

Converting Colors

HunterLab(28.9742, -6.1827,
-4.0931)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(28.9742, -6.1827,
-4.0931) contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(29.0248, -6.4424,
-3.8598)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	3C565E
RGB	60, 86, 94
RGB Percent	24%, 34%, 37%
CMY	0.7647, 0.6627, 0.6314
CMYK	0.36, 0.09, 0.00, 0.63
HSL	194°, 22%, 30%
HSV	194°, 36%, 37%
XYZ	7.2116, 8.4244, 11.8357
YIQ	79.1380, -18.0640, -3.0240

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

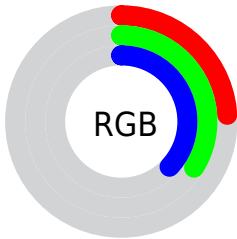
Format	Color
RYB	60, 75, 94
Decimal	3954270
CIELab	34.85, -7.51, -7.77
CIELCh	35, 10.811, 225.976
Yxy	8.4247, 0.2625, 0.3067
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4282144350 (0xFF3C565E)
YUV	79.1380, 7.3270, -16.7840
Hunter-Lab	29.0248, -6.4424, -3.8598

Details

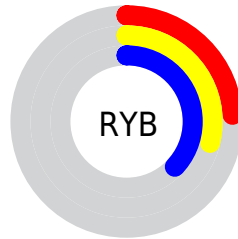
The HunterLab color **29.0248, -6.4424, -3.8598** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **336666**. A complement of this color would be **26.1539, 5.4109, 6.5190**, and the grayscale version is **27.9914, -1.4936, 1.5208**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **47.8259, -8.5088, -3.3892**, and **13.7573, -4.5151, -3.6531** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **27.9460, -7.2620, -5.3743**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **30.1706, -5.4055, -2.3144**.

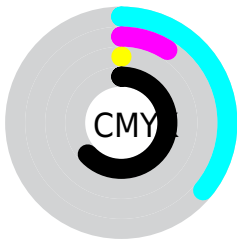
Distribution



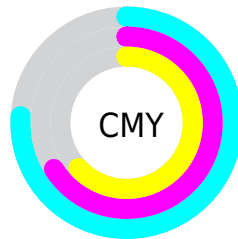
- Red (24%)
- Green (34%)
- Blue (37%)



- Red (24%)
- Yellow (29%)
- Blue (37%)



- Cyan (36%)
- Magenta (9%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (63%)



- Cyan (76%)
- Magenta (66%)
- Yellow (63%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 29.0248, -6.4424, -3.8598 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 29.0248, -6.4424, -3.8598 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 29.0248, -6.4424,
-3.8598

■ 29.0248, -6.4424,
-3.8598

■ 133.8007,
-15.4705, -1.2804

■ 20.8995, -5.4642,
-3.8410

■ 47.7357, -8.3812,
-3.6673

■ 13.7165, -4.4584,
-3.7307

■ 58.1903, -9.3567,
-3.4743

■ 7.3292, -4.8585,
-4.0744

■ 69.3133, -10.3418,
-3.2253

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 81.0665, -11.3388,
-2.9250

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 93.4178, -12.3494,
-2.5774

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 106.3396,

-13.3744, -2.1856

0.0000, NaN, NaN

119.8077,
-14.4146, -1.7525

■ 29.0248, -6.4424,
-3.8598

■ 29.0248, -6.4424,
-3.8598

■ 27.9460, -7.2620,
-5.3743

■ 30.1706, -5.4055,
-2.3144

■ 26.9350, -7.8476,
-6.8507

■ 31.3786, -4.1674,
-0.7472

■ 25.9945, -8.1866,
-8.2796

■ 32.6462, -2.7461,
0.8357

■ 25.1255, -8.2704,
-9.6521

■ 33.9702, -1.1584,
2.4290

■ 24.3276, -8.0973,
-10.9603

■ 35.3475, 0.5795,
4.0283

■ 23.5826, -7.7347,
-12.2282

■ 36.7748, 2.4524,
5.6300

■ 23.2982, -7.5947,
-12.7260

■ 38.2493, 4.4468,
7.2316

■ 39.7681, 6.5501,
8.8312

■ 41.3285, 8.7514,
10.4274

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



29.0254, -8.2287, -0.3934



29.0248, -6.4424, -3.8598



29.0254, -3.2951, -5.9818

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



29.0254, -6.4427, -3.8593



29.0254, 5.8630, -0.1505



29.0254, -3.5287, 7.4851

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



29.0248, -6.4424, -3.8598



26.1539, 5.4109, 6.5190

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



29.0254, 0.2367, 7.5326



29.0248, -6.4424, -3.8598



29.0254, 5.7925, 3.4238

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



29.0254, -6.4427, -3.8593



29.0254, 3.8773, -3.6620



29.0254, 3.6893, 6.1353



29.0254, -6.6062, 5.9962

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



29.0248, -6.4424, -3.8598



29.0254, -0.7877, -6.1942



29.0254, 3.6893, 6.1353



29.0254, -2.3050, 7.6631

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



29.0254, -6.4427, -3.8593



42.3217, -4.6354, 0.0203



30.6313, -13.3511, 8.0759



20.6504, -2.3434, -0.0733



71.2094, -3.7996, 3.8689



21.6712, -1.1563, 1.1774

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



29.0254, -6.4427, -3.8593



37.2346, -9.4332, -6.7473



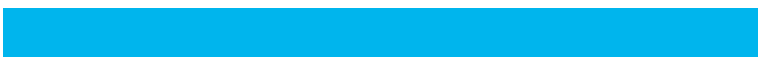
24.5631, 0.7348, -10.4130



15.9291, -1.5468, 0.2060



27.2690, -8.7442, -15.2076



62.7024, -18.9046, -37.5631

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



25.0669, 12.4730, -5.1605



31.0554, 20.7993, -8.6730



30.3193, -1.9855, 10.2877



15.4078, 0.7954, 0.0246



19.8252, 37.1682, -12.1268



46.2398, 86.4335, -26.2940

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 29.0248, -6.4424, -3.8598 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 29.0248, -6.4424, -3.8598 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

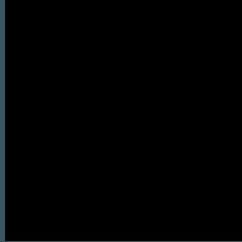
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

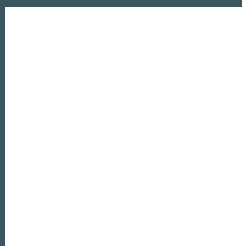
Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 29.0248, -6.4424, -3.8598 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 29.0248, -6.4424, -3.8598.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 29.0248, -6.4424, -3.8598.

-3.8598.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

29.0248, -6.4424, -3.8598

Protanopia

28.8889, -0.2657, -2.5166

Deuteranopia

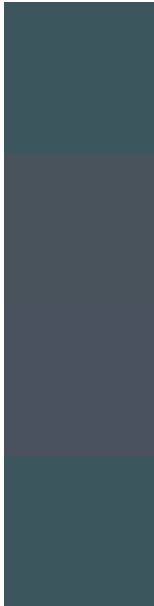
28.9871, 1.6239, -4.2542



Tritanopia

28.9940, -6.6161, -3.4267

Trichromacy



Original Color

29.0248, -6.4424, -3.8598

Protanomaly

28.9408, -2.7063, -2.9574

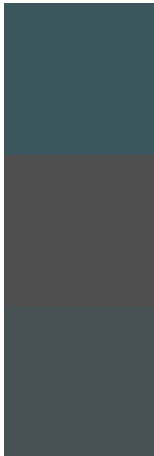
Deuteranomaly

28.9079, -1.2863, -4.4147

Tritanomaly

28.9940, -6.6161, -3.4267

Monochromacy



Original Color

29.0248, -6.4424, -3.8598

Achromatopsia

27.9620, -1.4920, 1.5192

Achromatomaly

28.3767, -3.8025, -0.1057

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 29.0248, -6.4424, -3.8598 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(60, 86, 94)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(60, 86, 94)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(60, 86, 94) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(60, 86, 94) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 29.0248, -6.4424, -3.8598 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(60, 86, 94) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(60, 86, 94) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(60, 86, 94)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(60, 86, 94); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(60, 86, 94);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(60, 86, 94)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 29.0248, -6.4424, -3.8598 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(60, 86, 94) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(60, 86,  
94) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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