

Converting Colors

HunterLab(28.9254, 3.2937,
-1.3752)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(28.9254, 3.2937, -1.3752)
contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(28.8855, 3.4847,
-1.5393)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	5A4E59
RGB	90, 78, 89
RGB Percent	35%, 31%, 35%
CMY	0.6471, 0.6941, 0.6510
CMYK	0.00, 0.13, 0.01, 0.65
HSL	305°, 7%, 33%
HSV	305°, 13%, 35%
XYZ	8.7440, 8.3437, 10.6008
YIQ	82.8420, 3.6210, 5.9650

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

Format	Color
RYB	90, 78, 89
Decimal	5918297
CIELab	34.69, 7.23, -4.61
CIELCh	35, 8.575, 327.458
Yxy	8.3441, 0.3158, 0.3013
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284108377 (0xFF5A4E59)
YUV	82.8420, 3.0359, 6.2776
Hunter-Lab	28.8855, 3.4847, -1.5393

Details

The HunterLab color $[28.8855, 3.4847, -1.5393]$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 666666 . A complement of this color would be $[30.8169, -6.3768, 4.6450]$, and the grayscale version is $[29.3425, -1.5656, 1.5942]$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $[47.5587, 3.3404, -1.0874]$, and $[13.6432, 3.1463, -1.8934]$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $[26.7188, 7.4667, -4.0134]$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $[31.1840, -0.4234, 0.9226]$.

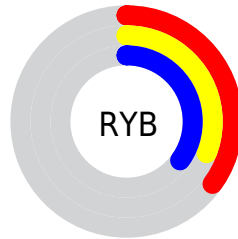
Distribution



 Red (35%)

 Green (31%)

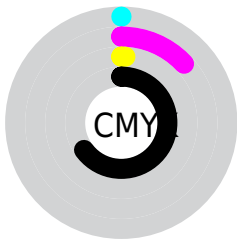
 Blue (35%)



 Red (35%)

 Yellow (31%)

 Blue (35%)

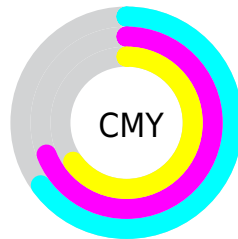



 Cyan (0%)

 Magenta (13%)

 Yellow (1%)

 Black (65%)



 Cyan (65%)

 Magenta (69%)

 Yellow (65%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 28.8855, 3.4847, -1.5393 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 28.8855, 3.4847, -1.5393 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 28.8855, 3.4847,
-1.5393

■ 28.8855, 3.4847,
-1.5393

■ 133.5689, 1.0664,
2.2575

■ 20.7747, 3.4304,
-1.6922

■ 47.5713, 3.3406,
-1.0309

■ 13.6081, 3.2685,
-1.7627

■ 58.0147, 3.1667,
-0.6921

■ 7.2052, 3.9867,
-2.2614

■ 69.1271, 2.9350,
-0.3041

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 80.8703, 2.6509,
0.1291

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 93.2121, 2.3187,
0.6044

0.0000, NaN, NaN

106.1248, 1.9420,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

1.1191

0.0000, NaN, NaN

119.5842, 1.5237,
1.6707

■ 28.8855, 3.4847,
-1.5393

■ 28.8855, 3.4847,
-1.5393

■ 26.7188, 7.4667,
-4.0134

■ 31.1840, -0.4234,
0.9226

■ 24.7022, 11.4966,
-6.4776

■ 33.5956, -4.2444,
3.3584

■ 22.8595, 15.5190,
-8.8904

■ 36.1068, -7.9784,
5.7633

■ 21.2171, 19.4415,
-11.1883

■ 38.7061, -11.6303,
8.1367

■ 19.8025, 23.1262,
-13.2810

■ 41.3838, -15.2077,
10.4800

■ 18.6413, 26.3921,
-15.0557

■ 44.1319, -18.7192,
12.7962

■ 17.7526, 29.0386,
-16.3933

■ 46.9435, -22.1734,
15.0884

■ 17.1129, 30.9989,
-17.2651

■ 49.8132, -25.5784,
17.3601

■ 16.7048, 32.2999,
-17.8282

■ 52.7361, -28.9417,
19.6146

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



28.8861, 1.1661, -3.7345



28.8855, 3.4847, -1.5393



28.8861, 4.4504, 1.3278

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



28.8861, 3.4839, -1.5388



28.8861, -1.2865, 6.5359



28.8861, -6.4866, -1.0748

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



28.8855, 3.4847, -1.5393



30.8169, -6.3768, 4.6450

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



28.8861, -7.0841, 1.8147



28.8855, 3.4847, -1.5393



28.8861, -4.1555, 6.0311

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



28.8861, 3.4839, -1.5388



28.8861, 1.6269, 5.8273



28.8861, -6.2478, 4.3718



28.8861, -4.5816, -3.4480

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



28.8855, 3.4847, -1.5393



28.8861, 4.1700, 3.1710



28.8861, -6.2478, 4.3718



28.8861, -6.8436, -0.1233

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



28.8861, 3.4839, -1.5388



40.9974, -0.1516, 0.9616



28.0173, 0.6303, -3.1949



20.0744, 0.0601, 0.3875



70.1359, -3.7423, 3.8106



20.7927, -1.1094, 1.1297

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



28.8861, 3.4839, -1.5388



37.2730, 6.2772, -3.0776



28.7182, 2.5908, 0.8453



15.4253, 0.8893, -0.2238



20.5490, 39.7164, -21.8042



48.0209, 92.7109, -50.1601

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



28.8861, 3.4839, -1.5388



37.2730, 6.2772, -3.0776



30.9647, -5.5461, 2.5266



15.4253, 0.8893, -0.2238



20.5490, 39.7164, -21.8042



48.0209, 92.7109, -50.1601

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 28.8855, 3.4847, -1.5393 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 28.8855, 3.4847, -1.5393 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

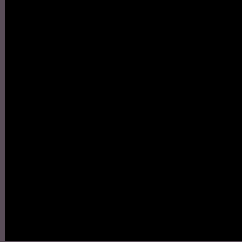
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 28.8855, 3.4847, -1.5393 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 28.8855, 3.4847, -1.5393.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 28.8855, 3.4847, -1.5393.

-1.5393.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

28.8855, 3.4847, -1.5393

Protanopia

28.8889, -0.2657, -2.5166

Deuteranopia

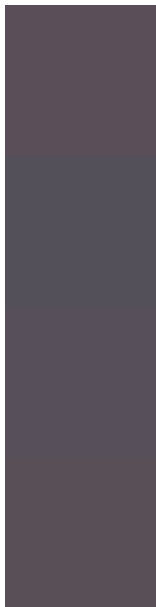
28.7953, 1.9082, -1.6833



Tritanopia

28.9339, 2.1467, 0.2554

Trichromacy



Original Color

28.8855, 3.4847, -1.5393

Protanomaly

28.9142, 1.0735, -1.9991

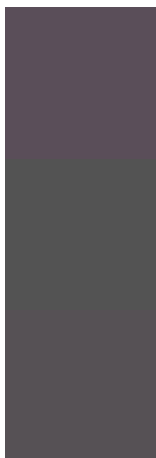
Deuteranomaly

28.8781, 2.1862, -1.5715

Tritanomaly

28.9615, 2.2945, -0.1376

Monochromacy



Original Color

28.8855, 3.4847, -1.5393

Achromatopsia

29.4110, -1.5693, 1.5980

Achromatomaly

29.1876, 0.4143, 0.5345

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 28.8855, 3.4847, -1.5393 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(90, 78, 89)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(90, 78, 89)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(90, 78, 89) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(90, 78, 89) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 28.8855, 3.4847, -1.5393 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(90, 78, 89) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(90, 78, 89) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(90, 78, 89)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(90, 78, 89); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(90, 78, 89);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(90, 78, 89)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 28.8855, 3.4847, -1.5393 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(90, 78, 89) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(90, 78,  
89) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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