

Converting Colors

HunterLab(29.6303, -6.8954,
-4.2234)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(29.6303, -6.8954,
-4.2234) contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(29.6389, -6.9130,
-3.9949)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1	
Format	Color
Hex	3C5860
RGB	60, 88, 96
RGB Percent	24%, 35%, 38%
CMY	0.7647, 0.6549, 0.6235
CMYK	0.37, 0.08, 0.00, 0.62
HSL	193°, 23%, 31%
HSV	193°, 37%, 38%
XYZ	7.4645, 8.7846, 12.3685
YIQ	80.5400, -19.2560, -3.4480

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

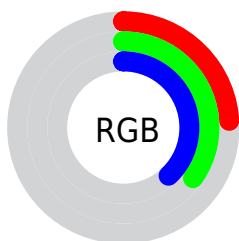
Format	Color
RYB	60, 76, 96
Decimal	3954784
CIELab	35.57, -8.15, -7.95
CIELCh	36, 11.386, 224.304
Yxy	8.7850, 0.2608, 0.3070
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4282144864 (0xFF3C5860)
YUV	80.5400, 7.6218, -18.0136
Hunter-Lab	29.6389, -6.9130, -3.9949

Details

The HunterLab color $29.6389, -6.9130, -3.9949$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 336666 . A complement of this color would be $26.3579, 6.0649, 6.7311$, and the grayscale version is $28.4973, -1.5205, 1.5483$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $48.4804, -9.0544, -3.5427$, and $14.2955, -4.9691, -3.7936$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $28.5789, -7.7663, -5.4844$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $30.7684, -5.8321, -2.4676$.

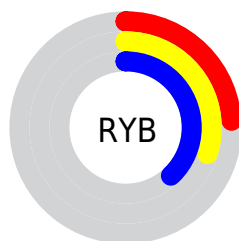
Distribution



 Red (24%)

 Green (35%)

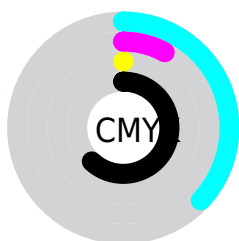
 Blue (38%)




 Red (24%)

 Yellow (30%)

 Blue (38%)

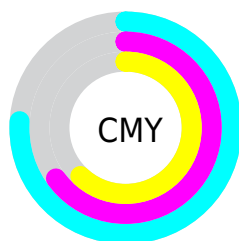



 Cyan (37%)

 Magenta (8%)

 Yellow (0%)

 Black (62%)



 Cyan (76%)

 Magenta (65%)

 Yellow (62%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 29.6389, -6.9130, -3.9949 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 29.6389, -6.9130, -3.9949 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

29.6389, -6.9130,
-3.9949

29.6389, -6.9130,
-3.9949

134.8205,
-16.2425, -1.4493

21.4504, -5.8887,
-3.9730

48.4599, -8.9330,
-3.8096

14.1959, -4.8313,
-3.8604

58.9637, -9.9450,
-3.6204

7.8505, -4.9422,
-3.9576

70.1328, -10.9644,
-3.3753

0.0000, NaN, -NF

0.0000, NaN, NaN

81.9298, -11.9940,
-3.0788

0.0000, NaN, NaN

94.3228, -13.0356,
-2.7350

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

107.2844,

-14.0903, -2.3471

0.0000, NaN, NaN

120.7907,
-15.1591, -1.9177

■ 29.6389, -6.9130,
-3.9949

■ 29.6389, -6.9130,
-3.9949

■ 28.5789, -7.7663,
-5.4844

■ 30.7684, -5.8321,
-2.4676

■ 27.5891, -8.3758,
-6.9287

■ 31.9629, -4.5400,
-0.9120

■ 26.6717, -8.7296,
-8.3182

■ 33.2198, -3.0547,
0.6651

■ 25.8274, -8.8207,
-9.6442

■ 34.5358, -1.3940,
2.2577

■ 25.0552, -8.6496,
-10.8999

■ 35.9076, 0.4253,
3.8608

■ 24.3306, -8.3080,
-12.1204

■ 37.3322, 2.3873,
5.4702

■ 24.1495, -8.2234,
-12.4327

■ 38.8064, 4.4775,
7.0829

■ 40.3273, 6.6828,
8.6963

■ 41.8922, 8.9912,
10.3088

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



29.6395, -8.7059, -0.2611



29.6389, -6.9130, -3.9949



29.6395, -3.6449, -6.3724

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



29.6395, -6.9133, -3.9944



29.6395, 6.2297, -0.4451



29.6395, -3.4684, 7.8895

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



29.6389, -6.9130, -3.9949



26.3579, 6.0649, 6.7311

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



29.6395, 0.5367, 7.8540



29.6389, -6.9130, -3.9949



29.6395, 6.2832, 3.3728

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



29.6395, -6.9133, -3.9944



29.6395, 4.0101, -4.1446



29.6395, 4.1526, 6.3025



29.6395, -6.7900, 6.4069

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



29.6389, -6.9130, -3.9949



29.6395, -1.0008, -6.6934



29.6395, 4.1526, 6.3025



29.6395, -2.1609, 8.0478

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



29.6395, -6.9133, -3.9944



43.3195, -4.8258, 0.0768



31.2114, -14.1069, 8.6568



21.5127, -2.4914, -0.0531



72.2857, -3.8570, 3.9274



22.5557, -1.2035, 1.2255

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



29.6395, -6.9133, -3.9944



37.9787, -10.1672, -7.0389



24.9215, 0.6352, -10.9603



16.7539, -1.6591, 0.2256



28.3451, -9.5157, -14.8873



64.4800, -20.5580, -36.2156

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



25.3443, 13.4101, -5.7475



31.2385, 22.5379, -9.7045



30.7196, -1.7454, 10.6474



16.1855, 0.8669, -0.0081



20.3726, 38.2879, -13.1861



46.9433, 87.9834, -28.5158

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 29.6389, -6.9130, -3.9949 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 29.6389, -6.9130, -3.9949 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

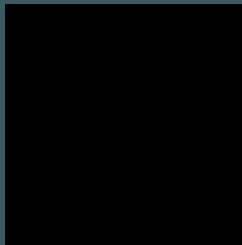
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 29.6389, -6.9130, -3.9949 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 29.6389, -6.9130, -3.9949.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 29.6389, -6.9130,

-3.9949.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

29.6389, -6.9130, -3.9949

Protanopia

29.6153, -0.3012, -2.4891

Deuteranopia

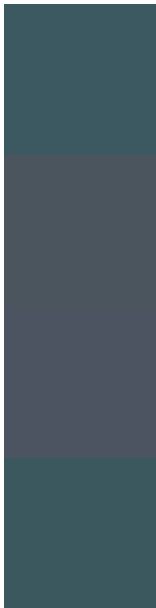
29.4605, 2.0441, -4.5709



Tritanopia

29.6080, -7.0879, -3.5598

Trichromacy



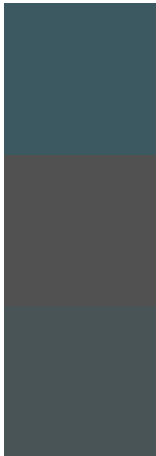
Original Color
29.6389, -6.9130, -3.9949

Protanomaly
29.5990, -2.9930, -3.0259

Deuteranomaly
29.5639, -1.5720, -4.4910

Tritanomaly
29.6080, -7.0879, -3.5598

Monochromacy



Original Color
29.6389, -6.9130, -3.9949

Achromatopsia
28.6850, -1.5306, 1.5585

Achromatomaly
29.0327, -4.0949, -0.1614

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 29.6389, -6.9130, -3.9949 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(60, 88, 96)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(60, 88, 96)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(60, 88, 96) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(60, 88, 96) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 29.6389, -6.9130, -3.9949 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(60, 88, 96) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(60, 88, 96) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(60, 88, 96) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(60, 88, 96); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(60, 88, 96);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(60, 88, 96)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 29.6389, -6.9130, -3.9949 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(60, 88, 96) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(60, 88,  
96) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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