

Converting Colors

HunterLab(29.2367, -1.8600,
-32.5282)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(29.2367, -1.8600,
-32.5282) contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(29.2387, -1.9535,
-32.3288)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	00568C
RGB	0, 86, 140
RGB Percent	0%, 34%, 55%
CMY	0.9999, 0.6627, 0.4510
CMYK	1.00, 0.39, 0.00, 0.45
HSL	203°, 100%, 27%
HSV	203°, 100%, 55%
XYZ	8.0614, 8.5490, 26.0361
YIQ	66.4420, -68.5900, -1.4380

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

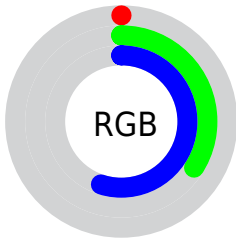
Format	Color
R_{YB}	0, 53, 140
Decimal	22156
CIE _{Lab}	35.10, -0.58, -36.03
CIE _{LCh}	35, 36.036, 269.077
Yxy	8.5493, 0.1890, 0.2005
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278212236 (0xFF00568C)
YUV	66.4420, 36.2641, -58.2696
Hunter-Lab	29.2387, -1.9535, -32.3288

Details

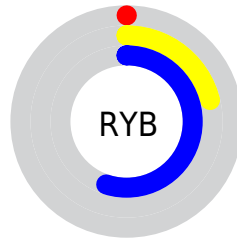
The HunterLab color **29.2387, -1.9535, -32.3288** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **336699**. A complement of this color would be **28.6630, 25.4138, 18.1057**, and the grayscale version is **23.3923, -1.2482, 1.2709**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **47.8837, -2.8668, -33.7414**, and **15.4182, 3.4796, -26.7827** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **29.2368, -1.9502, -32.3335**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **30.8836, -3.8169, -28.6685**.

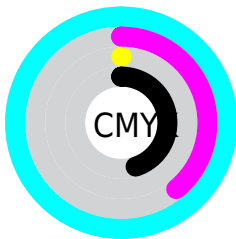
Distribution



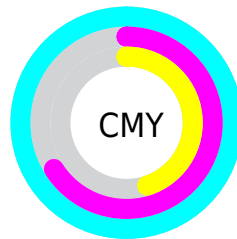
- Red (0%)
- Green (34%)
- Blue (55%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (21%)
- Blue (55%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (39%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (45%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (66%)
- Yellow (45%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 29.2387, -1.9535, -32.3288 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 29.2387, -1.9535, -32.3288 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 29.2387, -1.9535,
-32.3288

■ 29.2387, -1.9535,
-32.3288

■ 134.1563, -7.8166,
-37.1597

■ 21.0912, -1.4771,
-31.9707

■ 47.9879, -3.0249,
-33.5199

■ 13.8831, -1.0462,
-32.1695

■ 58.4598, -3.6158,
-34.1555

■ 7.5152, -0.7380,
-35.5122

■ 69.5988, -4.2403,
-34.7676

0.0000, NaN, -NF

0.0000, NaN, -NF

■ 81.3673, -4.8969,
-35.3415

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 93.7332, -5.5841,
-35.8700

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 106.6689, -6.3005,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

-36.3497

0.0000, NaN, NaN

120.1503, -7.0450,
-36.7796

■ 29.2387, -1.9535,
-32.3288

■ 29.2387, -1.9535,
-32.3288

■ 29.2368, -1.9502,
-32.3335

■ 30.8836, -3.8169,
-28.6685

■ 32.6397, -5.3325,
-25.0503

■ 34.5381, -6.3788,
-21.4216

■ 36.5739, -6.9679,
-17.8066

■ 38.7396, -7.1270,
-14.2264

■ 41.0265, -6.8909,
-10.6965

■ 43.4257, -6.2972,
-7.2266

■ 45.9288, -5.3831,
-3.8221

■ 48.5275, -4.1835,
-0.4845

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



29.2392, -13.0511, -26.0641



29.2387, -1.9535, -32.3288



29.2392, 11.2365, -26.7484

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



29.2392, -1.9529, -32.3281



29.2392, 22.9048, 10.7583



29.2392, -19.6541, 11.1674

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



29.2387, -1.9535, -32.3288



28.6630, 25.4138, 18.1057

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



29.2392, -12.4783, 15.4601



29.2387, -1.9535, -32.3288



29.2392, 12.0316, 15.3044

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



29.2392, -1.9529, -32.3281



29.2392, 26.9821, 1.2159



29.2392, -1.1684, 16.5701



29.2392, -22.1409, 1.9623

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



29.2387, -1.9535, -32.3288



29.2392, 19.2028, -18.0078



29.2392, -1.1684, 16.5701



29.2392, -17.7780, 13.0614

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



29.2392, -1.9529, -32.3281



57.4502, -8.4258, -9.8908



43.6116, -35.2406, 21.5652



27.0015, -4.2056, -5.5679



84.2951, -4.4978, 4.5799



32.6403, -1.7416, 1.7734

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



29.2392, -1.9529, -32.3281



38.4088, -1.9074, -43.8901



15.0820, 31.8889, -87.6854



23.1732, -1.9346, -0.0976



27.6297, -1.9541, -30.3163



2.8139, -0.9949, -1.3693

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



24.9956, 45.4893, -4.6853



33.1392, 60.2288, -5.5389



44.6185, -6.1451, 27.3854



22.5761, 1.2379, 0.3178



23.5688, 42.9114, -4.5309



1.9944, 3.7596, -1.3795

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 29.2387, -1.9535, -32.3288 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 29.2387, -1.9535, -32.3288 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

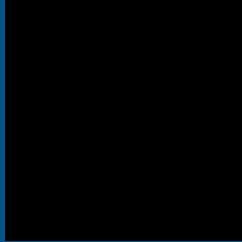
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 29.2387, -1.9535, -32.3288 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 29.2387, -1.9535, -32.3288.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 29.2387, -1.9535,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

29.2387, -1.9535, -32.3288

Protanopia

29.3704, 4.7586, -28.0907

Deuteranopia

29.2934, 2.4536, -32.9102



Tritanopia

29.2167, -14.2780, -5.6962

Trichromacy



Original Color

29.2387, -1.9535, -32.3288

Protanomaly

29.0241, 1.1470, -30.4418

Deuteranomaly

29.1262, 0.5334, -33.3396

Tritanomaly

29.1626, -10.4117, -13.9748

Monochromacy



Original Color

29.2387, -1.9535, -32.3288

Achromatopsia

23.3410, -1.2454, 1.2682

Achromatomaly

24.5920, -4.4704, -9.8924

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 29.2387, -1.9535, -32.3288 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 86, 140)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 86, 140)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 86, 140) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 86, 140) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 29.2387, -1.9535, -32.3288 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 86, 140) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 86, 140) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(0, 86, 140)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 86, 140); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 86, 140);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 86, 140)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 29.2387, -1.9535, -32.3288 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 86, 140) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 86,  
140) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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