

Converting Colors

HunterLab(29.4604, -19.2707,
4.7774)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(29.4604, -19.2707,
4.7774) contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(29.4599,
-19.2704, 4.7771)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	005F4A
RGB	0, 95, 74
RGB Percent	0%, 37%, 29%
CMY	1.0000, 0.6274, 0.7098
CMYK	1.00, 0.00, 0.22, 0.63
HSL	167°, 100%, 19%
HSV	167°, 100%, 37%
XYZ	5.3283, 8.6789, 7.8729
YIQ	64.2010, -49.8790, -26.6710

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

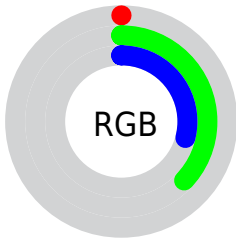
Format	Color
RYB	0, 53, 95
Decimal	24394
CIELab	35.36, -30.01, 5.23
CIELCh	35, 30.464, 170.118
Yxy	8.6792, 0.2435, 0.3967
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278214474 (0xFF005F4A)
YUV	64.2010, 4.8309, -56.3043
Hunter-Lab	29.4599, -19.2704, 4.7771

Details

The HunterLab color **29.4599, -19.2704, 4.7771** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **006666**. A complement of this color would be **15.7712, 27.3498, 7.5285**, and the grayscale version is **22.7100, -1.2117, 1.2339**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **48.1838, -24.1671, 6.2094**, and **14.8581, -10.4886, 4.0705** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **29.4604, -19.2711, 4.7778**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **29.6130, -18.5531, 4.1959**.

Distribution



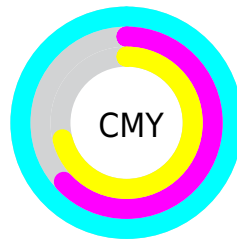
- Red (0%)
- Green (37%)
- Blue (29%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (21%)
- Blue (37%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (22%)
- Black (63%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (63%)
- Yellow (71%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 29.4599, -19.2704, 4.7771 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 29.4599, -19.2704, 4.7771 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 29.4599, -19.2704,
4.7771

■ 29.4599, -19.2704,
4.7771

134.5237,
-39.2766, 12.7923

■ 21.2897, -16.4807,
3.9657

■ 48.2489, -24.2769,
6.4309

■ 14.0559, -13.3695,
3.1511

■ 58.7385, -26.5959,
7.2812

■ 7.7025, -13.4794,
3.2329

■ 69.8942, -28.8319,
8.1501

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 81.6784, -31.0036,
9.0383

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 94.0593, -33.1248,
9.9466

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 107.0094,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

-35.2056, 10.8749

0.0000, NaN, NaN

120.5046,
-37.2541, 11.8235

29.4599, -19.2704,
4.7771

29.4599, -19.2704,
4.7771

29.4604, -19.2711,
4.7778

29.6130, -18.5531,
4.1959

29.7929, -17.7267,
3.6286

30.0374, -16.6463,
3.1214

30.3517, -15.2986,
2.6841

30.7395, -13.6795,
2.3248

■ 31.2033, -11.7918,
2.0492

■ 31.7442, -9.6446,
1.8615

■ 32.3628, -7.2520,
1.7637

■ 33.0582, -4.6314,
1.7563

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



29.4605, -15.7946, 11.6177



29.4599, -19.2704, 4.7771



29.4605, -18.5533, -5.9783

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



29.4605, -19.2706, 4.7774



29.4605, 5.8651, -23.4232



29.4605, 12.8594, 13.0397

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



29.4599, -19.2704, 4.7771



15.7712, 27.3498, 7.5285

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



29.4605, 20.4136, 7.5877



29.4599, -19.2704, 4.7771



29.4605, 15.9917, -13.9635

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



29.4605, -19.2706, 4.7774



29.4605, -5.0319, -25.0289



29.4605, 21.6354, -1.9680



29.4605, 2.0521, 15.1278

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



29.4599, -19.2704, 4.7771



29.4605, -15.7509, -14.0558



29.4605, 21.6354, -1.9680



29.4605, 15.9250, 11.6552

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



29.4605, -19.2706, 4.7774



41.4754, -12.8870, 2.4534



28.9090, -23.2554, 17.4061



20.2046, -6.6949, 1.2294



71.2094, -3.7996, 3.8689



21.6712, -1.1563, 1.1774

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



29.4605, -19.2706, 4.7774



38.5356, -25.3325, 6.5194



22.7275, -6.5097, -14.3538



16.9882, -2.2207, 0.9027



35.1100, -23.0440, 5.8610



81.0673, -53.7700, 14.7469

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



15.7712, 27.3498, 7.5285



20.6064, 35.6744, 10.3283



17.7280, 20.0695, 11.2747



16.1196, 0.5122, 0.9302



18.7809, 32.5321, 9.2736



43.2779, 74.7084, 23.3627

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 29.4599, -19.2704, 4.7771 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

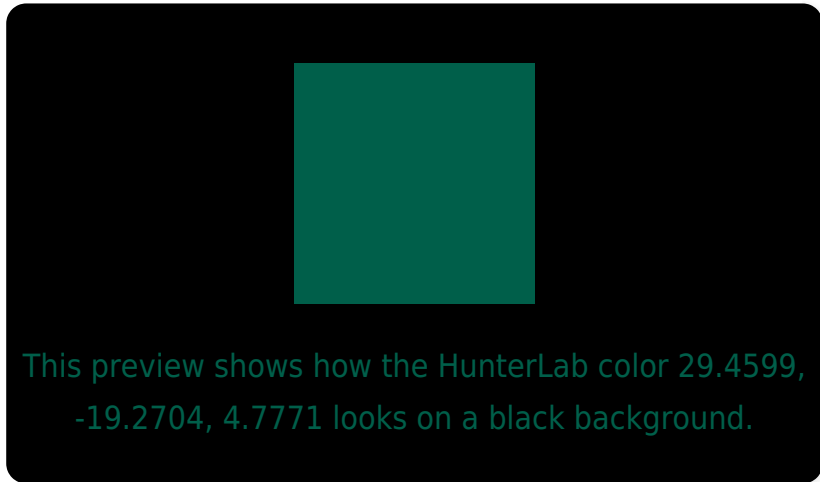
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 29.4599, -19.2704, 4.7771 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 29.4599, -19.2704, 4.7771.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 29.4599,

-19.2704, 4.7771.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

29.4599, -19.2704, 4.7771

Protanopia

29.4594, -2.1041, 7.1093

Deuteranopia

29.3263, 1.7697, 3.9067



Tritanopia

29.6923, -12.3691, -5.4914

Trichromacy



Original Color

29.4599, -19.2704, 4.7771

Protanomaly

28.4593, -11.2644, 5.2678

Deuteranomaly

28.1933, -9.0925, 2.8343

Tritanomaly

29.4881, -15.2284, -1.5448

Monochromacy



Original Color

29.4599, -19.2704, 4.7771

Achromatopsia

22.6428, -1.2082, 1.2302

Achromatomaly

24.3330, -9.7632, 1.4975

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 29.4599, -19.2704, 4.7771 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 95, 74)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 95, 74)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 95, 74) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 95, 74) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 29.4599, -19.2704, 4.7771 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 95, 74) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 95, 74) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(0, 95, 74)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 95, 74); -webkit-box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 95, 74); box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 95, 74) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 29.4599, -19.2704, 4.7771 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 95, 74) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 95,  
74) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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