

Converting Colors

HunterLab(29.3182, -3.1352,
-16.8878)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(29.3182, -3.1352,
-16.8878) contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(29.3968, -3.3946,
-16.5138)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	325676
RGB	50, 86, 118
RGB Percent	20%, 34%, 46%
CMY	0.8039, 0.6627, 0.5373
CMYK	0.58, 0.27, 0.00, 0.54
HSL	208°, 40%, 33%
HSV	208°, 58%, 46%
XYZ	7.9132, 8.6417, 18.3905
YIQ	78.8840, -31.7280, 2.3200

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

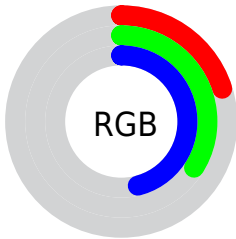
Format	Color
RYB	50, 74, 118
Decimal	3298934
CIELab	35.29, -2.73, -22.13
CIElCh	35, 22.298, 262.970
Yxy	8.6420, 0.2264, 0.2473
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4281489014 (0xFF325676)
YUV	78.8840, 19.2842, -25.3313
Hunter-Lab	29.3968, -3.3946, -16.5138

Details

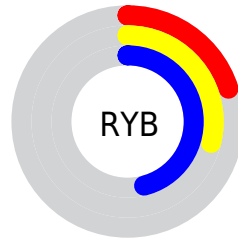
The HunterLab color $29.3968, -3.3946, -16.5138$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 336699 . A complement of this color would be $31.8071, 6.4316, 14.0862$, and the grayscale version is $27.8618, -1.4866, 1.5138$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $48.3067, -4.9458, -16.9972$, and $14.1970, -1.3693, -14.7890$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $27.4357, -2.6094, -20.1798$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $31.4693, -3.8341, -12.9682$.

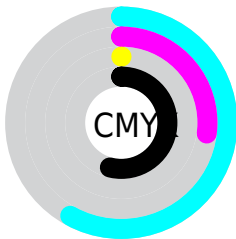
Distribution



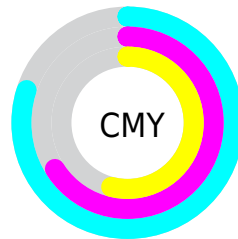
- Red (20%)
- Green (34%)
- Blue (46%)



- Red (20%)
- Yellow (29%)
- Blue (46%)



- Cyan (58%)
- Magenta (27%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (54%)



- Cyan (80%)
- Magenta (66%)
- Yellow (54%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 29.3968, -3.3946, -16.5138 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 29.3968, -3.3946, -16.5138 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 29.3968, -3.3946,
-16.5138

■ 29.3968, -3.3946,
-16.5138

■ 134.4189,
-10.2316, -18.5480

■ 21.2331, -2.7661,
-16.0160

■ 48.1745, -4.7315,
-17.3840

■ 14.0066, -2.1618,
-15.5577

■ 58.6590, -5.4404,
-17.7283

■ 7.6496, -1.9631,
-16.1244

■ 69.8100, -6.1759,
-18.0094

0.0000, NaN, -NF

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 81.5897, -6.9374,
-18.2289

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 93.9663, -7.7243,
-18.3897

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 106.9123, -8.5361,

-18.4946

0.0000, NaN, NaN

120.4036, -9.3720,
-18.5464

■ 29.3968, -3.3946,
-16.5138

■ 29.3968, -3.3946,
-16.5138

■ 27.4357, -2.6094,
-20.1798

■ 31.4693, -3.8341,
-12.9682

■ 25.5948, -1.4442,
-23.9578

■ 33.6414, -3.9648,
-9.5469

■ 23.8846, 0.1270,
-27.8270

■ 35.9046, -3.8227,
-6.2459

■ 22.2916, 2.0414,
-31.8155

■ 38.2503, -3.4407,
-3.0580

■ 21.9194, 2.5078,
-32.8109

■ 40.6713, -2.8482,
0.0256

■ 43.1610, -2.0709,
3.0146

■ 45.7138, -1.1311,
5.9188

■ 48.3245, -0.0477,
8.7476

■ 50.9890, 1.1627,
11.5094

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



29.3973, -10.1185, -12.3240



29.3968, -3.3946, -16.5138



29.3973, 4.5548, -14.9255

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



29.3973, -3.3946, -16.5132



29.3973, 13.6565, 6.6699



29.3973, -12.6749, 9.0000

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



29.3968, -3.3946, -16.5138



31.8071, 6.4316, 14.0862

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



29.3973, -7.2313, 11.9875



29.3968, -3.3946, -16.5138



29.3973, 8.0825, 10.9094

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



29.3973, -3.3946, -16.5132



29.3973, 14.9589, -0.2117



29.3973, 0.2999, 12.5808



29.3973, -15.0999, 3.3036

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



29.3968, -3.3946, -16.5138



29.3973, 9.4409, -10.9629



29.3973, 0.2999, 12.5808



29.3973, -11.1666, 10.2864

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



29.3973, -3.3946, -16.5132



50.7840, -4.5493, -3.9715



37.7364, -22.0149, 10.4083



24.1257, -2.2268, -2.2012



77.7063, -4.1462, 4.2219



27.0627, -1.4440, 1.4704

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



29.3973, -3.3946, -16.5132



35.6070, -3.0378, -28.2940



21.1338, 12.2207, -34.8482



19.7000, -1.4378, -0.1963



22.7434, 2.7098, -34.2769



48.4554, 9.2553, -80.5447

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



26.0864, 24.7720, -3.5029



31.3458, 39.8731, -4.4174



40.6343, -8.4599, 20.4869



19.3138, 0.9270, 0.4752



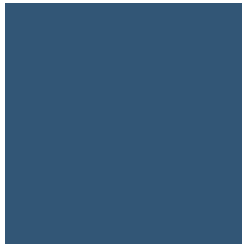
21.3217, 38.2931, -0.0130



46.8824, 83.8584, 2.6144

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 29.3968, -3.3946, -16.5138 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 29.3968, -3.3946, -16.5138 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

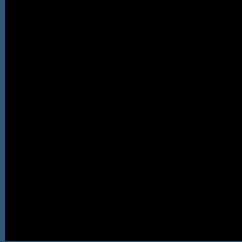
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

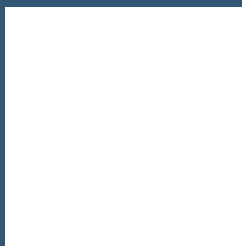
Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 29.3968, -3.3946, -16.5138 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 29.3968, -3.3946, -16.5138.

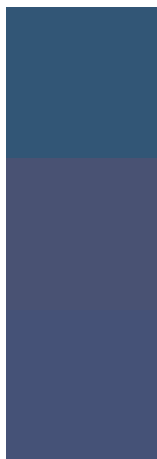


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 29.3968, -3.3946, -16.5138.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

29.3968, -3.3946, -16.5138

Protanopia

29.4769, 2.0648, -14.4247

Deuteranopia

29.3798, 2.0587, -17.0809



Tritanopia

29.4055, -10.6169, -4.8691

Trichromacy



Original Color

29.3968, -3.3946, -16.5138

Protanomaly

29.2768, 0.1365, -15.4191

Deuteranomaly

29.2277, 0.2112, -17.3903

Tritanomaly

29.4960, -8.2827, -8.8339

Monochromacy



Original Color

29.3968, -3.3946, -16.5138

Achromatopsia

27.9620, -1.4920, 1.5192

Achromatomaly

28.3793, -3.2641, -4.2055

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 29.3968, -3.3946, -16.5138 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(50, 86, 118)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(50, 86, 118)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(50, 86, 118) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(50, 86, 118) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 29.3968, -3.3946, -16.5138 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(50, 86, 118) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(50, 86, 118) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(50, 86, 118)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(50, 86, 118); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(50, 86, 118);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(50, 86,  
118) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 29.3968, -3.3946, -16.5138 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(50, 86, 118) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(50, 86,  
118) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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