

Converting Colors

HunterLab(29.9514, -7.0767,
6.5315)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(29.9514, -7.0767, 6.5315)
contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(29.9514, -7.0767,
6.5315)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	4C5847
RGB	76, 88, 71
RGB Percent	30%, 35%, 28%
CMY	0.7020, 0.6549, 0.7216
CMYK	0.14, 0.00, 0.19, 0.65
HSL	102°, 11%, 31%
HSV	102°, 19%, 35%
XYZ	7.6075, 8.9709, 7.2918
YIQ	82.4740, -1.6950, -7.8310

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

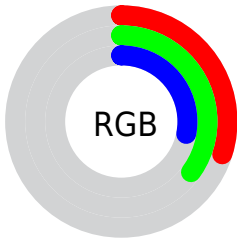
Format	Color
R_{YB}	71, 88, 83
Decimal	5003335
CIE Lab	35.93, -8.35, 8.31
CIE LCh	36, 11.783, 135.127
Yxy	8.9712, 0.3187, 0.3758
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4283193415 (0xFF4C5847)
YUV	82.4740, -5.6567, -5.6777
Hunter-Lab	29.9514, -7.0767, 6.5315

Details

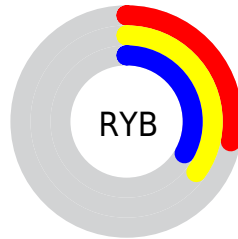
The HunterLab color $[29.9514, -7.0767, 6.5315]$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 666666 . A complement of this color would be $[26.5524, 4.5059, -4.1763]$, and the grayscale version is $[29.2406, -1.5602, 1.5887]$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $[48.8557, -9.2258, 8.7630]$, and $[14.5557, -5.0032, 4.4065]$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $[29.3667, -9.6007, 8.6679]$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $[30.5932, -4.3596, 4.1413]$.

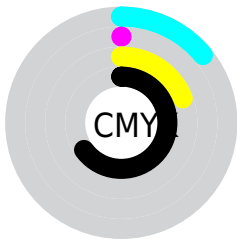
Distribution



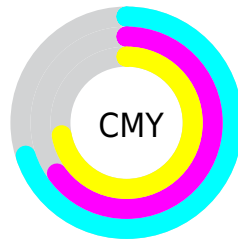
- Red (30%)
- Green (35%)
- Blue (28%)



- Red (28%)
- Yellow (35%)
- Blue (33%)



- Cyan (14%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (19%)
- Black (65%)



- Cyan (70%)
- Magenta (65%)
- Yellow (72%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 29.9514, -7.0767, 6.5315 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 29.9514, -7.0767, 6.5315 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 29.9514, -7.0767,
6.5315

■ 29.9514, -7.0767,
6.5315

135.3378,
-16.5029, 15.9722

■ 21.7312, -6.0385,
5.4875

■ 48.8279, -9.1226,
8.5815

■ 14.4407, -4.9656,
4.4038

■ 59.3565, -10.1461,
9.6060

■ 8.1016, -4.9238,
4.6944

■ 70.5490, -11.1766,
10.6372

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 82.3681, -12.2167,
11.6783

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 94.7821, -13.2682,
12.7311

0.0000, NaN, NaN

107.7638,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

-14.3325, 13.7971

0.0000, NaN, NaN

121.2894,
-15.4105, 14.8772

■ 29.9514, -7.0767,
6.5315

■ 29.9514, -7.0767,
6.5315

■ 29.3667, -9.6007,
8.6679

■ 30.5932, -4.3596,
4.1413

■ 28.8381, -11.9133,
10.5368

■ 31.2888, -1.4645,
1.5110

■ 28.3668, -14.0008,
12.1294

■ 32.0373, 1.5903,
-1.3425

■ 27.9530, -15.8515,
13.4407

■ 32.8369, 4.7876,
-4.4020

■ 27.5960, -17.4573,
14.4712

■ 33.6858, 8.1106,
-7.6501

■ 27.2949, -18.8145,
15.2279

■ 34.5818, 11.5438,
-11.0696

■ 27.0477, -19.9250,
15.7262

■ 35.5229, 15.0725,
-14.6441

■ 26.8416, -20.8583,
16.1365

■ 36.5071, 18.6836,
-18.3583

■ 26.8287, -20.9172,
16.1655

■ 37.5324, 22.3653,
-22.1976

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



29.9520, -3.6653, 8.1033



29.9514, -7.0767, 6.5315



29.9520, -8.9681, 3.5244

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



29.9520, -7.0774, 6.5319



29.9520, -3.6320, -6.7262



29.9520, 6.5476, 3.5549

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



29.9514, -7.0767, 6.5315



26.5524, 4.5059, -4.1763

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



29.9520, 6.5577, -0.3961



29.9514, -7.0767, 6.5315



29.9520, 0.5233, -6.7151

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



29.9520, -7.0774, 6.5319



29.9520, -7.0541, -4.2999



29.9520, 4.3022, -4.2714



29.9520, 4.2752, 6.5515

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



29.9514, -7.0767, 6.5315



29.9520, -9.1810, 0.9402



29.9520, 4.3022, -4.2714



29.9520, 6.8196, 2.3045

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



29.9520, -7.0774, 6.5319



40.7336, -4.5943, 4.4238



29.4979, -1.7114, 6.1643



20.4870, -2.3793, 2.2870



70.1359, -3.7423, 3.8106



20.7927, -1.1094, 1.1297

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



29.9520, -7.0774, 6.5319



39.2534, -10.8739, 9.9346



29.6972, -7.8634, 5.0854



15.3520, -2.1061, 2.0049



32.9170, -25.8916, 19.8300



77.7513, -62.4912, 46.8160

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



26.5524, 4.5059, -4.1763



33.7572, 7.8753, -7.4165



26.8904, 5.3950, -2.1028



14.5700, 0.5538, -0.4503



16.0750, 34.1454, -40.9032



37.4704, 80.1147, -99.3953

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 29.9514, -7.0767, 6.5315 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 29.9514, -7.0767, 6.5315 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

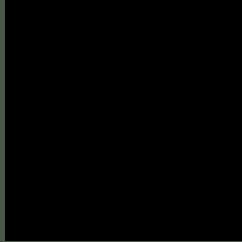
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

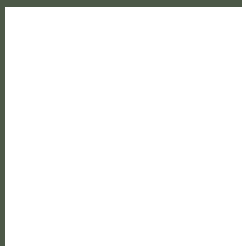
Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 29.9514, -7.0767, 6.5315 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 29.9514, -7.0767, 6.5315.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 29.9514, -7.0767, 6.5315.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

29.9514, -7.0767, 6.5315

Protanopia

29.8231, -2.1274, 7.1464

Deuteranopia

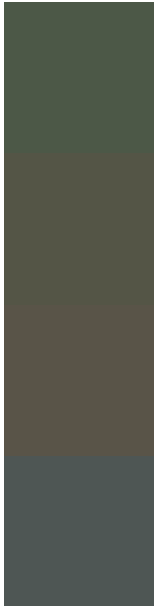
29.8230, 1.9282, 6.2220



Tritanopia

29.8864, -2.1031, -1.7078

Trichromacy



Original Color

29.9514, -7.0767, 6.5315

Protanomaly

29.7052, -3.8509, 6.6716

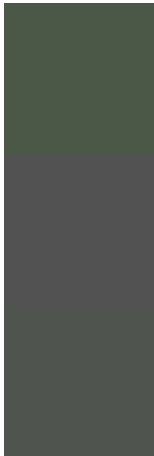
Deuteranomaly

29.8871, -1.7761, 6.2227

Tritanomaly

29.8586, -4.0093, 1.6736

Monochromacy



Original Color

29.9514, -7.0767, 6.5315

Achromatopsia

29.0476, -1.5499, 1.5782

Achromatomaly

29.3192, -3.4939, 3.4296

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 29.9514, -7.0767, 6.5315 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(76, 88, 71)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(76, 88, 71)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(76, 88, 71) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(76, 88, 71) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 29.9514, -7.0767, 6.5315 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(76, 88, 71) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(76, 88, 71) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(76, 88, 71)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(76, 88, 71); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(76, 88, 71);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(76, 88, 71)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 29.9514, -7.0767, 6.5315 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(76, 88, 71) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(76, 88,  
71) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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