

Converting Colors

HunterLab(29.3863, 49.7563,
2.0561)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(29.3863, 49.7563,
2.0561) contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(29.3863, 49.7563,
2.0561)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	A20E54
RGB	162, 14, 84
RGB Percent	64%, 5%, 33%
CMY	0.3647, 0.9450, 0.6706
CMYK	0.00, 0.91, 0.48, 0.36
HSL	332°, 84%, 35%
HSV	332°, 91%, 64%
XYZ	16.6576, 8.6355, 9.1764
YIQ	66.2320, 65.7380, 53.1460

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

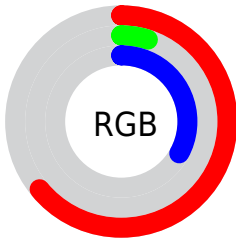
Format	Color
R_{YB}	162, 14, 84
Decimal	10620500
CIE Lab	35.27, 58.80, 0.72
CIE LCh	35, 58.806, 0.698
Yxy	8.6361, 0.4832, 0.2505
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288810580 (0xFFA20E54)
YUV	66.2320, 8.7596, 83.9885
Hunter-Lab	29.3863, 49.7563, 2.0561

Details

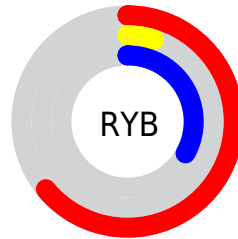
The HunterLab color **29.3863, 49.7563, 2.0561** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **993366**. A complement of this color would be **51.6790, -38.5095, 19.5488**, and the grayscale version is **23.3800, -1.2475, 1.2703**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **48.2262, 53.9411, 3.3800**, and **17.5771, 30.9346, 4.8979** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **28.6561, 50.9250, 4.1710**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **30.6647, 47.1893, -0.0953**.

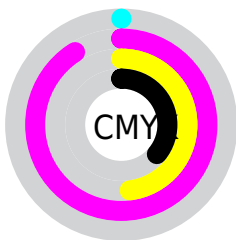
Distribution



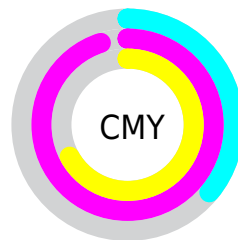
- Red (64%)
- Green (5%)
- Blue (33%)



- Red (64%)
- Yellow (5%)
- Blue (33%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (91%)
- Yellow (48%)
- Black (36%)



- Cyan (36%)
- Magenta (95%)
- Yellow (67%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 29.3863, 49.7563, 2.0561 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 29.3863, 49.7563, 2.0561 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 29.3863, 49.7563,
2.0561

■ 29.3863, 49.7563,
2.0561

■ 134.4021, 65.4626,
8.0790

■ 21.2240, 47.6726,
1.5648

■ 48.1625, 53.9006,
3.1621

■ 13.9987, 45.8608,
1.1173

■ 58.6462, 55.8511,
3.7698

■ 7.6410, 47.1790,
0.8044

■ 69.7964, 57.6993,
4.4116

0.0000, INF, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 81.5754, 59.4441,
5.0857

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 93.9513, 61.0883,
5.7907

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 106.8966, 62.6362,

6.5254

0.0000, NaN, NaN

120.3873, 64.0927,
7.2884

■ 29.3863, 49.7563,
2.0561

■ 29.3863, 49.7563,
2.0561

■ 28.6561, 50.9250,
4.1710

■ 30.6647, 47.1893,
-0.0953

■ 32.5720, 42.9926,
-1.6241

■ 35.0882, 37.5434,
-2.4640

■ 38.1562, 31.2919,
-2.6487

■ 41.7056, 24.6209,
-2.2666

■ 45.6662, 17.7976,
-1.4213

■ 49.9753, 10.9831,
-0.2087

■ 54.5801, 4.2619,
1.2920

■ 59.4375, -2.3303,
3.0188

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



29.3872, 41.8129, -23.6163



29.3863, 49.7563, 2.0561



29.3872, 41.0791, 15.1067

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



29.3872, 49.7532, 2.0570



29.3872, -19.2523, 19.1250



29.3872, -18.6213, -54.2707

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



29.3863, 49.7563, 2.0561



51.6790, -38.5095, 19.5488

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



29.3872, -28.5587, -25.0344



29.3863, 49.7563, 2.0561



29.3872, -28.8458, 14.7509

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



29.3872, 49.7532, 2.0570



29.3872, -2.0527, 20.2867



29.3872, -31.7163, 1.1348



29.3872, -1.0833, -67.0203

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



29.3863, 49.7563, 2.0561



29.3872, 28.1267, 18.4032



29.3872, -31.7163, 1.1348



29.3872, -22.7685, -45.3640

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



29.3872, 49.7532, 2.0570



63.7033, 20.4524, -1.3411



22.6292, 46.7077, -74.7981



29.3196, 11.1018, -0.8670



90.9709, -4.8540, 4.9426



38.3822, -2.0480, 2.0854

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



29.3872, 49.7532, 2.0570



38.5577, 68.4220, 6.3821



28.4574, 45.3676, 17.4625



26.7191, 1.3865, 0.7854



25.4519, 45.2625, 3.4597



3.8165, 7.0206, -1.2912

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



29.3872, 49.7532, 2.0570



38.5577, 68.4220, 6.3821



52.6140, -26.9594, -6.5711



26.7191, 1.3865, 0.7854



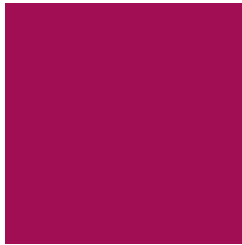
25.4519, 45.2625, 3.4597



3.8165, 7.0206, -1.2912

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 29.3863, 49.7563, 2.0561 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 29.3863, 49.7563, 2.0561 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

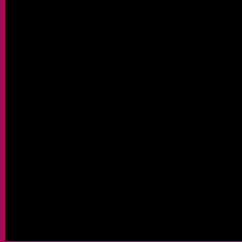
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 29.3863, 49.7563, 2.0561 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 29.3863, 49.7563, 2.0561.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 29.3863, 49.7563,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

29.3863, 49.7563, 2.0561

Protanopia

30.2532, 2.4275, -16.1398

Deuteranopia

30.0952, 1.7859, 4.7435



Tritanopia

29.6699, 40.8275, 15.6619

Trichromacy



Original Color

29.3863, 49.7563, 2.0561

Protanomaly

26.9326, 20.2161, -13.6720

Deuteranomaly

27.3834, 21.5460, 0.8183

Tritanomaly

29.3564, 44.2869, 12.0620

Monochromacy



Original Color

29.3863, 49.7563, 2.0561

Achromatopsia

23.3410, -1.2454, 1.2682

Achromatomaly

22.9799, 18.7101, -1.7754

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 29.3863, 49.7563, 2.0561 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(162, 14, 84)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(162, 14, 84)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(162, 14, 84) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(162, 14, 84) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 29.3863, 49.7563, 2.0561 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(162, 14, 84) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(162, 14, 84) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(162, 14, 84)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(162, 14, 84); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(162, 14, 84);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(162, 14,  
84) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 29.3863, 49.7563, 2.0561 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(162, 14, 84) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(162, 14,  
84) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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