

Converting Colors

HunterLab(29.2118, 1.2118,
1.7726)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(29.2118, 1.2118, 1.7726)
contains.

HunterLab(29.1039, 1.2708, 1.6938)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**HunterLab(29.1039, 1.2708,
1.6938)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	595052
RGB	89, 80, 82
RGB Percent	35%, 31%, 32%
CMY	0.6510, 0.6863, 0.6784
CMYK	0.00, 0.10, 0.08, 0.65
HSL	347°, 5%, 33%
HSV	347°, 10%, 35%
XYZ	8.5115, 8.4704, 9.1690
YIQ	82.9190, 4.7220, 2.5300

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

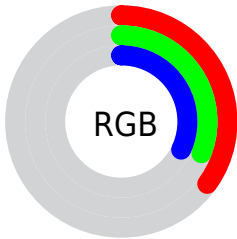
Format	Color
RYB	89, 80, 82
Decimal	5853266
CIELab	34.94, 4.11, 0.17
CIElCh	35, 4.113, 2.394
Yxy	8.4707, 0.3255, 0.3239
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284043346 (0xFF595052)
YUV	82.9190, -0.4531, 5.3330
Hunter-Lab	29.1039, 1.2708, 1.6938

Details

The HunterLab color $[29.1039, 1.2708, 1.6938]$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 666666 . A complement of this color would be $[30.8846, -4.3363, 1.6443]$, and the grayscale version is $[29.3824, -1.5678, 1.5964]$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $[47.7788, 0.7991, 2.8090]$, and $[13.8164, 1.1573, 1.0229]$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $[26.7440, 4.2722, 1.7663]$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $[31.5791, -1.6546, 1.7166]$.

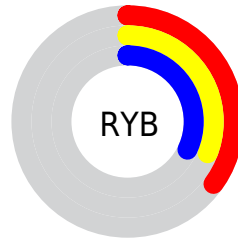
Distribution



Red (35%)

Green (31%)

Blue (32%)



Red (35%)

Yellow (31%)

Blue (32%)

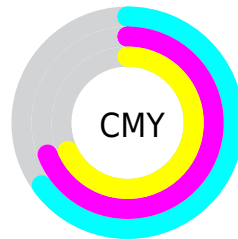


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (10%)

Yellow (8%)

Black (65%)



Cyan (65%)

Magenta (69%)

Yellow (68%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 29.1039, 1.2708, 1.6938 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 29.1039, 1.2708, 1.6938 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 29.1039, 1.2708,
1.6938

■ 29.1039, 1.2708,
1.6938

■ 133.9325, -2.5110,
7.4736

■ 20.9705, 1.4236,
1.2401

■ 47.8291, 0.7611,
2.7334

■ 13.7782, 1.4920,
0.8356

■ 58.2901, 0.4225,
3.3117

■ 7.3987, 2.0252,
0.4990

■ 69.4190, 0.0353,
3.9258

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 81.1779, -0.3964,
4.5738

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 93.5346, -0.8694,
5.2539

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

106.4616, -1.3809,

5.9647

0.0000, NaN, NaN

119.9346, -1.9288,
6.7050

■ 29.1039, 1.2708,
1.6938

■ 29.1039, 1.2708,
1.6938

■ 26.7440, 4.2722,
1.7663

■ 31.5791, -1.6546,
1.7166

■ 24.5161, 7.3469,
1.9499

■ 34.1527, -4.5049,
1.8181

■ 22.4435, 10.4742,
2.2640

■ 36.8131, -7.2877,
1.9865

■ 20.5538, 13.6083,
2.7267

■ 39.5504, -10.0114,
2.2115

■ 18.8787, 16.6646,
3.3508

■ 42.3567, -12.6845,
2.4846

■ 17.4527, 19.5080,
4.1359

■ 45.2251, -15.3149,
2.7990

■ 16.3086, 21.9548,
5.0585

■ 48.1501, -17.9099,
3.1491

■ 15.4671, 23.8130,
6.0623

■ 51.1270, -20.4756,
3.5303

■ 14.7430, 25.5847,
6.9147

■ 54.1519, -23.0175,
3.9389

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



29.1045, 0.9454, 0.3344



29.1039, 1.2708, 1.6938



29.1045, 0.8257, 2.9632

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



29.1045, 1.2700, 1.6943



29.1045, -3.0262, 3.7260



29.1045, -2.8291, -0.8532

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



29.1039, 1.2708, 1.6938



30.8846, -4.3363, 1.6443

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



29.1045, -3.8606, 0.1344



29.1039, 1.2708, 1.6938



29.1045, -3.9728, 2.7810

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



29.1045, 1.2700, 1.6943



29.1045, -1.6703, 4.1000



29.1045, -4.2752, 1.4738



29.1045, -1.4385, -1.1783

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



29.1039, 1.2708, 1.6938



29.1045, 0.1581, 3.5987



29.1045, -4.2752, 1.4738



29.1045, -3.2284, -0.5854

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



29.1045, 1.2700, 1.6943



40.2933, -1.0324, 2.2231



29.1211, 1.7110, -1.2684



20.1760, -0.3966, 1.1174



70.1359, -3.7423, 3.8106



20.7927, -1.1094, 1.1297

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



29.1045, 1.2700, 1.6943



37.3251, 2.5408, 2.2241



29.6622, -0.0622, 3.1057



14.5817, 0.4292, 0.8382



17.8803, 30.9844, 8.7335



42.2410, 72.9280, 22.7287

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



29.1045, 1.2700, 1.6943



37.3251, 2.5408, 2.2241



30.2966, -3.0119, 0.1198



14.5817, 0.4292, 0.8382



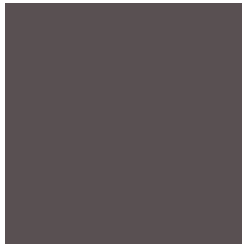
17.8803, 30.9844, 8.7335



42.2410, 72.9280, 22.7287

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 29.1039, 1.2708, 1.6938 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

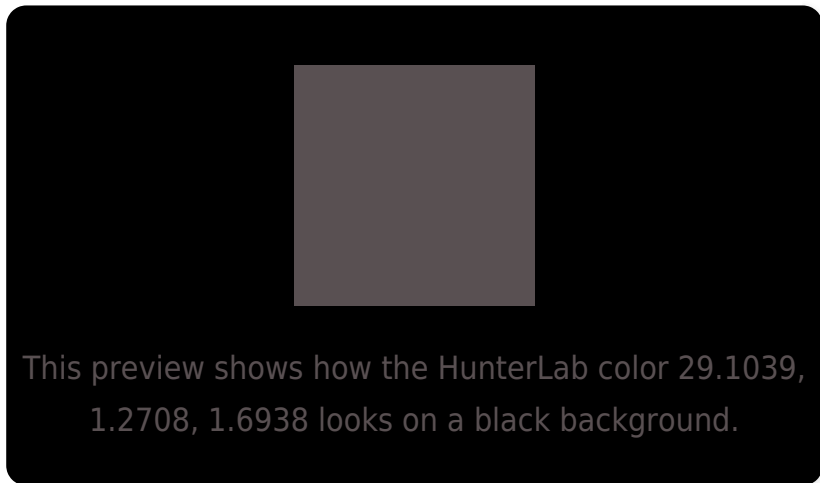
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

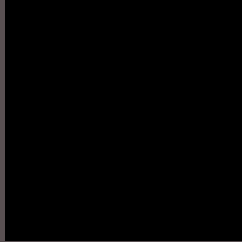
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 29.1039, 1.2708, 1.6938 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 29.1039, 1.2708, 1.6938.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 29.1039, 1.2708,

1.6938.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

29.1039, 1.2708, 1.6938

Protanopia

29.1515, -1.1364, 1.2989

Deuteranopia

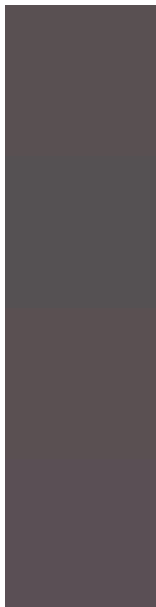
29.1893, 1.5593, 1.7991



Tritanopia

29.0474, 2.5814, -0.0264

Trichromacy



Original Color

29.1039, 1.2708, 1.6938

Protanomaly

29.0529, -0.1543, 1.1987

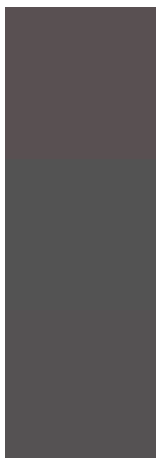
Deuteranomaly

29.1893, 1.5593, 1.7991

Tritanomaly

29.0198, 2.4343, 0.3655

Monochromacy



Original Color

29.1039, 1.2708, 1.6938

Achromatopsia

29.4110, -1.5693, 1.5980

Achromatomaly

29.3094, -0.5910, 1.4953

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 29.1039, 1.2708, 1.6938 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(89, 80, 82)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(89, 80, 82)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(89, 80, 82) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(89, 80, 82) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 29.1039, 1.2708, 1.6938 is called "border".

The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(89, 80, 82) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(89, 80, 82) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(89, 80, 82)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(89, 80, 82); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(89, 80, 82);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(89, 80, 82)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 29.1039, 1.2708, 1.6938 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(89, 80, 82) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(89, 80,  
82) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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