, -23.9142, 8.0608

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



29.0130, 10.7327, -35.0402



59.5946, 0.8114, -9.5640



47.6200, -20.7640, 0.1638



27.9893, 0.6556, -5.3486



85.4018, -4.5568, 4.6400



33.5864, -1.7921, 1.8248

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



29.0130, 10.7327, -35.0402



32.9596, 20.5737, -63.0461



29.7828, 20.9308, -33.0147



23.0911, -0.4586, -1.2592



14.2681, 31.6393, -86.1340



1.8019, 1.7763, -6.0868

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



32.5855, 23.8326, 8.0550



39.4143, 39.8634, 13.0811



48.5924, -19.8017, 22.7253



23.3063, 0.7886, 1.6778



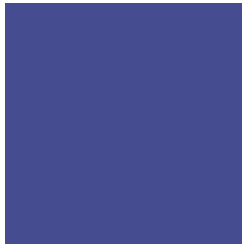
22.7856, 39.1461, 13.7541



2.2572, 3.9358, 0.9141

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 29.0125, 10.7324, -35.0410 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 29.0125, 10.7324, -35.0410 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

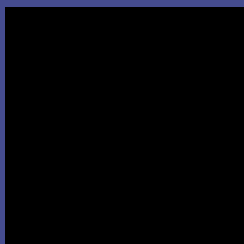
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 29.0125, 10.7324, -35.0410 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 29.0125, 10.7324, -35.0410.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 29.0125, 10.7324, -35.0410.

-35.0410.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

29.0125, 10.7324, -35.0410

Protanopia

29.1925, 6.6991, -37.9577

Deuteranopia

29.0980, 1.7986, -33.3845



Tritanopia

28.9507, -8.1406, -3.9905

Trichromacy



Original Color

29.0125, 10.7324, -35.0410

Protanomaly

29.2184, 7.9534, -37.0389

Deuteranomaly

28.8004, 4.9051, -34.8507

Tritanomaly

28.7857, -1.8738, -13.8688

Monochromacy



Original Color

29.0125, 10.7324, -35.0410

Achromatopsia

29.0476, -1.5499, 1.5782

Achromatomaly

28.8350, 1.7108, -9.1312

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 29.0125, 10.7324, -35.0410 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(69, 76, 143)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(69, 76, 143)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(69, 76, 143) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(69, 76, 143) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 29.0125, 10.7324, -35.0410 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(69, 76, 143) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(69, 76, 143) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(69, 76, 143) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(69, 76, 143); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(69, 76, 143);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(69, 76,  
143) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 29.0125, 10.7324, -35.0410 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(69, 76, 143) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(69, 76,  
143) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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