

Converting Colors

HunterLab(29.1582, 17.3416,
-2.1133)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(29.1582, 17.3416,
-2.1133) contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(29.1548, 17.1921,
-2.3249)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	74435C
RGB	116, 67, 92
RGB Percent	45%, 26%, 36%
CMY	0.5451, 0.7372, 0.6392
CMYK	0.00, 0.42, 0.21, 0.55
HSL	329°, 27%, 36%
HSV	329°, 42%, 45%
XYZ	11.1414, 8.5000, 11.1787
YIQ	84.5010, 21.1790, 18.1630

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

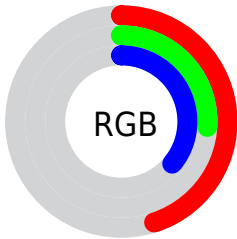
Format	Color
R_{YB}	116, 67, 92
Decimal	7619420
CIE _{Lab}	35.00, 24.86, -5.71
CIE _{LCh}	35, 25.506, 347.059
Yxy	8.5004, 0.3615, 0.2758
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285809500 (0xFF74435C)
YUV	84.5010, 3.6970, 27.6246
Hunter-Lab	29.1548, 17.1921, -2.3249

Details

The HunterLab color **29.1548, 17.1921, -2.3249** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **663366**. A complement of this color would be **37.9995, -17.4165, 7.6662**, and the grayscale version is **29.9399, -1.5975, 1.6267**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **47.8318, 18.8826, -1.9173**, and **13.7544, 14.9675, -2.4045** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **26.7598, 21.7457, -2.7861**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **31.8179, 12.5346, -1.5606**.

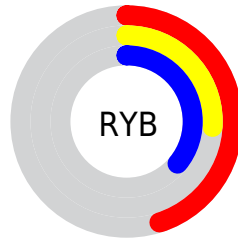
Distribution



Red (45%)

Green (26%)

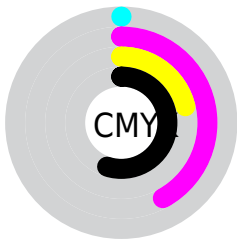
Blue (36%)



Red (45%)

Yellow (26%)

Blue (36%)

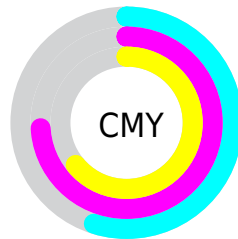


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (42%)

Yellow (21%)

Black (55%)



Cyan (55%)

Magenta (74%)

Yellow (64%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 29.1548, 17.1921, -2.3249 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 29.1548, 17.1921, -2.3249 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 29.1548, 17.1921,
-2.3249

■ 29.1548, 17.1921,
-2.3249

■ 134.0172, 21.8975,
1.0520

■ 21.0162, 16.1374,
-2.4176

■ 47.8892, 18.8913,
-1.9259

■ 13.8179, 14.9285,
-2.4240

■ 58.3544, 19.5702,
-1.6376

■ 7.4430, 14.9941,
-2.7801

■ 69.4871, 20.1520,
-1.2975

0.0000, INF, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 81.2496, 20.6466,
-0.9100

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 93.6098, 21.0622,
-0.4787

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

106.5401, 21.4056,

-0.0063

0.0000, NaN, NaN

120.0163, 21.6824,
0.5046

■ 29.1548, 17.1921,
-2.3249

■ 29.1548, 17.1921,
-2.3249

■ 26.7598, 21.7457,
-2.7861

■ 31.8179, 12.5346,
-1.5606

■ 24.6747, 26.0317,
-2.8740

■ 34.7078, 7.8803,
-0.5598

■ 22.9443, 29.8101,
-2.5202

■ 37.7919, 3.2833,
0.6260

■ 21.6054, 32.7967,
-1.6853

■ 41.0427, -1.2313,
1.9562

■ 20.6736, 34.7426,
-0.3891

■ 44.4378, -5.6569,
3.4005

■ 20.0765, 35.9638,
0.7085

■ 47.9588, -9.9964,
4.9362

■ 51.5911, -14.2576,
6.5463

■ 55.3225, -18.4502,
8.2181

■ 59.1429, -22.5842,
9.9420

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



29.1555, 12.1469, -11.9201



29.1548, 17.1921, -2.3249



29.1555, 16.7949, 5.9942

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



29.1555, 17.1908, -2.3242



29.1555, -6.4378, 13.3039



29.1555, -12.3834, -13.1281

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



29.1548, 17.1921, -2.3249



37.9995, -17.4165, 7.6662

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



29.1555, -16.2583, -3.6378



29.1548, 17.1921, -2.3249



29.1555, -13.1205, 10.6849

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



29.1555, 17.1908, -2.3242



29.1555, 2.3995, 13.4618



29.1555, -16.5107, 5.0217



29.1555, -5.3136, -19.3118

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



29.1548, 17.1921, -2.3249



29.1555, 13.4932, 9.8321



29.1555, -16.5107, 5.0217



29.1555, -14.0636, -10.1083

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



29.1555, 17.1908, -2.3242



49.6483, 5.0128, 0.6483



27.3566, 13.7420, -18.7130



23.8785, 2.9895, 0.1707



77.7063, -4.1462, 4.2219



27.0627, -1.4440, 1.4704

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



29.1555, 17.1908, -2.3242



35.4632, 28.8622, -3.6959



28.5357, 14.1654, 6.5285



19.3110, 0.9117, 0.5158



21.2592, 38.0662, 0.8763



46.7448, 83.3574, 4.5813

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



29.1555, 17.1908, -2.3242



35.4632, 28.8622, -3.6959



38.6346, -13.7135, -1.4100



19.3110, 0.9117, 0.5158



21.2592, 38.0662, 0.8763



46.7448, 83.3574, 4.5813

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 29.1548, 17.1921, -2.3249 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

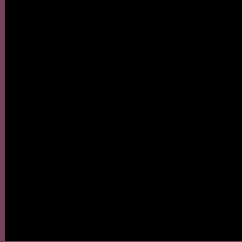
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 29.1548, 17.1921, -2.3249 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 29.1548, 17.1921, -2.3249.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 29.1548, 17.1921, -2.3249.

-2.3249.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

29.1548, 17.1921, -2.3249

Protanopia

29.3489, 0.6857, -7.2977

Deuteranopia

29.2407, 2.1736, -1.5571



Tritanopia

29.0959, 12.8824, 4.5898

Trichromacy



Original Color

29.1548, 17.1921, -2.3249

Protanomaly

29.0945, 5.9707, -5.5154

Deuteranomaly

28.9554, 7.5310, -2.2925

Tritanomaly

29.1465, 14.4224, 2.3769

Monochromacy



Original Color

29.1548, 17.1921, -2.3249

Achromatopsia

30.1400, -1.6082, 1.6376

Achromatomaly

29.3941, 5.0948, -0.4209

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 29.1548, 17.1921, -2.3249 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(116, 67, 92)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(116, 67, 92)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(116, 67, 92) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(116, 67, 92) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 29.1548, 17.1921, -2.3249 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(116, 67, 92) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(116, 67, 92) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(116, 67, 92) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(116, 67, 92); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(116, 67, 92);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(116, 67,  
92) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 29.1548, 17.1921, -2.3249 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(116, 67, 92) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(116, 67,  
92) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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