

Converting Colors

HunterLab(29.4554, -2.1332,
-1.0221)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(29.4554, -2.1332,
-1.0221) contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(29.5367, -2.1464,
-0.8089)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	4F5459
RGB	79, 84, 89
RGB Percent	31%, 33%, 35%
CMY	0.6902, 0.6706, 0.6510
CMYK	0.11, 0.06, 0.00, 0.65
HSL	210°, 6%, 33%
HSV	210°, 11%, 35%
XYZ	8.1979, 8.7242, 10.7031
YIQ	83.0750, -4.5850, 0.4950

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

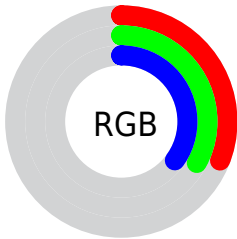
Format	Color
R_{YB}	79, 82, 89
Decimal	5198937
CIE _{Lab}	35.45, -0.84, -3.60
CIE _{LCh}	35, 3.696, 256.815
Yxy	8.7245, 0.2968, 0.3158
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4283389017 (0xFF4F5459)
YUV	83.0750, 2.9210, -3.5738
Hunter-Lab	29.5367, -2.1464, -0.8089

Details

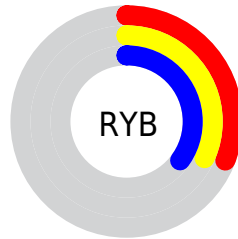
The HunterLab color $[29.5367, -2.1464, -0.8089]$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 666666 . A complement of this color would be $[30.0482, -0.8937, 3.9039]$, and the grayscale version is $[29.4297, -1.5703, 1.5990]$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $[48.1958, -3.0483, -0.4041]$, and $[14.1075, -0.9858, -1.3389]$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $[27.7474, -2.4184, -3.1398]$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $[31.3765, -1.7445, 1.4440]$.

Distribution



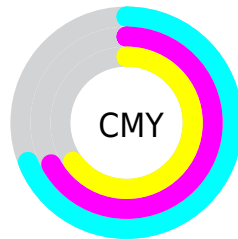
- Red (31%)
- Green (33%)
- Blue (35%)



- Red (31%)
- Yellow (32%)
- Blue (35%)



- Cyan (11%)
- Magenta (6%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (65%)



- Cyan (69%)
- Magenta (67%)
- Yellow (65%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 29.5367, -2.1464, -0.8089 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 29.5367, -2.1464, -0.8089 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 29.5367, -2.1464,
-0.8089

■ 29.5367, -2.1464,
-0.8089

■ 134.6512, -8.1382,
3.4243

■ 21.3587, -1.6514,
-1.0271

■ 48.3395, -3.2535,
-0.1843

■ 14.1160, -1.1980,
-1.1692

■ 58.8352, -3.8598,
0.2071

■ 7.7664, -0.8878,
-1.4980

■ 69.9967, -4.4989,
0.6448

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 81.7864, -5.1693,
1.1255

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 94.1725, -5.8696,
1.6460

0.0000, NaN, NaN

107.1275, -6.5985,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

120.6274, -7.3550,
2.7973

■ 29.5367, -2.1464,
-0.8089

■ 29.5367, -2.1464,
-0.8089

■ 27.7474, -2.4184,
-3.1398

■ 31.3765, -1.7445,
1.4440

■ 26.0116, -2.5404,
-5.5592

■ 33.2609, -1.2269,
3.6260

■ 24.3354, -2.4917,
-8.0753

■ 35.1868, -0.6077,
5.7458

■ 22.7248, -2.2486,
-10.6954

■ 37.1512, 0.1013,
7.8107

■ 21.1869, -1.7850,
-13.4248

■ 39.1513, 0.8902,
9.8275

■ 19.7295, -1.0740,
-16.2642

■ 41.1846, 1.7505,
11.8021

■ 18.3607, -0.0902,
-19.2080

■ 43.2491, 2.6749,
13.7399

■ 17.0859, 1.1767,
-22.2484

■ 45.3428, 3.6572,
15.6456

■ 16.0031, 2.3677,
-25.1138

■ 47.4641, 4.6919,
17.5231

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



29.5373, -3.2729, -0.1836



29.5367, -2.1464, -0.8089



29.5373, -0.8493, -0.7661

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



29.5373, -2.1470, -0.8084



29.5373, 0.8594, 2.2891



29.5373, -3.3825, 3.1930

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



29.5367, -2.1464, -0.8089



30.0482, -0.8937, 3.9039

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



29.5373, -2.2990, 3.7997



29.5367, -2.1464, -0.8089



29.5373, 0.1568, 3.2935

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



29.5373, -2.1470, -0.8084



29.5373, 0.9018, 1.0589



29.5373, -1.0039, 3.8357



29.5373, -3.9779, 2.1463

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



29.5367, -2.1464, -0.8089



29.5373, -0.0611, -0.3648



29.5373, -1.0039, 3.8357



29.5373, -3.0642, 3.4531

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



29.5373, -2.1470, -0.8084



40.5565, -2.3897, 1.3473



30.7322, -5.0461, 2.7328



20.3356, -1.2213, 0.5839



70.1359, -3.7423, 3.8106



20.7927, -1.1094, 1.1297

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



29.5373, -2.1470, -0.8084



38.0900, -2.8985, -1.7098



28.2838, -0.0447, -2.3848



14.8566, -1.0197, -0.1192



19.1351, 3.4358, -31.3341



43.3297, 12.0742, -80.2232

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



28.9069, 2.0007, 0.6431



37.1186, 3.5591, 0.5867



31.3138, -2.9842, 5.2371



14.6102, 0.5830, 0.4316



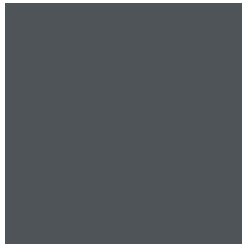
18.4235, 32.9743, 0.8704



43.4583, 77.3969, 5.0343

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 29.5367, -2.1464, -0.8089 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

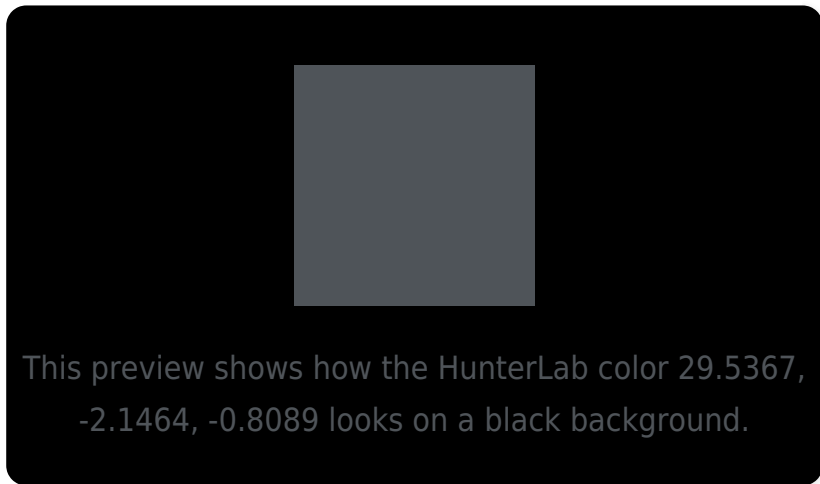
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

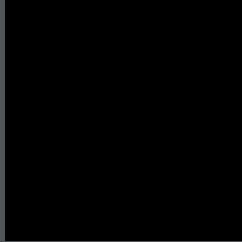
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

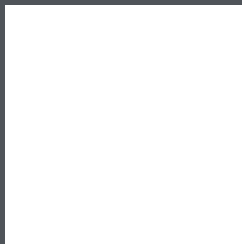
Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 29.5367, -2.1464, -0.8089 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 29.5367, -2.1464, -0.8089.



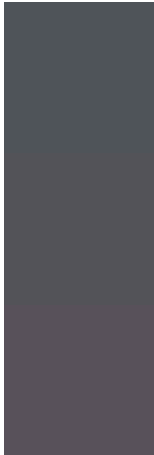
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 29.5367, -2.1464, -0.8089.

-0.8089.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

29.5367, -2.1464, -0.8089

Protanopia

29.5467, -0.8272, -0.3344

Deuteranopia

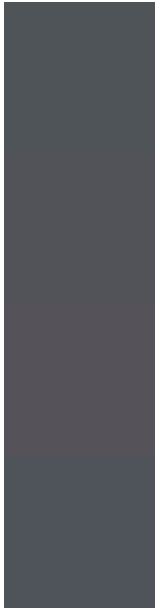
29.4920, 1.7261, -1.2431



Tritanopia

29.5653, -1.9891, -1.2146

Trichromacy



Original Color

29.5367, -2.1464, -0.8089

Protanomaly

29.4702, -1.0918, -0.4343

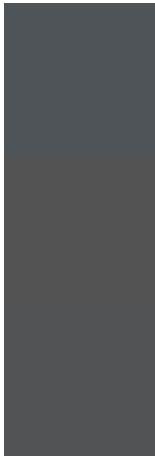
Deuteranomaly

29.5027, 0.4578, -1.2516

Tritanomaly

29.5653, -1.9891, -1.2146

Monochromacy



Original Color

29.5367, -2.1464, -0.8089

Achromatopsia

29.4110, -1.5693, 1.5980

Achromatomaly

29.3875, -1.5444, 0.7421

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 29.5367, -2.1464, -0.8089 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(79, 84, 89)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(79, 84, 89)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(79, 84, 89) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(79, 84, 89) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 29.5367, -2.1464, -0.8089 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(79, 84, 89) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(79, 84, 89) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(79, 84, 89)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(79, 84, 89); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(79, 84, 89);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(79, 84, 89)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 29.5367, -2.1464, -0.8089 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(79, 84, 89) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(79, 84,  
89) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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