

Converting Colors

HunterLab(29.1750, 4.1780,
-1.0213)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(29.1750, 4.1780, -1.0213)
contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(29.1500, 4.3549,
-1.1851)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	5D4E59
RGB	93, 78, 89
RGB Percent	36%, 31%, 35%
CMY	0.6353, 0.6941, 0.6510
CMYK	0.00, 0.16, 0.04, 0.64
HSL	316°, 9%, 34%
HSV	316°, 16%, 36%
XYZ	9.0418, 8.4972, 10.6148
YIQ	83.7390, 5.4090, 6.6010

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

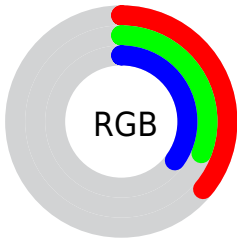
Format	Color
R_{YB}	93, 78, 89
Decimal	6114905
CIE Lab	35.00, 8.43, -4.12
CIE LCh	35, 9.383, 333.954
Yxy	8.4976, 0.3212, 0.3018
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284304985 (0xFF5D4E59)
YUV	83.7390, 2.5937, 8.1219
Hunter-Lab	29.1500, 4.3549, -1.1851

Details

The HunterLab color **29.1500, 4.3549, -1.1851** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666666**. A complement of this color would be **31.7141, -7.2104, 4.4913**, and the grayscale version is **29.6700, -1.5831, 1.6120**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **47.8356, 4.2669, -0.7242**, and **13.8933, 3.9385, -1.5390** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **26.8835, 8.2293, -2.9507**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **31.5537, 0.5377, 0.6499**.

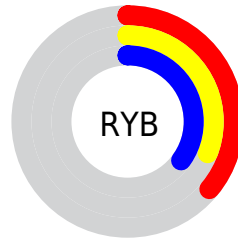
Distribution



Red (36%)

Green (31%)

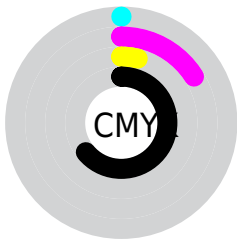
Blue (35%)



Red (36%)

Yellow (31%)

Blue (35%)

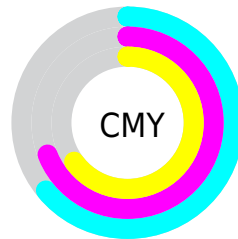


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (16%)

Yellow (4%)

Black (64%)



Cyan (64%)

Magenta (69%)

Yellow (65%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 29.1500, 4.3549, -1.1851 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 29.1500, 4.3549, -1.1851 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 29.1500, 4.3549,
-1.1851

■ 29.1500, 4.3549,
-1.1851

■ 134.0091, 2.4354,
2.8208

■ 21.0118, 4.2268,
-1.3691

■ 47.8835, 4.3428,
-0.6211

■ 13.8141, 3.9841,
-1.4736

■ 58.3482, 4.2290,
-0.2572

■ 7.4388, 4.5409,
-1.8910

■ 69.4806, 4.0542,
0.1547

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 81.2428, 3.8243,
0.6107

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 93.6027, 3.5439,
1.1077

0.0000, NaN, NaN

106.5326, 3.2169,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

1.6431

0.0000, NaN, NaN

120.0085, 2.8465,
2.2148

■ 29.1500, 4.3549,
-1.1851

■ 29.1500, 4.3549,
-1.1851

■ 26.8835, 8.2293,
-2.9507

■ 31.5537, 0.5377,
0.6499

■ 24.7737, 12.1320,
-4.6154

■ 34.0746, -3.2066,
2.5302

■ 22.8466, 16.0027,
-6.1307

■ 36.6986, -6.8767,
4.4417

■ 21.1308, 19.7418,
-7.4316

■ 39.4136, -10.4761,
6.3751

■ 19.6565, 23.2010,
-8.4364

■ 42.2094, -14.0111,
8.3243

■ 18.4520, 26.1875,
-9.0558

■ 45.0778, -17.4894,
10.2857

■ 17.5377, 28.4933,
-9.2128

■ 48.0117, -20.9188,
12.2571

■ 16.8435, 30.2145,
-9.0016

■ 51.0054, -24.3065,
14.2371

■ 16.5740, 30.9161,
-8.9229

■ 54.0539, -27.6592,
16.2251

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



29.1506, 2.0653, -3.8660



29.1500, 4.3549, -1.1851



29.1506, 5.0341, 1.9991

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



29.1506, 4.3541, -1.1846



29.1506, -1.9924, 6.9799



29.1506, -6.6265, -1.9827

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



29.1500, 4.3549, -1.1851



31.7141, -7.2104, 4.4913

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



29.1506, -7.6099, 1.1683



29.1500, 4.3549, -1.1851



29.1506, -5.0106, 6.1548

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



29.1506, 4.3541, -1.1846



29.1506, 1.2764, 6.4972



29.1506, -7.0316, 4.1101



29.1506, -4.2861, -4.3616

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



29.1500, 4.3549, -1.1851



29.1506, 4.4595, 3.9283



29.1506, -7.0316, 4.1101



29.1506, -7.1219, -0.9668

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



29.1506, 4.3541, -1.1846



41.5919, 0.2212, 1.0879



28.3432, 1.9168, -4.1650



20.7504, 0.2261, 0.4878



71.2094, -3.7996, 3.8689



21.6712, -1.1563, 1.1774

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



29.1506, 4.3541, -1.1846



37.0892, 7.4362, -2.3580



28.9447, 3.2639, 1.7440



15.4042, 0.7761, 0.0756



19.6921, 36.6951, -10.3117



45.9157, 85.2792, -21.8580

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



29.1506, 4.3541, -1.1846



37.0892, 7.4362, -2.3580



31.9035, -6.1432, 1.7813



15.4042, 0.7761, 0.0756



19.6921, 36.6951, -10.3117



45.9157, 85.2792, -21.8580

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 29.1500, 4.3549, -1.1851 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 29.1500, 4.3549, -1.1851 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

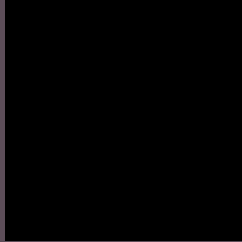
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 29.1500, 4.3549, -1.1851 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 29.1500, 4.3549, -1.1851.



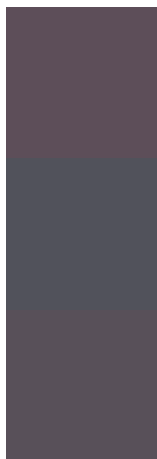
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 29.1500, 4.3549, -1.1851.

-1.1851.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

29.1500, 4.3549, -1.1851

Protanopia

29.2220, -0.4450, -2.0829

Deuteranopia

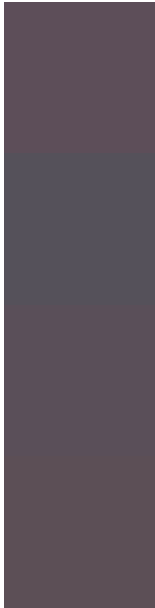
29.2118, 2.0187, -1.1472



Tritanopia

29.1944, 3.0160, 0.5883

Trichromacy



Original Color

29.1500, 4.3549, -1.1851

Protanomaly

29.2478, 0.9008, -1.5703

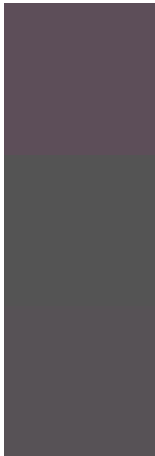
Deuteranomaly

29.1323, 3.0337, -1.2308

Tritanomaly

29.2218, 3.1617, 0.1985

Monochromacy



Original Color

29.1500, 4.3549, -1.1851

Achromatopsia

29.7751, -1.5887, 1.6177

Achromatomaly

29.5512, 0.3987, 0.5522

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 29.1500, 4.3549, -1.1851 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(93, 78, 89)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(93, 78, 89)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(93, 78, 89) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(93, 78, 89) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 29.1500, 4.3549, -1.1851 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(93, 78, 89) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(93, 78, 89) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(93, 78, 89) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(93, 78, 89); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(93, 78, 89);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(93, 78, 89)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 29.1500, 4.3549, -1.1851 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(93, 78, 89) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(93, 78,  
89) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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