

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(29.0458, -11.9877,  
-5.3971)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(29.0458, -11.9877,  
-5.3971) contains.

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# Color

**HunterLab(29.0458,  
-11.9877, -5.3971)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	1D5A61
RGB	29, 90, 97
RGB Percent	11%, 35%, 38%
CMY	0.8863, 0.6471, 0.6196
CMYK	0.70, 0.07, 0.00, 0.62
HSL	186°, 54%, 25%
HSV	186°, 70%, 38%
XYZ	6.3205, 8.4366, 12.6046
YIQ	72.5590, -38.6030, -10.7550

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

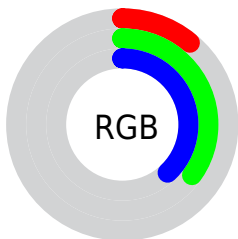
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	29, 61, 97
Decimal	1923681
CIELab	34.88, -16.72, -9.76
CIElCh	35, 19.361, 210.256
Yxy	8.4369, 0.2310, 0.3083
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4280113761 (0xFF1D5A61)
YUV	72.5590, 12.0494, -38.2012
Hunter-Lab	29.0458, -11.9877, -5.3971

# Details

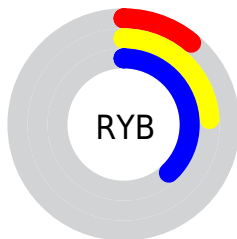
The HunterLab color **29.0458, -11.9877, -5.3971** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **336666**. A complement of this color would be **19.7283, 17.7960, 8.9740**, and the grayscale version is **25.6241, -1.3672, 1.3922**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **47.6794, -14.9633, -5.7216**, and **14.2842, -6.2750, -4.3080** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **28.5479, -12.4128, -6.1143**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **29.6155, -11.2983, -4.5902**.

# Distribution



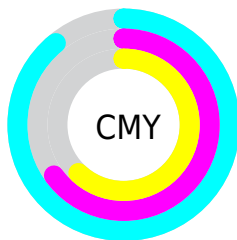
- Red (11%)
- Green (35%)
- Blue (38%)



- Red (11%)
- Yellow (24%)
- Blue (38%)



- Cyan (70%)
- Magenta (7%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (62%)



- Cyan (89%)
- Magenta (65%)
- Yellow (62%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 29.0458, -11.9877, -5.3971 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 29.0458, -11.9877, -5.3971 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 29.0458, -11.9877,  
-5.3971

■ 29.0458, -11.9877,  
-5.3971

■ 133.8356,  
-25.3971, -3.5491

■ 20.9183, -10.2941,  
-5.2811

■ 47.7604, -15.1428,  
-5.3896

■ 13.7328, -8.4591,  
-5.0739

■ 58.2168, -16.6532,  
-5.2837

■ 7.3477, -10.3103,  
-5.3731

■ 69.3413, -18.1374,  
-5.1183

0.0000, NaN, -NF

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 81.0960, -19.6041,  
-4.8984

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 93.4487, -21.0593,  
-4.6283

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 106.3719,

-22.5077, -4.3115

0.0000, NaN, NaN

119.8413,  
-23.9527, -3.9509

29.0458, -11.9877,  
-5.3971

29.0458, -11.9877,  
-5.3971

28.5479, -12.4128,  
-6.1143

29.6155, -11.2983,  
-4.5902

28.1162, -12.5845,  
-6.7439

30.2577, -10.3418,  
-3.6971

27.7165, -12.6501,  
-7.3353

30.9740, -9.1229,  
-2.7220

31.7640, -7.6511,  
-1.6710

32.6269, -5.9400,  
-0.5510

■ 33.5611, -4.0061,  
0.6305

■ 34.5642, -1.8671,  
1.8659

■ 35.6338, 0.4584,  
3.1481

■ 36.7672, 2.9521,  
4.4701

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



29.0463, -13.4851, 1.5255



29.0458, -11.9877, -5.3971



29.0463, -7.7474, -11.3973

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



29.0463, -11.9878, -5.3967



29.0463, 10.6722, -5.2781



29.0463, -1.6098, 11.4584

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



29.0458, -11.9877, -5.3971



19.7283, 17.7960, 8.9740

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



29.0463, 5.2119, 10.4276



29.0458, -11.9877, -5.3971



29.0463, 12.6870, 1.6366

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



29.0463, -11.9878, -5.3967



29.0463, 5.3221, -11.3185



29.0463, 10.6045, 7.1673



29.0463, -7.8398, 10.3912



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



29.0458, -11.9877, -5.3971



29.0463, -3.7275, -13.5111



29.0463, 10.6045, 7.1673



29.0463, 0.6908, 11.3493

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



29.0463, -11.9878, -5.3967



42.5395, -8.1346, -0.9483



29.8947, -21.8819, 14.7588



21.0910, -4.2664, -0.6093



72.2857, -3.8570, 3.9274



22.5557, -1.2035, 1.2255



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



29.0463, -11.9878, -5.3967



37.0077, -16.4307, -8.5409



19.9307, 1.7378, -21.3317



16.8933, -1.8835, 0.3907



32.2707, -14.6811, -8.6433



74.0864, -33.2992, -20.7181



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



20.3925, 27.4660, -15.0777



24.6465, 41.9364, -22.4803



26.4305, 3.2464, 13.7351



16.2001, 0.9454, -0.2158



20.9538, 40.3354, -20.9661

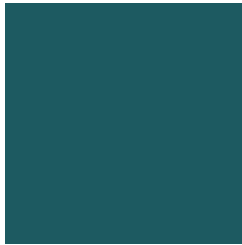


48.3534, 92.9559, -47.4308



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 29.0458, -11.9877, -5.3971 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass



# Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 29.0458, -11.9877, -5.3971 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

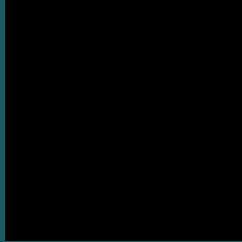
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

## HunterLab 29.0458, -11.9877, -5.3971 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 29.0458, -11.9877, -5.3971.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 29.0458,

-11.9877, -5.3971.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

29.0458, -11.9877, -5.3971

### Protanopia

28.8889, -0.2657, -2.5166

### Deuteranopia

28.9612, 1.7941, -6.2890



## Tritanopia

29.0458, -11.9877, -5.3971

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

29.0458, -11.9877, -5.3971

## Protanomaly

28.5010, -5.5941, -4.0790

## Deuteranomaly

28.7169, -4.4965, -6.2409

## Tritanomaly

29.0458, -11.9877, -5.3971

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

29.0458, -11.9877, -5.3971

## Achromatopsia

25.8120, -1.3773, 1.4024

## Achromatomaly

26.5914, -6.2163, -1.5220

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 29.0458, -11.9877, -5.3971 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(29, 90, 97)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(29, 90, 97)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(29, 90, 97) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(29, 90, 97) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 29.0458, -11.9877, -5.3971 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(29, 90, 97) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(29, 90, 97) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(29, 90, 97)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(29, 90, 97); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(29, 90, 97);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(29, 90, 97)  
}
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 29.0458, -11.9877, -5.3971 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(29, 90, 97) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(29, 90,  
97) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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