

Converting Colors

HunterLab(29.0684, 74.6177,
-173.7508)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(29.0684, 74.6177,
-173.7508) contains.

HunterLab(29.0671, 74.6166, -173.7603)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	22
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	26
<i>CSS Examples</i>	29

Color

**HunterLab(29.0671, 74.6166,
-173.7603)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	4400FF
RGB	68, 0, 255
RGB Percent	27%, 0%, 100%
CMY	0.7333, 1.0000, 0.0000
CMYK	0.73, 1.00, 0.00, 0.00
HSL	256°, 100%, 50%
HSV	256°, 100%, 100%
XYZ	20.4339, 8.4490, 95.1617
YIQ	49.4020, -41.3270, 93.7210

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

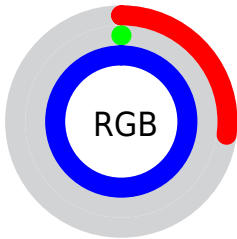
Format	Color
RYB	68, 0, 255
Decimal	4456703
CIELab	34.90, 80.13, -103.46
CIElCh	35, 130.860, 307.759
Yxy	8.4494, 0.1647, 0.0681
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4282646783 (0xFF4400FF)
YUV	49.4020, 101.3598, 16.3104
Hunter-Lab	29.0671, 74.6166, -173.7603

Details

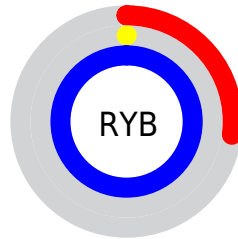
The HunterLab color **29.0671, 74.6166, -173.7603** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **3300FF**. The color can be described as dark saturated blue. A complement of this color would be **90.5997, -47.7251, 54.9916**, and the grayscale version is **17.3432, -0.9254, 0.9423**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **42.7456, 59.8381, -103.8377**, and **19.9638, 54.1517, -141.8510** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **29.0679, 74.6173, -173.7542**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **31.5424, 71.0658, -157.1529**.

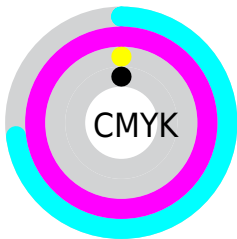
Distribution



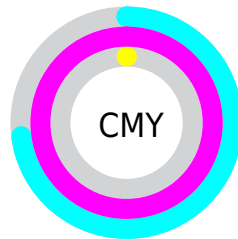
- Red (27%)
- Green (0%)
- Blue (100%)



- Red (27%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (73%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (0%)



- Cyan (73%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (0%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 29.0671, 74.6166, -173.7603 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 29.0671, 74.6166, -173.7603 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 29.0671, 74.6166,
-173.7603

■ 29.0671, 74.6166,
-173.7603

■ 133.8715, 95.1314,
-156.8223

■ 20.9377, 72.6675,
-188.2998

■ 47.7859, 79.4010,
-160.7080

■ 13.7496, 71.7724,
-216.3541

■ 58.2440, 81.8614,
-157.8906

■ 7.3666, 77.9882,
-292.1858

■ 69.3701, 84.2762,
-156.3318

0.0000, INF, -NF

0.0000, NaN, -NF

■ 81.1263, 86.6197,
-155.5994

0.0000, NaN, -NF

■ 93.4806, 88.8799,
-155.4276

0.0000, NaN, -NF

0.0000, NaN, -NF

■ 106.4051, 91.0523,

-155.6449

119.8759, 93.1357,
-156.1362

29.0671, 74.6166,
-173.7603

29.0671, 74.6166,
-173.7603

29.0679, 74.6173,
-173.7542

31.5424, 71.0658,
-157.1529

35.5188, 64.0221,
-134.9173

40.9284, 54.8396,
-110.8716

47.4819, 45.0844,
-88.0881

54.9163, 35.5518,
-67.6809

■ 63.0321, 26.5067,
-49.6870

■ 71.6862, 17.9687,
-33.7606

■ 80.7775, 9.8712,
-19.4938

■ 90.2332, 2.1292,
-6.5259

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



29.0679, 11.3453, -264.9884



29.0671, 74.6166, -173.7603



29.0679, 133.5102, -51.4952

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



29.0679, 74.6173, -173.7542



29.0679, 39.9548, 20.3475



29.0679, -47.7541, -12.1844

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



29.0671, 74.6166, -173.7603



90.5997, -47.7251, 54.9916

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



29.0679, -46.4742, 18.8296



29.0671, 74.6166, -173.7603



29.0679, -12.5319, 20.3475

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



29.0679, 74.6173, -173.7542



29.0679, 106.2767, 20.3475



29.0679, -38.2545, 20.3475



29.0679, -43.5904, -111.0326

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



29.0671, 74.6166, -173.7603



29.0679, 149.6096, -1.8955



29.0679, -38.2545, 20.3475



29.0679, -47.9187, 4.6772

Sweetspot

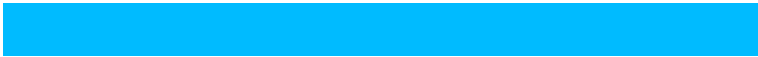
The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



29.0679, 74.6173, -173.7542



71.6862, 17.9687, -33.7606



65.3916, -16.6563, -45.7776



31.4502, 9.9516, -18.6215

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



29.0679, 74.6173, -173.7542



43.4613, 91.0407, -100.6897



41.9667, 0.8112, -2.7350



21.1582, 54.0640, -124.5430



6.9752, 17.2112, -36.3143

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



49.8470, 92.5609, -23.5749



85.1265, -70.1424, 51.2266



42.6764, 3.0032, -0.1883



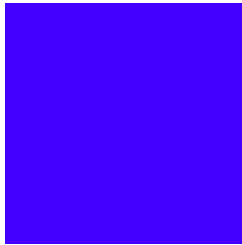
36.0685, 67.0374, -17.5384



11.3350, 21.2041, -6.5715

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 29.0671, 74.6166, -173.7603 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

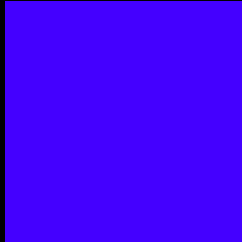
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 29.0671, 74.6166, -173.7603 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 29.0671, 74.6166, -173.7603 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 29.0671, 74.6166, -173.7603.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 29.0671, 74.6166, -173.7603.

-173.7603.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

29.0671, 74.6166, -173.7603

Protanopia

29.2651, 9.3931, -56.8558

Deuteranopia

29.0689, -0.9415, -34.3012



Tritanopia

29.1845, -14.4682, -5.2453

Trichromacy



Original Color

29.0671, 74.6166, -173.7603

Protanomaly

25.9701, 37.1010, -108.0997

Deuteranomaly

25.0278, 29.4286, -90.1919

Tritanomaly

23.8069, 16.8029, -61.1738

Monochromacy



Original Color

29.0671, 74.6166, -173.7603

Achromatopsia

17.5253, -0.9351, 0.9522

Achromatomaly

18.0996, 25.1211, -50.8721

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 29.0671, 74.6166, -173.7603 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(68, 0, 255)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(68, 0, 255)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(68, 0, 255) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(68, 0, 255) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 29.0671, 74.6166, -173.7603 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(68, 0, 255) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(68, 0, 255) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(68, 0, 255)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(68, 0, 255); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(68, 0, 255);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(68, 0, 255)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 29.0671, 74.6166, -173.7603 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(68, 0, 255) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(68, 0,  
255) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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