

Converting Colors

HunterLab(29.9158, 54.1384,
-3.2010)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(29.9158, 54.1384,
-3.2010) contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(29.9501, 54.1720,
-2.9847)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	A60061
RGB	166, 0, 97
RGB Percent	65%, 0%, 38%
CMY	0.3490, 0.9999, 0.6196
CMYK	0.00, 1.00, 0.42, 0.35
HSL	325°, 100%, 33%
HSV	325°, 100%, 65%
XYZ	17.8836, 8.9701, 12.0981
YIQ	60.6920, 67.7990, 65.3590

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

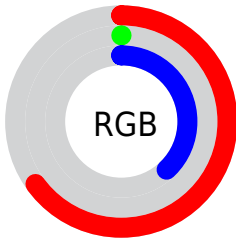
Format	Color
RYB	166, 0, 97
Decimal	10879073
CIELab	35.93, 62.69, -6.62
CIElCh	36, 63.035, 353.972
Yxy	8.9706, 0.4591, 0.2303
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289069153 (0xFFA60061)
YUV	60.6920, 17.8998, 92.3551
Hunter-Lab	29.9501, 54.1720, -2.9847

Details

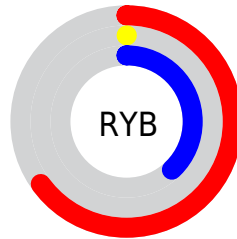
The HunterLab color **29.9501, 54.1720, -2.9847** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **990066**. A complement of this color would be **52.6333, -42.2158, 25.3466**, and the grayscale version is **21.4241, -1.1431, 1.1640**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **48.8864, 58.6953, -2.8281**, and **18.5126, 32.9944, 1.9543** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **29.9498, 54.1709, -2.9804**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **30.8120, 52.7562, -5.2410**.

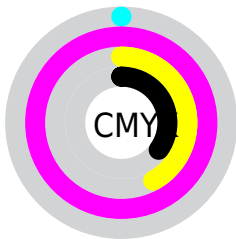
Distribution



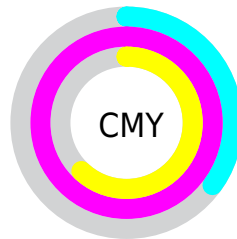
- Red (65%)
- Green (0%)
- Blue (38%)



- Red (65%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Blue (38%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (42%)
- Black (35%)



- Cyan (35%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (62%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 29.9501, 54.1720, -2.9847 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 29.9501, 54.1720, -2.9847 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 29.9501, 54.1720,
-2.9847

■ 29.9501, 54.1720,
-2.9847

135.3360, 70.8359,
0.0824

■ 21.7302, 52.0495,
-3.0349

■ 48.8266, 58.4854,
-2.6644

■ 14.4399, 50.2717,
-2.9978

■ 59.3552, 60.5407,
-2.4129

■ 8.1008, 50.9143,
-3.0641

■ 70.5476, 62.4996,
-2.1083

0.0000, INF, NaN

0.0000, INF, NaN

■ 82.3666, 64.3581,
-1.7548

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 94.7805, 66.1173,
-1.3563

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 107.7621, 67.7805,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

-0.9156

0.0000, NaN, NaN

121.2877, 69.3519,
-0.4353

■ 29.9501, 54.1720,
-2.9847

■ 29.9501, 54.1720,
-2.9847

■ 29.9498, 54.1709,
-2.9804

■ 30.8120, 52.7562,
-5.2410

■ 32.1723, 49.8609,
-6.9127

■ 34.1675, 45.2742,
-7.7352

■ 36.7747, 39.3981,
-7.7175

■ 39.9371, 32.6953,
-6.9639

■ 43.5847, 25.5570,
-5.6152

■ 47.6481, 18.2572,
-3.8078

■ 52.0652, 10.9628,
-1.6555

■ 56.7833, 3.7624,
0.7547

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



29.9510, 41.6290, -33.7124



29.9501, 54.1720, -2.9847



29.9510, 48.5904, 13.9293

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



29.9510, 54.1689, -2.9837



29.9510, -17.1227, 20.3642



29.9510, -22.8998, -53.7741

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



29.9501, 54.1720, -2.9847



52.6333, -42.2158, 25.3466

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



29.9510, -31.5997, -20.1614



29.9501, 54.1720, -2.9847



29.9510, -29.0126, 17.0773

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



29.9510, 54.1689, -2.9837



29.9510, 3.0437, 20.9657



29.9510, -33.4533, 5.6100



29.9510, -5.9764, -74.0582

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



29.9501, 54.1720, -2.9847



29.9510, 35.9834, 18.3832



29.9510, -33.4533, 5.6100



29.9510, -26.6580, -42.8450

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



29.9510, 54.1689, -2.9837



63.8640, 25.1598, -5.2830



19.8152, 47.8211, -94.8989



29.1368, 13.7932, -2.9912



92.0917, -4.9138, 5.0035



39.3538, -2.0998, 2.1382

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



29.9510, 54.1689, -2.9837



40.2944, 72.7850, -3.2611



28.5426, 49.0131, 17.3762



27.5918, 1.5799, 0.4486



26.3916, 47.7676, -2.8776



4.2344, 7.8737, -2.0870

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



29.9510, 54.1689, -2.9837



40.2944, 72.7850, -3.2611



54.2729, -32.1800, 1.6327



27.5918, 1.5799, 0.4486



26.3916, 47.7676, -2.8776



4.2344, 7.8737, -2.0870

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 29.9501, 54.1720, -2.9847 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 29.9501, 54.1720, -2.9847 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

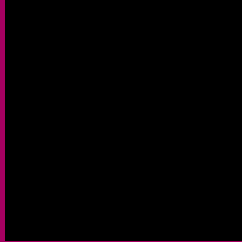
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 29.9501, 54.1720, -2.9847 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 29.9501, 54.1720, -2.9847.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 29.9501, 54.1720,

-2.9847.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

29.9501, 54.1720, -2.9847

Protanopia

31.1656, 4.4687, -27.1863

Deuteranopia

31.0935, 1.9218, 0.7489



Tritanopia

30.5274, 41.0887, 15.8022

Trichromacy



Original Color

29.9501, 54.1720, -2.9847

Protanomaly

26.5917, 24.6036, -25.7002

Deuteranomaly

27.3744, 24.9967, -5.1242

Tritanomaly

29.7859, 46.4680, 10.6580

Monochromacy



Original Color

29.9501, 54.1720, -2.9847

Achromatopsia

21.6021, -1.1526, 1.1737

Achromatomaly

21.4432, 21.6366, -4.3211

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 29.9501, 54.1720, -2.9847 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(166, 0, 97)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(166, 0, 97)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(166, 0, 97) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(166, 0, 97) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 29.9501, 54.1720, -2.9847 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(166, 0, 97) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(166, 0, 97) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(166, 0, 97)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(166, 0, 97); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(166, 0, 97);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(166, 0, 97)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 29.9501, 54.1720, -2.9847 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(166, 0, 97) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(166, 0,  
97) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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