

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(29.2382, 32.1120,  
-63.6153)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(29.2382, 32.1120,  
-63.6153) contains.

<b>HunterLab(29.2421, 32.2593, -63.6489)</b> .....	3
<i><b>Conversions</b></i> .....	4
<i><b>Details</b></i> .....	6
<i><b>Harmonies</b></i> .....	12
<i><b>Previews</b></i> .....	24
<i><b>Color Blindness Simulation</b></i> .....	28
<i><b>CSS Examples</b></i> .....	31

# Color

**HunterLab(29.2421, 32.2593,  
-63.6489)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	5B3CAF
RGB	91, 60, 175
RGB Percent	36%, 24%, 69%
CMY	0.6431, 0.7647, 0.3137
CMYK	0.48, 0.66, 0.00, 0.31
HSL	256°, 49%, 46%
HSV	256°, 66%, 69%
XYZ	13.6681, 8.5510, 41.4876
YIQ	82.3790, -18.4390, 42.3370

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

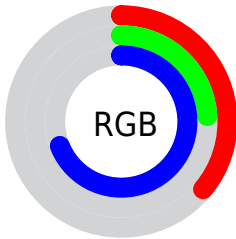
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	91, 60, 175
Decimal	5979311
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	35.11, 41.68, -56.88
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	35, 70.514, 306.229
Yxy	8.5513, 0.2146, 0.1342
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284169391 (0xFF5B3CAF)
YUV	82.3790, 45.6622, 7.5606
Hunter-Lab	29.2421, 32.2593, -63.6489

# Details

The HunterLab color **29.2421, 32.2593, -63.6489** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **663399**. A complement of this color would be **60.7580, -25.1036, 32.8276**, and the grayscale version is **29.0300, -1.5490, 1.5773**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **47.8642, 35.2957, -63.5366**, and **13.8008, 28.7403, -68.7060** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **25.3296, 38.4328, -78.6541**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **33.7690, 26.0655, -49.9444**.

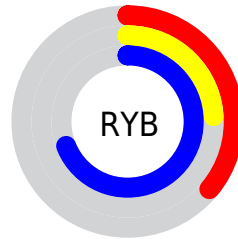
# Distribution



Red (36%)

Green (24%)

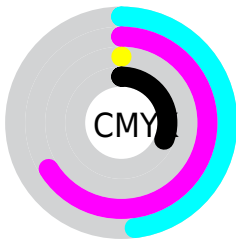
Blue (69%)



Red (36%)

Yellow (24%)

Blue (69%)

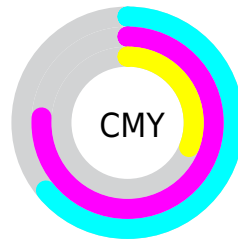


Cyan (48%)

Magenta (66%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (31%)



Cyan (64%)

Magenta (76%)

Yellow (31%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 29.2421, 32.2593, -63.6489 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 29.2421, 32.2593, -63.6489 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



29.2421, 32.2593,  
-63.6489

29.2421, 32.2593,  
-63.6489

134.1619, 42.9030,  
-68.7572

21.0942, 30.5329,  
-64.9963

47.9919, 35.3723,  
-63.6150

13.8858, 28.7625,  
-68.7134

58.4640, 36.7475,  
-64.1493

7.5181, 28.9796,  
-81.8274

69.6034, 38.0101,  
-64.8352

0.0000, INF, -NF

0.0000, NaN, -NF

81.3721, 39.1683,  
-65.5984

0.0000, NaN, -NF

93.7382, 40.2299,  
-66.3947

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

106.6741, 41.2021,

-67.1970

0.0000, NaN, NaN

120.1558, 42.0913,  
-67.9881

■ 29.2421, 32.2593,  
-63.6489

■ 29.2421, 32.2593,  
-63.6489

■ 25.3296, 38.4328,  
-78.6541

■ 33.7690, 26.0655,  
-49.9444

■ 22.2021, 43.9139,  
-93.8585

■ 38.7708, 20.1257,  
-37.7799

■ 20.0140, 47.6483,  
-106.9822

■ 44.1462, 14.5047,  
-27.0138

■ 19.2452, 49.0402,  
-112.2317

■ 49.8228, 9.1800,  
-17.4031

■ 55.7483, 4.1030,  
-8.7106

■ 61.8848, -0.7766,  
-0.7376

■ 68.2037, -5.5030,  
6.6733

■ 74.6832, -10.1124,  
13.6443

■ 81.3065, -14.6337,  
20.2692

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



29.2425, 3.7895, -88.8117



29.2421, 32.2593, -63.6489



29.2425, 56.0612, -23.2034

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



29.2425, 32.2599, -63.6478



29.2425, 20.2270, 20.4698



29.2425, -35.4517, -3.7654

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



29.2421, 32.2593, -63.6489



60.7580, -25.1036, 32.8276

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



29.2425, -33.6381, 14.6010



29.2421, 32.2593, -63.6489



29.2425, -6.5541, 20.4698

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



29.2425, 32.2599, -63.6478



29.2425, 47.6490, 17.7063



29.2425, -24.7291, 19.9530



29.2425, -30.9247, -39.8614



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



29.2421, 32.2593, -63.6489



29.2425, 62.7814, -1.5485



29.2425, -24.7291, 19.9530



29.2425, -35.5344, 4.4183

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



29.2425, 32.2599, -63.6478



70.8955, 8.6009, -16.9103



49.0954, -14.5638, -18.9820



32.3973, 4.9407, -9.4960



94.3401, -5.0338, 5.1257



41.3092, -2.2042, 2.2444



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



29.2425, 32.2599, -63.6478



31.8056, 55.0392, -114.8429



35.5506, 46.2243, -44.9253



28.0317, 0.4474, -1.6550



16.3675, 41.5718, -94.3979



3.1873, 7.3929, -12.9368



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



37.8937, 48.2890, -17.0869



46.5274, 75.1178, -24.1010



57.4496, -38.2070, 30.3193



28.4792, 1.8295, -0.0363



27.6590, 51.4283, -13.6110

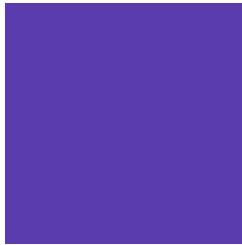


4.7043, 8.9008, -3.5072



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 29.2421, 32.2593, -63.6489 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass



# Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 29.2421, 32.2593, -63.6489 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

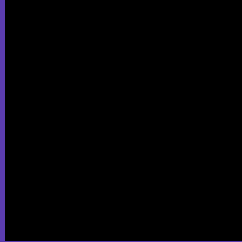
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# HunterLab 29.2421, 32.2593, -63.6489 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 29.2421, 32.2593, -63.6489.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 29.2421, 32.2593, -63.6489.



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

29.2421, 32.2593, -63.6489

### Protanopia

29.3290, 9.7187, -57.6386

### Deuteranopia

29.2785, 0.1986, -37.0243



## Tritanopia

29.1524, -4.7015, -2.7113

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

29.2421, 32.2593, -63.6489

## Protanomaly

28.3350, 15.6808, -62.8844

## Deuteranomaly

28.1541, 9.6771, -49.6571

## Tritanomaly

28.4790, 7.0593, -20.6602

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

29.2421, 32.2593, -63.6489

## Achromatopsia

29.0476, -1.5499, 1.5782

## Achromatomaly

28.4426, 8.8884, -16.7612

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 29.2421, 32.2593, -63.6489 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(91, 60, 175)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(91, 60, 175)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(91, 60, 175) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(91, 60, 175) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 29.2421, 32.2593, -63.6489 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(91, 60, 175) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(91, 60, 175) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(91, 60, 175) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(91, 60, 175); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(91, 60, 175);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(91, 60,  
175) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 29.2421, 32.2593, -63.6489 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(91, 60, 175) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(91, 60,  
175) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

**[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)**

**Follow me  
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor