

Converting Colors

HunterLab(29.2569, 5.4813,
-42.9500)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(29.2569, 5.4813,
-42.9500) contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(29.3697, 5.3208,
-42.6483)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

| Format | Color |
|---------------|----------------------------|
| Hex | 1F5299 |
| RGB | 31, 82, 153 |
| RGB Percent | 12%, 32%, 60% |
| CMY | 0.8784, 0.6784, 0.4000 |
| CMYK | 0.80, 0.46, 0.00, 0.40 |
| HSL | 215°, 66%, 36% |
| HSV | 215°, 80%, 60% |
| XYZ | 9.3321, 8.6258, 31.3101 |
| YIQ | 74.8450, -53.1870, 11.2690 |

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

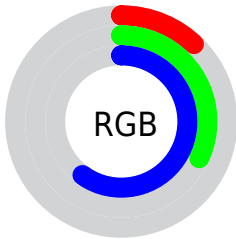
| Format | Color |
|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------|
| R_{YB} | 31, 67, 153 |
| Decimal | 2052761 |
| CIE _{Lab} | 35.25, 9.75, -43.64 |
| CIE _{LCh} | 35, 44.716, 282.590 |
| Yxy | 8.6260, 0.1894, 0.1751 |
| Android (android.graphics.Color) | 4280242841 (0xFF1F5299) |
| YUV | 74.8450, 38.5304, -38.4521 |
| Hunter-Lab | 29.3697, 5.3208, -42.6483 |

Details

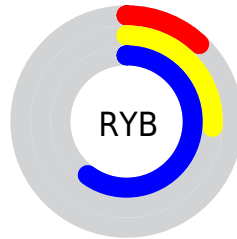
The HunterLab color $[29.3697, 5.3208, -42.6483]$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 336699 . A complement of this color would be $[40.4672, 9.1830, 23.1962]$, and the grayscale version is $[26.3515, -1.4061, 1.4317]$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $[48.1867, 5.3954, -43.6380]$, and $[15.2506, 8.9173, -38.3117]$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $[26.8053, 8.6773, -49.9906]$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $[32.1776, 2.6215, -35.6568]$.

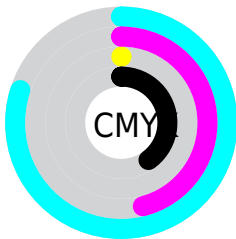
Distribution



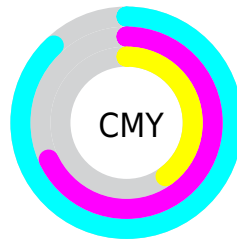
- Red (12%)
- Green (32%)
- Blue (60%)



- Red (12%)
- Yellow (26%)
- Blue (60%)



- Cyan (80%)
- Magenta (46%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (40%)



- Cyan (88%)
- Magenta (68%)
- Yellow (40%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 29.3697, 5.3208, -42.6483 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 29.3697, 5.3208, -42.6483 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 29.3697, 5.3208,
-42.6483

■ 29.3697, 5.3208,
-42.6483

■ 134.3738, 3.9475,
-48.1741

■ 21.2087, 5.1142,
-42.6719

■ 48.1424, 5.4540,
-43.6586

■ 13.9854, 4.7846,
-43.7346

■ 58.6247, 5.4057,
-44.3390

■ 7.6267, 5.1613,
-49.4169

■ 69.7737, 5.2930,
-45.0415

0.0000, NaN, -NF

0.0000, NaN, -NF

■ 81.5515, 5.1223,
-45.7351

0.0000, NaN, -NF

■ 93.9263, 4.8986,
-46.4029

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 106.8705, 4.6260,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

-47.0352

0.0000, NaN, NaN

120.3600, 4.3080,
-47.6265

■ 29.3697, 5.3208,
-42.6483

■ 29.3697, 5.3208,
-42.6483

■ 26.8053, 8.6773,
-49.9906

■ 32.1776, 2.6215,
-35.6568

■ 24.4764, 12.5847,
-57.6998

■ 35.1986, 0.5299,
-29.0658

■ 24.4159, 12.6919,
-57.9160

■ 38.4064, -1.0220,
-22.8764

■ 41.7774, -2.1070,
-17.0641

■ 45.2920, -2.7926,
-11.5916

■ 48.9335, -3.1383,
-6.4179

■ 52.6882, -3.1946,
-1.5031

■ 56.5446, -3.0035,
3.1895

■ 60.4931, -2.6001,
7.6923

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



29.3701, -10.0847, -41.2595



29.3697, 5.3208, -42.6483



29.3701, 21.8402, -28.4658

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



29.3701, 5.3215, -42.6475



29.3701, 24.1912, 15.1683



29.3701, -25.2224, 8.9727

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



29.3697, 5.3208, -42.6483



40.4672, 9.1830, 23.1962

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



29.3701, -19.3681, 15.8751



29.3697, 5.3208, -42.6483



29.3701, 8.0439, 17.9364

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



29.3701, 5.3215, -42.6475



29.3701, 34.1778, 7.2058



29.3701, -7.8770, 18.1004



29.3701, -25.6489, -5.3923

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



29.3697, 5.3208, -42.6483



29.3701, 30.4065, -14.9779



29.3701, -7.8770, 18.1004



29.3701, -23.8915, 12.0020

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



29.3701, 5.3215, -42.6475



63.1538, -4.0326, -11.8255



48.9866, -33.7520, 14.9596



28.9304, -1.8152, -6.6288



87.6224, -4.6753, 4.7607



35.4919, -1.8938, 1.9283

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



29.3701, 5.3215, -42.6475



33.3343, 15.9236, -75.1781



19.2731, 31.8642, -80.2774



25.3563, -1.5298, -0.6042



22.3386, 11.2224, -52.1472



3.7962, -0.5828, -3.4868

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



28.9172, 42.9141, 2.2026



36.0581, 62.4630, 8.2140



53.7488, -16.7058, 31.3966



25.0267, 1.2123, 0.8988



24.3086, 42.9121, 5.7626



3.0880, 5.6665, -0.9363

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 29.3697, 5.3208, -42.6483 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 29.3697, 5.3208, -42.6483 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

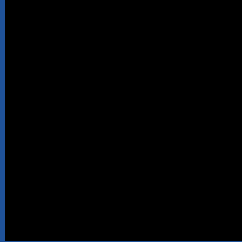
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 29.3697, 5.3208, -42.6483 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 29.3697, 5.3208, -42.6483.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 29.3697, 5.3208, -42.6483.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

29.3697, 5.3208, -42.6483

Protanopia

29.2849, 7.4302, -41.1012

Deuteranopia

29.1729, 1.5385, -39.7847



Tritanopia

29.2167, -14.2780, -5.6962

Trichromacy



Original Color

29.3697, 5.3208, -42.6483

Protanomaly

29.3654, 6.5052, -41.7685

Deuteranomaly

29.0855, 2.7156, -40.8485

Tritanomaly

28.9112, -8.0075, -17.4743

Monochromacy



Original Color

29.3697, 5.3208, -42.6483

Achromatopsia

26.5255, -1.4153, 1.4412

Achromatomaly

27.1254, -1.5621, -11.3606

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 29.3697, 5.3208, -42.6483 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(31, 82, 153)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(31, 82, 153)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(31, 82, 153) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(31, 82, 153) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 29.3697, 5.3208, -42.6483 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(31, 82, 153) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(31, 82, 153) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(31, 82, 153)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(31, 82, 153); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(31, 82, 153);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(31, 82,  
153) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 29.3697, 5.3208, -42.6483 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(31, 82, 153) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(31, 82,  
153) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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