

Converting Colors

HunterLab(3.7728, 71.0012,
2.6409)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(3.7728, 71.0012, 2.6409)
contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(10.4612, 17.9571,
6.4350)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	400002
RGB	64, 0, 2
RGB Percent	25%, 0%, 1%
CMY	0.7490, 1.0000, 0.9922
CMYK	0.00, 1.00, 0.97, 0.75
HSL	358°, 100%, 13%
HSV	358°, 100%, 25%
XYZ	2.1253, 1.0944, 0.1567
YIQ	19.3640, 37.5020, 14.1900

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

Format	Color
R_{YB}	64, 0, 2
Decimal	4194306
CIE Lab	9.75, 29.85, 14.58
CIE LCh	10, 33.222, 26.027
Yxy	1.0944, 0.6295, 0.3241
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4282384386 (0xFF400002)
YUV	19.3640, -8.5605, 39.1458
Hunter-Lab	10.4612, 17.9571, 6.4350

Details

The HunterLab color **10.4612, 17.9571, 6.4350** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **330000**. A complement of this color would be **20.0365, -10.9835, -1.3331**, and the grayscale version is **8.1936, -0.4372, 0.4452**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **24.7616, 20.5016, 8.6593**, and 0.0000, NaN, NaN is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **10.4611, 17.9568, 6.4355**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **11.1667, 16.0850, 5.9122**.

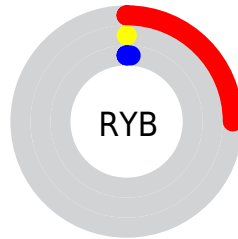
Distribution



Red (25%)

Green (0%)

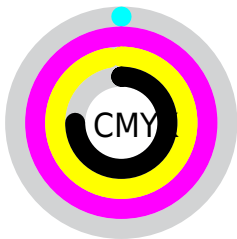
Blue (1%)



Red (25%)

Yellow (0%)

Blue (1%)

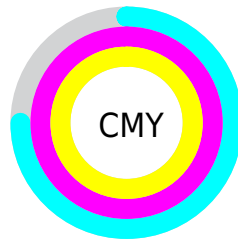


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (100%)

Yellow (97%)

Black (75%)



Cyan (75%)

Magenta (100%)

Yellow (99%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 10.4612, 17.9571, 6.4350 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 10.4612, 17.9571, 6.4350 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 10.4612, 17.9571,
6.4350

■ 10.4612, 17.9571,
6.4350

■ 99.6829, 26.8846,
18.5222

0.0000, INF, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 24.7722, 20.7967,
8.6766

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 33.3222, 22.0134,
10.1912

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 42.6778, 23.0943,
11.6430

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 52.7748, 24.0523,
13.0543

0.0000, NaN, NaN


■ 63.5622, 24.9002,
14.4396


0.0000, NaN, NaN


0.0000, NaN, NaN


■ 74.9985, 25.6489,


15.8085


 87.0486, 26.3078,
17.1677


 10.4612, 17.9571,
6.4350


 10.4612, 17.9571,
6.4350


 10.4611, 17.9568,
6.4355

 11.1667, 16.0850,
5.9122

 11.8559, 14.4490,
5.4088

 12.7095, 12.6220,
4.8326

 13.7460, 10.6229,
4.2356

 14.9432, 8.5559,
3.6484

■ 16.2787, 6.4911,
3.0894

■ 17.7323, 4.4692,
2.5675

■ 19.2868, 2.5092,
2.0848

■ 20.9278, 0.6169,
1.6400

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



10.4615, 20.5558, -0.5362



10.4612, 17.9571, 6.4350



10.4615, 9.9177, 7.3231

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



10.4615, 17.9557, 6.4352



10.4615, -12.2701, 7.3231



10.4615, -1.6401, -28.6467

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



10.4612, 17.9571, 6.4350



20.0365, -10.9835, -1.3331

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



10.4615, -8.5271, -21.4140



10.4612, 17.9571, 6.4350



10.4615, -14.5990, 1.5662

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



10.4615, 17.9557, 6.4352



10.4615, -6.8665, 7.3231



10.4615, -13.2289, -8.5045



10.4615, 7.3917, -24.2610

Rectangle

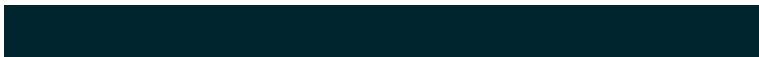
The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



10.4612, 17.9571, 6.4350



10.4615, 3.5737, 7.3231



10.4615, -13.2289, -8.5045



10.4615, -4.1359, -27.4045

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



10.4615, 17.9557, 6.4352



23.0931, 6.2442, 3.4726



11.7901, 23.3287, -16.7185



11.9355, 3.5289, 1.8867



63.7533, -3.4017, 3.4638



15.6573, -0.8354, 0.8507

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



10.4615, 17.9557, 6.4352



13.7750, 23.6318, 8.5773



14.1841, 7.5868, 8.8726



11.5735, 0.1926, 0.8635



15.9453, 27.3483, 9.9814



39.9082, 68.3824, 25.4897

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



10.4615, 17.9557, 6.4352



13.7750, 23.6318, 8.5773



12.3368, 0.1334, -15.7068



11.5735, 0.1926, 0.8635



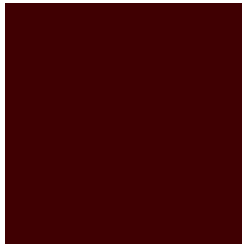
15.9453, 27.3483, 9.9814



39.9082, 68.3824, 25.4897

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 10.4612, 17.9571, 6.4350 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

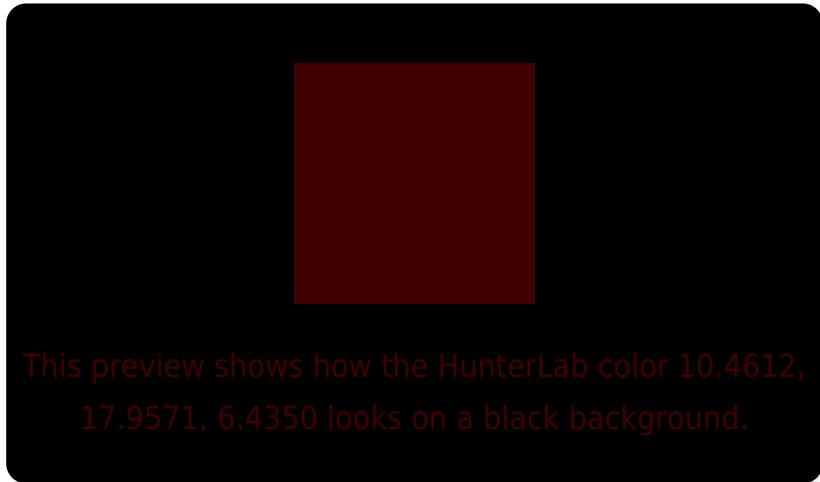
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

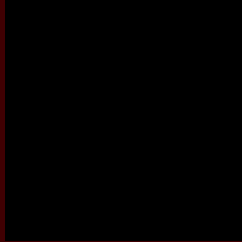
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 10.4612, 17.9571, 6.4350 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 10.4612, 17.9571, 6.4350.

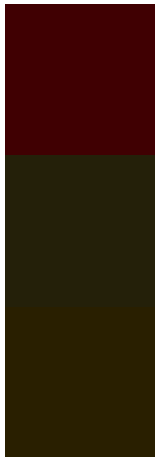


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 10.4612, 17.9571,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

10.4612, 17.9571, 6.4350

Protanopia

11.9491, -1.5901, 6.0528

Deuteranopia

12.0474, -0.2740, 7.4187



Tritanopia

11.0464, 15.8870, 7.0849

Trichromacy



Original Color

10.4612, 17.9571, 6.4350

Protanomaly

10.4609, 5.7486, 5.5701

Deuteranomaly

10.7493, 6.4670, 6.5785

Tritanomaly

10.8582, 16.5600, 6.8239

Monochromacy



Original Color

10.4612, 17.9571, 6.4350

Achromatopsia

8.0698, -0.4306, 0.4384

Achromatomaly

8.0581, 5.7740, 2.2648

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 10.4612, 17.9571, 6.4350 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(64, 0, 2)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(64, 0, 2)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(64, 0, 2) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(64, 0, 2) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 10.4612, 17.9571, 6.4350 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(64, 0, 2) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(64, 0, 2) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(64, 0, 2) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(64, 0, 2); -webkit-box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(64, 0, 2); box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(64, 0, 2) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 10.4612, 17.9571, 6.4350 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(64, 0, 2) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(64, 0,  
2) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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