

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(29.5247, 57.1487,  
-31.9813)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(29.5247, 57.1487,  
-31.9813) contains.

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# Color

**HunterLab(29.5386, 57.1972,  
-32.1638)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	99008E
RGB	153, 0, 142
RGB Percent	60%, 0%, 56%
CMY	0.4000, 0.9999, 0.4431
CMYK	0.00, 1.00, 0.07, 0.40
HSL	304°, 100%, 30%
HSV	304°, 100%, 60%
XYZ	18.0193, 8.7253, 26.3256
YIQ	61.9350, 45.6060, 76.5980

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

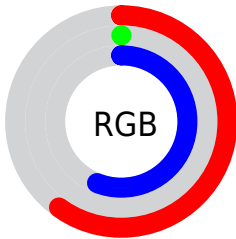
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	153, 0, 142
Decimal	10027150
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	35.45, 65.47, -35.89
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	35, 74.657, 331.269
Yxy	8.7257, 0.3395, 0.1644
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288217230 (0xFF99008E)
YUV	61.9350, 39.4720, 79.8640
Hunter-Lab	29.5386, 57.1972, -32.1638

# Details

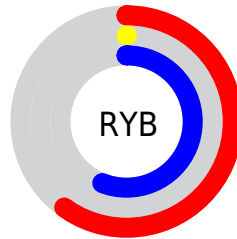
The HunterLab color **29.5386, 57.1972, -32.1638** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **990099**. A complement of this color would be **47.7567, -40.7699, 28.3200**, and the grayscale version is **21.7852, -1.1624, 1.1836**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **48.4008, 61.4293, -33.0743**, and **18.1569, 35.2541, -20.5143** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **29.5387, 57.1973, -32.1629**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **30.1815, 55.2817, -31.5622**.

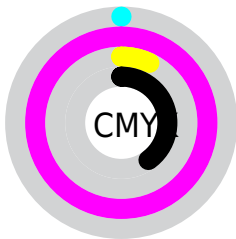
# Distribution



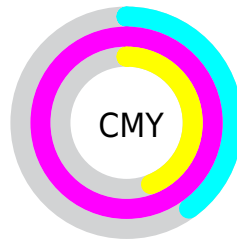
- Red (60%)
- Green (0%)
- Blue (56%)



- Red (60%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Blue (56%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (7%)
- Black (40%)



- Cyan (40%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (44%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 29.5386, 57.1972, -32.1638 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 29.5386, 57.1972, -32.1638 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 29.5386, 57.1972,  
-32.1638

■ 29.5386, 57.1972,  
-32.1638

■ 134.6545, 74.5821,  
-36.9697

■ 21.3605, 55.0750,  
-31.7889

■ 48.3418, 61.6254,  
-33.3599

■ 14.1176, 53.4007,  
-31.9446

■ 58.8377, 63.7597,  
-33.9933

■ 7.7681, 55.2258,  
-34.7613

■ 69.9993, 65.8033,  
-34.6019

0.0000, INF, -NF

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 81.7892, 67.7494,  
-35.1715

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 94.1754, 69.5976,  
-35.6952

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 107.1305, 71.3500,

-36.1700

120.6306, 73.0101,  
-36.5948

29.5386, 57.1972,  
-32.1638

29.5386, 57.1972,  
-32.1638

29.5387, 57.1973,  
-32.1629

30.1815, 55.2817,  
-31.5622

31.2284, 52.0463,  
-30.0941

32.8229, 47.2183,  
-27.5568

34.9582, 41.1331,  
-24.1384

37.5966, 34.2085,  
-20.0914

■ 40.6842, 26.8238,  
-15.6553

■ 44.1638, 19.2624,  
-11.0170

■ 47.9811, 11.7081,  
-6.3039

■ 52.0882, 4.2646,  
-1.5937

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



29.5393, 29.5515, -76.2480



29.5386, 57.1972, -32.1638



29.5393, 67.9644, 2.6544

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



29.5393, 57.1953, -32.1623



29.5393, -2.6903, 20.6775



29.5393, -33.5850, -35.8901

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



29.5386, 57.1972, -32.1638



47.7567, -40.7699, 28.3200

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



29.5393, -37.0592, 0.5216



29.5386, 57.1972, -32.1638



29.5393, -23.5259, 20.6775

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



29.5393, 57.1953, -32.1623



29.5393, 26.9017, 20.6775



29.5393, -34.1477, 16.6517



29.5393, -22.1828, -79.4344



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



29.5386, 57.1972, -32.1638



29.5393, 61.9324, 14.2838



29.5393, -34.1477, 16.6517



29.5393, -35.4946, -21.7319

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



29.5393, 57.1953, -32.1623



58.8072, 26.3895, -15.1218



15.3824, 41.2884, -105.9598



26.7694, 14.2353, -8.2365



87.6224, -4.6753, 4.7607



35.4919, -1.8938, 1.9283



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



29.5393, 57.1953, -32.1623



39.5149, 76.4917, -42.8475



26.7763, 47.3346, 5.8091



25.1316, 1.7750, -0.5923



26.8577, 52.0118, -29.2901



3.3138, 6.4638, -3.9727



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



29.5393, 57.1953, -32.1623



39.5149, 76.4917, -42.8475



48.4419, -36.5023, 18.2512



25.1316, 1.7750, -0.5923



26.8577, 52.0118, -29.2901



3.3138, 6.4638, -3.9727



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 29.5386, 57.1972, -32.1638 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass



# Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 29.5386, 57.1972, -32.1638 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

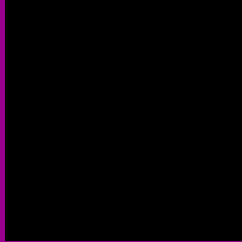
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

## HunterLab 29.5386, 57.1972, -32.1638 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 29.5386, 57.1972, -32.1638.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 29.5386, 57.1972, -32.1638.

-32.1638.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

29.5386, 57.1972, -32.1638

### Protanopia

30.5305, 10.4736, -60.7699

### Deuteranopia

30.6156, 2.0911, -24.0718



## Tritanopia

30.2719, 28.8724, 11.0549

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

29.5386, 57.1972, -32.1638



## Protanomaly

24.6319, 26.4976, -68.8981



## Deuteranomaly

26.3493, 25.2191, -35.7341



## Tritanomaly

28.7731, 40.5115, -1.0361

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

29.5386, 57.1972, -32.1638



## Achromatopsia

21.9481, -1.1711, 1.1925



## Achromatomaly

21.5390, 23.0790, -13.5686

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 29.5386, 57.1972, -32.1638 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(153, 0, 142)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(153, 0, 142)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(153, 0, 142) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(153, 0, 142) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 29.5386, 57.1972, -32.1638 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(153, 0, 142) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(153, 0, 142) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(153, 0, 142)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(153, 0, 142); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(153, 0, 142);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(153, 0,  
142) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 29.5386, 57.1972, -32.1638 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(153, 0, 142) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(153, 0,  
142) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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