

Converting Colors

HunterLab(29.0122, 0.9382,
-1.5338)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(29.0122, 0.9382, -1.5338)
contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(28.8850, 0.9157,
-1.5850)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	545059
RGB	84, 80, 89
RGB Percent	33%, 31%, 35%
CMY	0.6706, 0.6863, 0.6510
CMYK	0.06, 0.10, 0.00, 0.65
HSL	267°, 5%, 33%
HSV	267°, 10%, 35%
XYZ	8.3280, 8.3434, 10.6228
YIQ	82.2220, -0.5050, 3.6470

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

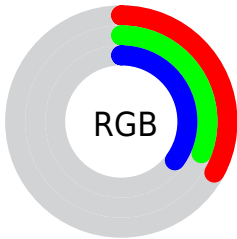
Format	Color
R_{YB}	84, 80, 89
Decimal	5525593
CIE Lab	34.69, 3.59, -4.68
CIE LCh	35, 5.898, 307.535
Yxy	8.3438, 0.3051, 0.3057
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4283715673 (0xFF545059)
YUV	82.2220, 3.3416, 1.5593
Hunter-Lab	28.8850, 0.9157, -1.5850

Details

The HunterLab color **28.8850, 0.9157, -1.5850** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666666**. A complement of this color would be **31.0733, -4.0164, 4.5950**, and the grayscale version is **29.1172, -1.5536, 1.5820**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **47.5741, 0.5734, -1.1165**, and **13.6928, 1.0954, -1.8612** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **26.2782, 3.5458, -5.0701**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **31.5768, -1.6583, 1.6822**.

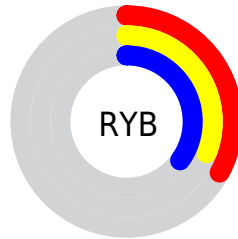
Distribution



Red (33%)

Green (31%)

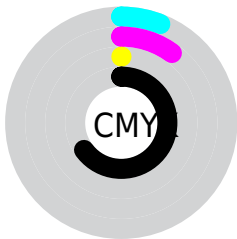
Blue (35%)



Red (33%)

Yellow (31%)

Blue (35%)

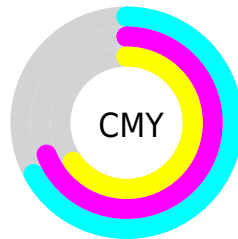


Cyan (6%)

Magenta (10%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (65%)



Cyan (67%)

Magenta (69%)

Yellow (65%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 28.8850, 0.9157, -1.5850 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 28.8850, 0.9157, -1.5850 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 28.8850, 0.9157,
-1.5850

■ 28.8850, 0.9157,
-1.5850

■ 133.5680, -3.0819,
2.1861

■ 20.7743, 1.1014,
-1.7342

■ 47.5707, 0.3483,
-1.0834

■ 13.6077, 1.2061,
-1.8007

■ 58.0141, -0.0164,
-0.7477

■ 7.2047, 1.7884,
-2.2986

■ 69.1264, -0.4282,
-0.3626

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 80.8696, -0.8833,
0.0679

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 93.2114, -1.3786,
0.5405

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

106.1240, -1.9115,

119.5834, -2.4799,
1.6018

■ 28.8850, 0.9157,
-1.5850

■ 28.8850, 0.9157,
-1.5850

■ 26.2782, 3.5458,
-5.0701

■ 31.5768, -1.6583,
1.6822

■ 23.7672, 6.2438,
-8.8230

■ 34.3419, -4.1843,
4.7706

■ 21.3690, 9.0153,
-12.8982

■ 37.1728, -6.6725,
7.7141

■ 19.1053, 11.8569,
-17.3506

■ 40.0633, -9.1311,
10.5398

■ 17.0038, 14.7433,
-22.2198

■ 43.0079, -11.5671,
13.2693

■ 15.1011, 17.6054,
-27.4947

■ 46.0025, -13.9862,
15.9203

■ 13.4419, 20.2978,
-33.0503

■ 49.0433, -16.3935,
18.5072

■ 12.0731, 22.5823,
-38.5803

■ 52.1272, -18.7927,
21.0415

■ 10.7861, 25.1585,
-44.8664

■ 55.2515, -21.1873,
23.5326

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



28.8856, -1.0206, -2.4263



28.8850, 0.9157, -1.5850



28.8856, 2.2169, 0.0922

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



28.8856, 0.9150, -1.5845



28.8856, -0.0106, 4.8480



28.8856, -5.3729, 1.0729

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



28.8850, 0.9157, -1.5850



31.0733, -4.0164, 4.5950

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



28.8856, -5.1196, 2.9781



28.8850, 0.9157, -1.5850



28.8856, -2.0614, 5.0702

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



28.8856, 0.9150, -1.5845



28.8856, 1.6721, 3.7791



28.8856, -3.9211, 4.4087



28.8856, -4.6230, -0.8236

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



28.8850, 0.9157, -1.5850



28.8856, 2.5301, 1.4095



28.8856, -3.9211, 4.4087



28.8856, -5.4018, 1.7342

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



28.8856, 0.9150, -1.5845



40.2096, -1.1708, 0.9512



29.8996, -2.3665, -0.3593



20.1249, -0.4810, 0.3422



70.1359, -3.7423, 3.8106



20.7927, -1.1094, 1.1297

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



28.8856, 0.9150, -1.5845



36.9695, 1.9685, -3.0766



29.2460, 2.1304, -1.1021



14.4887, 0.2778, -0.5582



12.9696, 30.4117, -55.1904



29.8879, 71.1749, -135.6537

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



29.1847, 1.7007, 0.5525



37.4534, 3.2270, 0.3962



30.7505, -5.1701, 4.2238



14.6160, 0.6142, 0.3491



18.5825, 33.5508, -1.3861



43.8353, 78.7677, -0.3434

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 28.8850, 0.9157, -1.5850 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 28.8850, 0.9157, -1.5850 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

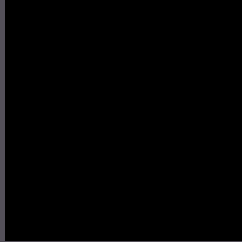
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 28.8850, 0.9157, -1.5850 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 28.8850, 0.9157, -1.5850.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 28.8850, 0.9157, -1.5850.

-1.5850.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

28.8850, 0.9157, -1.5850

Protanopia

28.9351, -0.1664, -1.9936

Deuteranopia

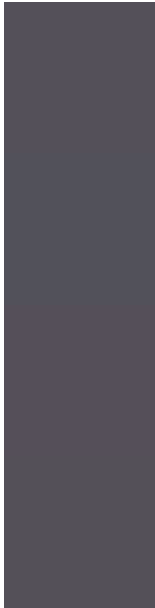
28.7953, 1.9082, -1.6833



Tritanopia

28.8275, 0.6056, -0.7711

Trichromacy



Original Color

28.8850, 0.9157, -1.5850

Protanomaly

29.0119, 0.0967, -1.8892

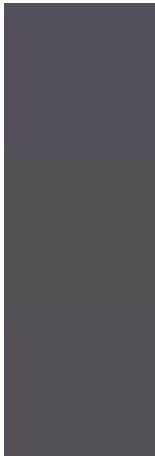
Deuteranomaly

28.7133, 1.6325, -1.7942

Tritanomaly

28.8561, 0.7597, -1.1756

Monochromacy



Original Color

28.8850, 0.9157, -1.5850

Achromatopsia

29.0476, -1.5499, 1.5782

Achromatomaly

28.9478, -0.4071, 0.2277

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 28.8850, 0.9157, -1.5850 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(84, 80, 89)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(84, 80, 89)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(84, 80, 89) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(84, 80, 89) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 28.8850, 0.9157, -1.5850 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(84, 80, 89) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(84, 80, 89) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(84, 80, 89)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(84, 80, 89); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(84, 80, 89);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(84, 80, 89)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 28.8850, 0.9157, -1.5850 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(84, 80, 89) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(84, 80,  
89) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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