

Converting Colors

HunterLab(29.4572, -17.1168,
0.1313)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(29.4572, -17.1168,
0.1313) contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(29.4572,
-17.1168, 0.1313)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	005E56
RGB	0, 94, 86
RGB Percent	0%, 37%, 34%
CMY	1.0000, 0.6314, 0.6627
CMYK	1.00, 0.00, 0.09, 0.63
HSL	175°, 100%, 18%
HSV	175°, 100%, 37%
XYZ	5.6824, 8.6773, 10.1795
YIQ	64.9820, -53.4560, -22.4160

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

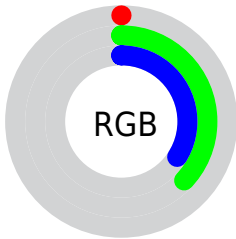
Format	Color
RYB	0, 49, 94
Decimal	24150
CIELab	35.36, -25.85, -2.23
CIELCh	35, 25.945, 184.926
Yxy	8.6776, 0.2316, 0.3536
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278214230 (0xFF005E56)
YUV	64.9820, 10.3619, -56.9892
Hunter-Lab	29.4572, -17.1168, 0.1313

Details

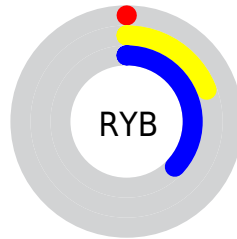
The HunterLab color **29.4572, -17.1168, 0.1313** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **006666**. A complement of this color would be **15.4837, 26.6272, 9.1266**, and the grayscale version is **22.9646, -1.2253, 1.2477**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **48.2634, -21.5001, 0.7492**, and **14.8092, -8.8395, 0.5718** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **29.4577, -17.1173, 0.1318**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **29.5825, -16.5746, -0.0480**.

Distribution



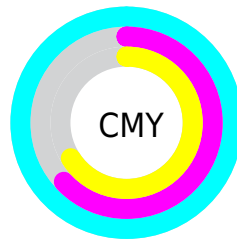
- Red (0%)
- Green (37%)
- Blue (34%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (19%)
- Blue (37%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (9%)
- Black (63%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (63%)
- Yellow (66%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 29.4572, -17.1168, 0.1313 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 29.4572, -17.1168, 0.1313 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 29.4572, -17.1168,
0.1313

■ 29.4572, -17.1168,
0.1313

■ 134.5192,
-35.0175, 4.9190

■ 21.2873, -14.6804,
-0.1700

■ 48.2457, -21.5290,
0.9034

■ 14.0538, -11.9817,
-0.4035

■ 58.7350, -23.5894,
1.3616

■ 7.7003, -13.4755,
-0.7801

■ 69.8906, -25.5854,
1.8627

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 81.6746, -27.5324,
2.4035

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 94.0553, -29.4416,
2.9814

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 107.0052,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

-31.3215, 3.5945

0.0000, NaN, NaN

120.5002,
-33.1784, 4.2409

29.4572, -17.1168,
0.1313

29.4572, -17.1168,
0.1313

29.4577, -17.1173,
0.1318

29.5825, -16.5746,
-0.0480

29.7324, -15.9347,
-0.1964

29.9445, -15.0538,
-0.2652

30.2241, -13.9169,
-0.2469

30.5751, -12.5174,
-0.1367

■ 31.0002, -10.8557,
0.0682

■ 31.5008, -8.9382,
0.3682

■ 32.0775, -6.7763,
0.7620

■ 32.7300, -4.3853,
1.2467

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



29.4578, -15.8606, 7.8447



29.4572, -17.1168, 0.1313



29.4578, -14.6414, -9.6626

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



29.4578, -17.1169, 0.1317



29.4578, 9.1779, -15.6594



29.4578, 6.2502, 13.0820

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



29.4572, -17.1168, 0.1313



15.4837, 26.6272, 9.1266

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



29.4578, 14.2639, 9.6584



29.4572, -17.1168, 0.1313



29.4578, 16.0935, -6.3973

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



29.4578, -17.1169, 0.1317



29.4578, -0.0492, -20.3874



29.4578, 18.0593, 3.0030



29.4578, -3.0671, 13.8696

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



29.4572, -17.1168, 0.1313



29.4578, -11.0068, -15.6211



29.4578, 18.0593, 3.0030



29.4578, 9.2204, 12.2662

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



29.4578, -17.1169, 0.1317



41.6165, -12.0796, 0.4446



28.4014, -23.8047, 17.0836



20.2797, -6.2637, 0.1601



71.2094, -3.7996, 3.8689



21.6712, -1.1563, 1.1774

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



29.4578, -17.1169, 0.1317



38.9704, -22.7042, 0.3021



19.1725, -1.3912, -20.9594



16.1784, -2.0148, 0.6460



34.6450, -20.1635, 0.2241



81.0328, -47.4228, 1.0882

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



15.4837, 26.6272, 9.1266



20.4687, 35.1648, 12.3615



19.3413, 15.0368, 12.1806



15.3328, 0.3916, 1.0928



18.2018, 31.2834, 10.8905



42.5224, 72.9412, 26.5441

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 29.4572, -17.1168, 0.1313 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

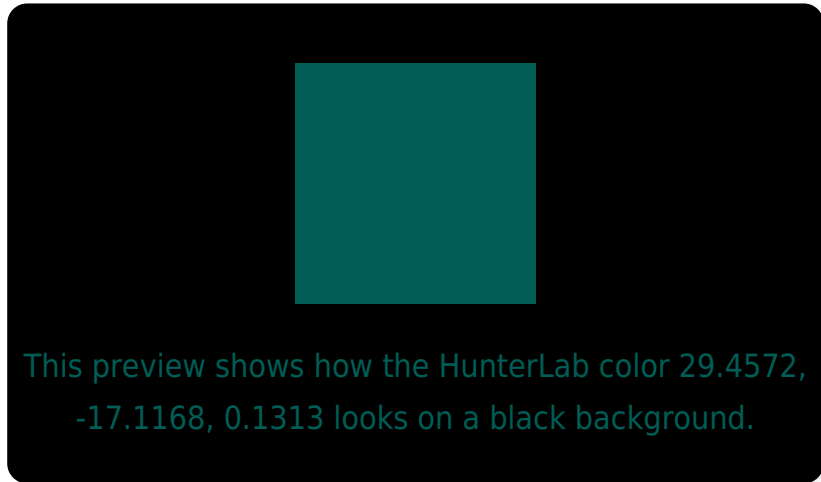
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

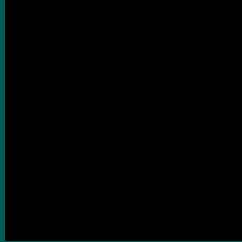
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 29.4572, -17.1168, 0.1313 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 29.4572, -17.1168, 0.1313.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 29.4572,

-17.1168, 0.1313.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

29.4572, -17.1168, 0.1313

Protanopia

29.5705, -1.1693, 2.9836

Deuteranopia

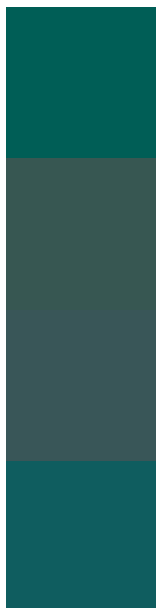
29.5465, 1.8524, -0.7265



Tritanopia

29.5915, -12.6923, -6.1449

Trichromacy



Original Color

29.4572, -17.1168, 0.1313

Protanomaly

28.7016, -9.7613, 1.0248

Deuteranomaly

28.6880, -8.0393, -1.5443

Tritanomaly

29.5914, -14.5247, -3.7124

Monochromacy



Original Color

29.4572, -17.1168, 0.1313

Achromatopsia

22.9914, -1.2268, 1.2492

Achromatomaly

24.7413, -9.3778, -0.0239

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 29.4572, -17.1168, 0.1313 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 94, 86)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 94, 86)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 94, 86) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 94, 86) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 29.4572, -17.1168, 0.1313 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 94, 86) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 94, 86) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(0, 94, 86)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 94, 86); -webkit-box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 94, 86); box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 94, 86) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 29.4572, -17.1168, 0.1313 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 94, 86) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 94,  
86) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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