

Converting Colors

HunterLab(30.1216, 0.6604,
5.1134)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(30.1216, 0.6604, 5.1134)
contains.

HunterLab(30.1463, 0.6161, 5.1393)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**HunterLab(30.1463, 0.6161,
5.1393)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	5E534C
RGB	94, 83, 76
RGB Percent	37%, 33%, 30%
CMY	0.6314, 0.6745, 0.7020
CMYK	0.00, 0.12, 0.19, 0.63
HSL	23°, 11%, 33%
HSV	23°, 19%, 37%
XYZ	9.0138, 9.0880, 8.1165
YIQ	85.4910, 8.8030, 0.1550

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

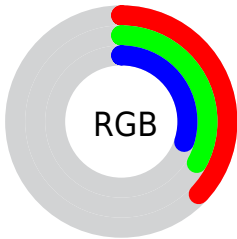
Format	Color
RYB	94, 87, 76
Decimal	6181708
CIELab	36.15, 3.21, 5.75
CIELCh	36, 6.586, 60.788
Yxy	9.0884, 0.3438, 0.3466
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284371788 (0xFF5E534C)
YUV	85.4910, -4.6791, 7.4624
Hunter-Lab	30.1463, 0.6161, 5.1393

Details

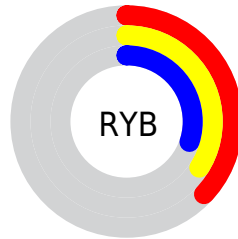
The HunterLab color $[30.1463, 0.6161, 5.1393]$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 666666 . A complement of this color would be $[30.2668, -3.3745, -2.1532]$, and the grayscale version is $[30.3342, -1.6186, 1.6481]$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $[48.9928, 0.3559, 6.7154]$, and $[14.5564, 1.1699, 3.4242]$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $[28.5031, 2.0315, 6.6834]$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $[31.8504, -0.6867, 3.4598]$.

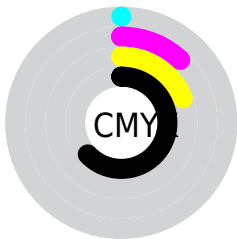
Distribution



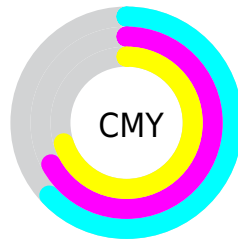
- Red (37%)
- Green (33%)
- Blue (30%)



- Red (37%)
- Yellow (34%)
- Blue (30%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (12%)
- Yellow (19%)
- Black (63%)



- Cyan (63%)
- Magenta (67%)
- Yellow (70%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 30.1463, 0.6161, 5.1393 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 30.1463, 0.6161, 5.1393 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 30.1463, 0.6161,
5.1393

■ 30.1463, 0.6161,
5.1393

■ 135.6599, -3.6048,
13.4028

■ 21.9064, 0.8374,
4.2895

■ 49.0572, -0.0130,
6.8606

■ 14.5937, 0.9834,
3.4316

■ 59.6013, -0.4049,
7.7410

■ 8.2540, 1.2560,
3.3360

■ 70.8083, -0.8421,
8.6382

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 82.6410, -1.3211,
9.5532

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 95.0681, -1.8391,
10.4869

0.0000, NaN, NaN

108.0623, -2.3937,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

11.4396

0.0000, NaN, NaN

121.5999, -2.9828,
12.4115

■ 30.1463, 0.6161,
5.1393

■ 30.1463, 0.6161,
5.1393

■ 28.5031, 2.0315,
6.6834

■ 31.8504, -0.6867,
3.4598

■ 26.9248, 3.5701,
8.0717

■ 33.6080, -1.8831,
1.6602

■ 25.4191, 5.2373,
9.2827

■ 35.4151, -2.9830,
-0.2449

■ 23.9937, 7.0358,
10.2926

■ 37.2675, -3.9950,
-2.2436

■ 22.6570, 8.9628,
11.0762

■ 39.1616, -4.9273,
-4.3258

■ 21.4180, 11.0073,
11.6095

■ 41.0942, -5.7875,
-6.4827

■ 20.2860, 13.1466,
11.8742

■ 43.0626, -6.5826,
-8.7072

■ 19.2563, 15.2809,
12.0624

■ 45.0642, -7.3186,
-10.9929

■ 19.1729, 15.4579,
12.0849

■ 47.0970, -8.0013,
-13.3347

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



30.1470, 2.3495, 3.7487



30.1463, 0.6161, 5.1393



30.1470, -1.6720, 5.6112

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



30.1470, 0.6152, 5.1398



30.1470, -5.9745, 1.5821



30.1470, 0.7254, -2.2685

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



30.1463, 0.6161, 5.1393



30.2668, -3.3745, -2.1532

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



30.1470, -1.5484, -2.9555



30.1463, 0.6161, 5.1393



30.1470, -5.3755, -0.6309

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



30.1470, 0.6152, 5.1398



30.1470, -5.4342, 3.6542



30.1470, -3.7728, -2.3350



30.1470, 2.4144, -0.5214

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



30.1463, 0.6161, 5.1393



30.1470, -3.1890, 5.3712



30.1470, -3.7728, -2.3350



30.1470, 0.0018, -2.6367

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



30.1470, 0.6152, 5.1398



42.8279, -1.3917, 3.8884



28.7026, 5.2745, -0.8914



20.9242, -0.6530, 1.9446



71.2094, -3.7996, 3.8689



21.6712, -1.1563, 1.1774

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



30.1470, 0.6152, 5.1398



38.8886, 1.6502, 7.7576



32.4631, -3.2592, 7.4586



15.7337, -0.3599, 1.6761



22.3502, 18.6960, 14.0994



50.7231, 47.8608, 32.0932

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



30.2668, -3.3745, -2.1532



39.0832, -4.8534, -4.1315



27.9424, 0.4970, -5.2434



15.7613, -1.2740, 0.0053



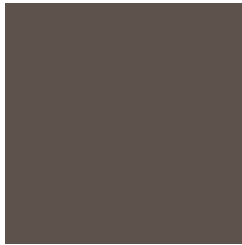
22.6539, -1.8045, -24.4200



51.3253, -1.4207, -61.0852

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 30.1463, 0.6161, 5.1393 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

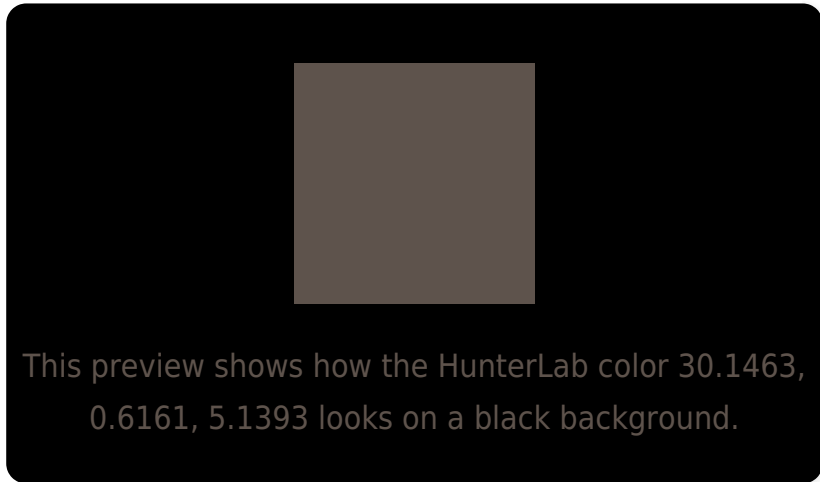
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

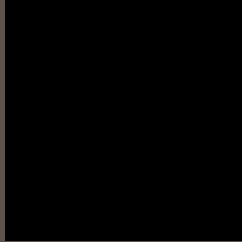
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 30.1463, 0.6161, 5.1393 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 30.1463, 0.6161, 5.1393.

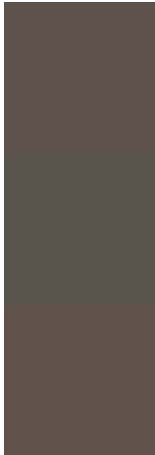


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 30.1463, 0.6161,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

30.1463, 0.6161, 5.1393

Protanopia

30.2600, -1.5883, 4.8613

Deuteranopia

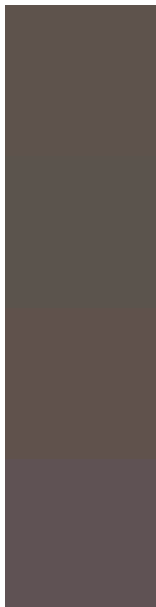
30.1625, 1.9658, 5.1801



Tritanopia

30.0372, 3.4335, 0.3450

Trichromacy



Original Color

30.1463, 0.6161, 5.1393

Protanomaly

30.1672, -0.5793, 4.7795

Deuteranomaly

30.0719, 1.6608, 5.0784

Tritanomaly

30.1788, 2.4123, 2.1599

Monochromacy



Original Color

30.1463, 0.6161, 5.1393

Achromatopsia

30.1400, -1.6082, 1.6376

Achromatomaly

30.0409, -0.7712, 2.7427

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 30.1463, 0.6161, 5.1393 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(94, 83, 76)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(94, 83, 76)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(94, 83, 76) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(94, 83, 76) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 30.1463, 0.6161, 5.1393 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(94, 83, 76) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(94, 83, 76) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(94, 83, 76)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(94, 83, 76); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(94, 83, 76);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(94, 83, 76)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 30.1463, 0.6161, 5.1393 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(94, 83, 76) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(94, 83,  
76) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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