

Converting Colors

HunterLab(29.7925, 5.7490,
18.4586)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(29.7925, 5.7490,
18.4586) contains.

HunterLab(29.9209, 5.6499, 18.5360)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**HunterLab(29.9209, 5.6499,
18.5360)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	734D00
RGB	115, 77, 0
RGB Percent	45%, 30%, 0%
CMY	0.5490, 0.6980, 1.0000
CMYK	0.00, 0.33, 1.00, 0.55
HSL	40°, 100%, 23%
HSV	40°, 100%, 45%
XYZ	9.7241, 8.9526, 1.2155
YIQ	79.5840, 47.3650, -15.8910

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

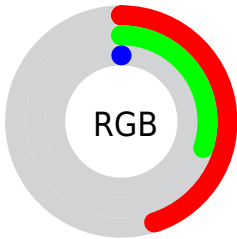
Format	Color
RYB	57, 115, 0
Decimal	7556352
CIELab	35.89, 10.17, 44.77
CIELCh	36, 45.912, 77.198
Yxy	8.9531, 0.4888, 0.4501
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285746432 (0xFF734D00)
YUV	79.5840, -39.2349, 31.0598
Hunter-Lab	29.9209, 5.6499, 18.5360

Details

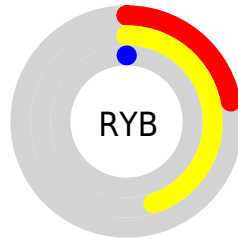
The HunterLab color **29.9209, 5.6499, 18.5360** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **663300**. A complement of this color would be **16.1989, 13.3891, -49.1496**, and the grayscale version is **28.2986, -1.5099, 1.5375**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **48.8323, 5.6398, 25.9516**, and **14.4216, 5.3135, 8.9795** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **29.9214, 5.6487, 18.5363**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **30.8639, 4.1776, 18.4533**.

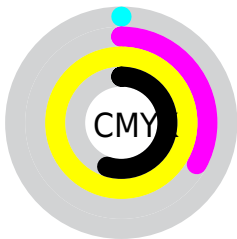
Distribution



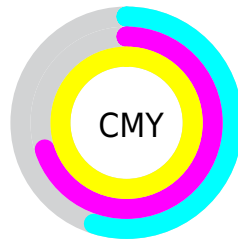
- Red (45%)
- Green (30%)
- Blue (0%)



- Red (22%)
- Yellow (45%)
- Blue (0%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (33%)
- Yellow (100%)
- Black (55%)



- Cyan (55%)
- Magenta (70%)
- Yellow (100%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 29.9209, 5.6499, 18.5360 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 29.9209, 5.6499, 18.5360 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 29.9209, 5.6499,
18.5360

■ 29.9209, 5.6499,
18.5360

■ 135.2876, 4.4194,
47.0737

■ 21.7039, 5.4215,
15.1927

■ 48.7921, 5.8174,
25.9432

■ 14.4169, 5.0719,
10.0918

■ 59.3184, 5.7863,
29.3264

■ 8.0776, 5.0628,
5.6543

■ 70.5086, 5.6902,
32.5483

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 82.3255, 5.5354,
35.6384

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 94.7375, 5.3271,
38.6195

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 107.7172, 5.0694,

41.5099

0.0000, NaN, NaN

121.2410, 4.7659,
44.3240

29.9209, 5.6499,
18.5360

29.9209, 5.6499,
18.5360

29.9214, 5.6487,
18.5363

30.8639, 4.1776,
18.4533

31.8455, 2.8010,
18.1625

32.8770, 1.5857,
17.4880

33.9581, 0.5398,
16.4207

35.0876, -0.3338,
14.9622

■ 36.2642, -1.0356,
13.1217

■ 37.4861, -1.5686,
10.9127

■ 38.7516, -1.9377,
8.3519

■ 40.0587, -2.1490,
5.4575

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



29.9217, 22.7418, 16.2631



29.9209, 5.6499, 18.5360



29.9217, -10.2913, 18.3859

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



29.9217, 5.6483, 18.5363



29.9217, -25.9875, -8.5651



29.9217, 24.9648, -26.4398

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



29.9209, 5.6499, 18.5360



16.1989, 13.3891, -49.1496

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



29.9217, 8.2168, -42.9788



29.9209, 5.6499, 18.5360



29.9217, -20.0135, -29.4344

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



29.9217, 5.6483, 18.5363



29.9217, -26.3866, 7.4970



29.9217, -8.2145, -44.2988



29.9217, 35.3929, -5.7380

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



29.9209, 5.6499, 18.5360



29.9217, -18.2487, 16.9527



29.9217, -8.2145, -44.2988



29.9217, 19.7428, -33.0589

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



29.9217, 5.6483, 18.5363



50.0313, -2.0507, 14.8546



19.4602, 34.0555, 6.9138



24.1673, -0.8944, 7.7583



77.7063, -4.1462, 4.2219



27.0627, -1.4440, 1.4704

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



29.9217, 5.6483, 18.5363



39.7286, 8.1544, 24.6233



38.3916, -16.3339, 23.3706



20.1794, -1.0852, 2.5953



31.9296, 6.1594, 19.7827



69.3282, 15.8247, 42.9967

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



16.1989, 13.3891, -49.1496



21.1496, 19.2787, -68.0524



11.7390, 30.6456, -74.1500



19.4148, -0.9661, -0.5446



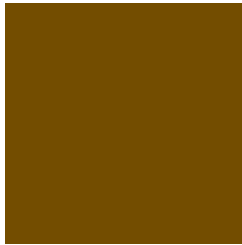
17.2124, 14.5903, -53.0103



36.0788, 37.2970, -125.6088

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 29.9209, 5.6499, 18.5360 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

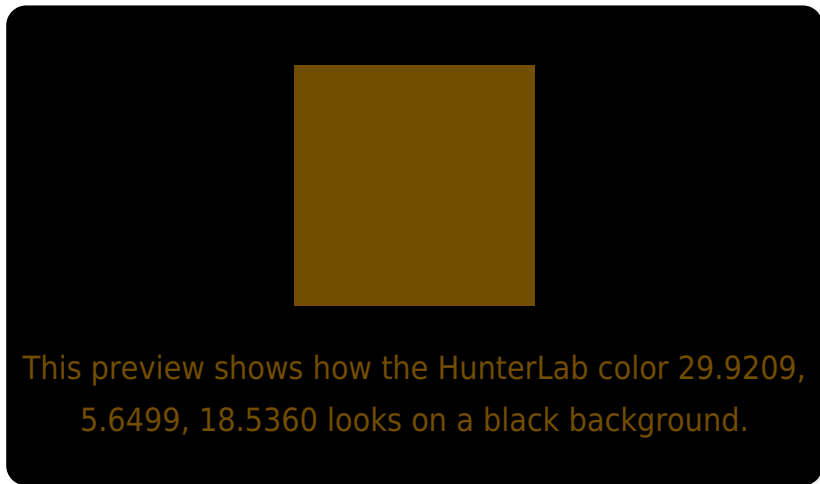
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 29.9209, 5.6499, 18.5360 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 29.9209, 5.6499, 18.5360.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 29.9209, 5.6499,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

29.9209, 5.6499, 18.5360

Protanopia

30.0022, -4.2160, 17.9594

Deuteranopia

30.0178, 1.0219, 18.5147



Tritanopia

30.0368, 13.5668, 4.8869

Trichromacy



Original Color

29.9209, 5.6499, 18.5360

Protanomaly

29.8816, -0.6919, 18.1159

Deuteranomaly

30.0871, 2.5170, 18.5836

Tritanomaly

29.8349, 9.6480, 12.7786

Monochromacy



Original Color

29.9209, 5.6499, 18.5360

Achromatopsia

28.3231, -1.5113, 1.5388

Achromatomaly

28.5625, -0.5653, 11.0888

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 29.9209, 5.6499, 18.5360 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(115, 77, 0)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(115, 77, 0)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(115, 77, 0) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(115, 77, 0) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 29.9209, 5.6499, 18.5360 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(115, 77, 0) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(115, 77, 0) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(115, 77, 0) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(115, 77, 0); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(115, 77, 0);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(115, 77, 0)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 29.9209, 5.6499, 18.5360 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(115, 77, 0) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(115, 77,  
0) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor