

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(30.1240, 7.5431,  
-18.8720)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(30.1240, 7.5431,  
-18.8720) contains.

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# Color

**HunterLab(30.1287, 7.4858,  
-18.8291)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	54507C
RGB	84, 80, 124
RGB Percent	33%, 31%, 49%
CMY	0.6706, 0.6863, 0.5137
CMYK	0.32, 0.35, 0.00, 0.51
HSL	245°, 22%, 40%
HSV	245°, 35%, 49%
XYZ	10.1629, 9.0774, 20.2853
YIQ	86.2120, -11.7400, 14.5320

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

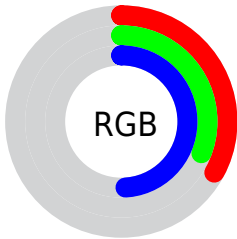
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	84, 80, 124
Decimal	5525628
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	36.13, 12.61, -24.34
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	36, 27.413, 297.379
Y <sub>xy</sub>	9.0777, 0.2571, 0.2297
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4283715708 (0xFF54507C)
Y <sub>UV</sub>	86.2120, 18.6295, -1.9399
Hunter-Lab	30.1287, 7.4858, -18.8291

# Details

The HunterLab color  $30.1287, 7.4858, -18.8291$  is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex  $666699$ . A complement of this color would be  $43.5749, -9.0690, 16.3649$ , and the grayscale version is  $30.5208, -1.6285, 1.6583$ .

A 20% lighter version of the original color is  $49.0161, 8.0958, -19.9682$ , and  $14.6452, 6.4070, -17.8123$  is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get  $26.3579, 10.8168, -26.4631$ , and if you desaturate by 10%, it is  $34.0984, 4.4447, -12.0679$ .

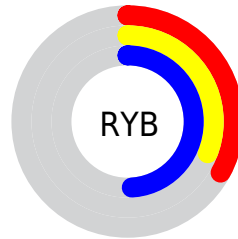
# Distribution



Red (33%)

Green (31%)

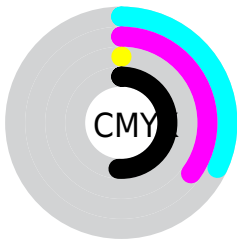
Blue (49%)



Red (33%)

Yellow (31%)

Blue (49%)

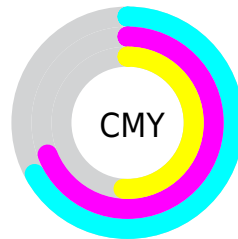


Cyan (32%)

Magenta (35%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (51%)



Cyan (67%)

Magenta (69%)

Yellow (51%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 30.1287, 7.4858, -18.8291 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 30.1287, 7.4858, -18.8291 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 30.1287, 7.4858,  
-18.8291

■ 30.1287, 7.4858,  
-18.8291

■ 135.6307, 7.2552,  
-21.3874

■ 21.8905, 7.1142,  
-18.3069

■ 49.0364, 7.9164,  
-19.7945

■ 14.5798, 6.6089,  
-17.8622

■ 59.5791, 8.0052,  
-20.1966

■ 8.2403, 6.3341,  
-18.1444

■ 70.7847, 8.0230,  
-20.5382

0.0000, NaN, -NF

0.0000, NaN, -NF

■ 82.6163, 7.9770,  
-20.8197

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 95.0422, 7.8729,  
-21.0429

0.0000, NaN, NaN

108.0352, 7.7154,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

-21.2102

0.0000, NaN, NaN

121.5717, 7.5084,  
-21.3242

■ 30.1287, 7.4858,  
-18.8291

■ 30.1287, 7.4858,  
-18.8291

■ 26.3579, 10.8168,  
-26.4631

■ 34.0984, 4.4447,  
-12.0679

■ 22.8330, 14.5044,  
-35.1924

■ 38.2308, 1.6311,  
-5.9868

■ 19.6250, 18.5857,  
-45.1920

■ 42.5017, -1.0077,  
-0.4296

■ 16.8340, 22.9849,  
-56.3860

■ 46.8927, -3.5127,  
4.7232

■ 14.5935, 27.3440,  
-68.0013

■ 51.3898, -5.9151,  
9.5622

■ 13.0010, 31.0538,  
-78.4079

■ 55.9821, -8.2390,  
14.1560

■ 12.3623, 32.9422,  
-83.2607

■ 60.6609, -10.5027,  
18.5570

■ 65.4189, -12.7203,  
22.8057

■ 70.2505, -14.9028,  
26.9333

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



30.1293, -2.4599, -22.1033



30.1287, 7.4858, -18.8291



30.1293, 15.8216, -9.6171

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



30.1293, 7.4855, -18.8283



30.1293, 9.1533, 13.1082



30.1293, -18.1123, 2.4425

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



30.1287, 7.4858, -18.8291



43.5749, -9.0690, 16.3649

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



30.1293, -15.8022, 9.7426



30.1287, 7.4858, -18.8291



30.1293, -0.7490, 14.5513

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



30.1293, 7.4855, -18.8283



30.1293, 16.8672, 8.7298



30.1293, -9.7387, 13.5493



30.1293, -16.4866, -7.7453



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



30.1287, 7.4858, -18.8291



30.1293, 18.9056, -2.5133



30.1293, -9.7387, 13.5493



30.1293, -17.7777, 5.2751

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



30.1293, 7.4855, -18.8283



53.0862, 0.6611, -4.7551



40.8341, -11.5579, -2.7282



25.4649, 0.5068, -2.7005



79.8926, -4.2629, 4.3407



28.9024, -1.5422, 1.5703



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



30.1293, 7.4855, -18.8283



35.6782, 13.6753, -33.5402



31.9948, 13.2524, -15.3899



19.7721, -0.0397, -1.1408



12.4620, 33.2124, -83.9682



26.9043, 72.3031, -185.9350



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



33.7325, 18.0740, -10.1304



41.7927, 30.5696, -17.3132



41.9642, -15.0397, 14.8715



20.1780, 1.3077, -0.3685



23.5835, 45.4994, -24.3876



51.4438, 99.1498, -52.4217



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 30.1287, 7.4858, -18.8291 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass



# Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 30.1287, 7.4858, -18.8291 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

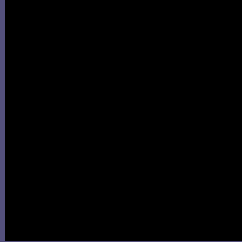
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# HunterLab 30.1287, 7.4858, -18.8291 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 30.1287, 7.4858, -18.8291.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 30.1287, 7.4858, -18.8291.

-18.8291.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

30.1287, 7.4858, -18.8291

### Protanopia

30.2903, 3.1335, -20.5822

### Deuteranopia

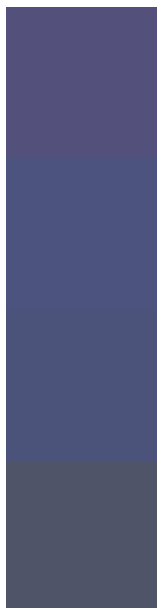
30.1211, 2.2303, -18.2859



## Tritanopia

30.0394, -2.8677, -1.9799

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

30.1287, 7.4858, -18.8291

## Protanomaly

30.3129, 4.4297, -19.8513

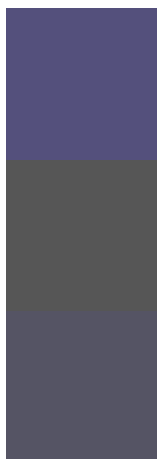
## Deuteranomaly

30.1868, 3.7626, -18.1383

## Tritanomaly

30.0759, 0.6472, -7.2742

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

30.1287, 7.4858, -18.8291

## Achromatopsia

30.5056, -1.6277, 1.6574

## Achromatomaly

30.3184, 1.2074, -4.8744

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 30.1287, 7.4858, -18.8291 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(84, 80, 124)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(84, 80, 124)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(84, 80, 124) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(84, 80, 124) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 30.1287, 7.4858, -18.8291 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(84, 80, 124) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(84, 80, 124) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(84, 80, 124)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(84, 80, 124); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(84, 80, 124);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(84, 80,  
124) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 30.1287, 7.4858, -18.8291 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(84, 80, 124) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(84, 80,  
124) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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