

Converting Colors

HunterLab(30.1766, -21.0986,
21.1236)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(30.1766, -21.0986,
21.1236) contains.

| | |
|--|----|
| HunterLab(30.4622, -19.9619, 18.4212) | 3 |
| <i>Conversions</i> | 4 |
| <i>Details</i> | 6 |
| <i>Harmonies</i> | 12 |
| <i>Previews</i> | 24 |
| <i>Color Blindness Simulation</i> | 28 |
| <i>CSS Examples</i> | 31 |

Color

**HunterLab(30.4622,
-19.9619, 18.4212)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

| Format | Color |
|---------------|---------------------------|
| Hex | 346100 |
| RGB | 52, 97, 0 |
| RGB Percent | 20%, 38%, 0% |
| CMY | 0.7961, 0.6196, 1.0000 |
| CMYK | 0.46, 0.00, 1.00, 0.62 |
| HSL | 88°, 100%, 19% |
| HSV | 88°, 100%, 38% |
| XYZ | 5.6909, 9.2795, 1.4912 |
| YIQ | 72.4870, 4.3170, -39.7070 |

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

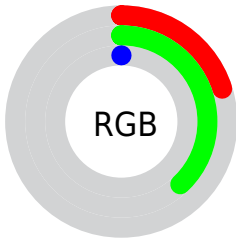
| Format | Color |
|-------------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| RYB | 0, 97, 45 |
| Decimal | 3432704 |
| CIELab | 36.52, -30.76, 42.70 |
| CIELCh | 37, 52.622, 125.771 |
| Yxy | 9.2799, 0.3457, 0.5637 |
| Android (android.graphics.Color) | 4281622784 (0xFF346100) |
| YUV | 72.4870, -35.7361, -17.9671 |
| Hunter-Lab | 30.4622, -19.9619, 18.4212 |

Details

The HunterLab color $[30.4622, -19.9619, 18.4212]$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 336600 . A complement of this color would be $[11.9216, 27.6536, -48.4169]$, and the grayscale version is $[25.7521, -1.3741, 1.3992]$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $[49.4048, -24.9917, 25.5155]$, and $[15.1037, -12.9514, 9.0801]$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $[30.4627, -19.9630, 18.4215]$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $[30.7023, -18.9208, 18.0492]$.

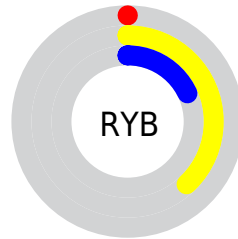
Distribution



Red (20%)

Green (38%)

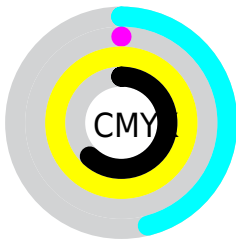
Blue (0%)



Red (0%)

Yellow (38%)

Blue (18%)

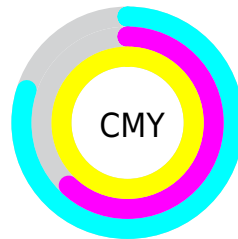


Cyan (46%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (100%)

Black (62%)



Cyan (80%)

Magenta (62%)

Yellow (100%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 30.4622, -19.9619, 18.4212 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 30.4622, -19.9619, 18.4212 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 30.4622, -19.9619,
18.4212

■ 30.4622, -19.9619,
18.4212

■ 136.1808,
-40.2719, 45.7377

■ 22.1905, -17.1384,
14.9683

■ 49.4286, -25.0411,
25.4876

■ 14.8420, -13.9990,
10.3894

■ 59.9975, -27.3958,
28.7184

■ 8.4944, -14.8651,
5.9461

■ 71.2278, -29.6667,
31.7989

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 83.0827, -31.8724,
34.7570

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 95.5309, -34.0265,
37.6145

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 108.5453,

-36.1394, 40.3885

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 122.1022,
-38.2191, 43.0926

■ 30.4622, -19.9619,
18.4212

■ 30.4622, -19.9619,
18.4212

■ 30.4627, -19.9630,
18.4215

■ 30.7023, -18.9208,
18.0492

■ 30.9682, -17.7636,
17.5569

■ 31.2730, -16.4212,
16.7661

■ 31.6182, -14.8889,
15.6546

■ 32.0051, -13.1659,
14.2087

■ 32.4342, -11.2543,
12.4209

■ 32.9059, -9.1588,
10.2893

■ 33.4202, -6.8862,
7.8166

■ 33.9769, -4.4447,
5.0093

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



30.4629, -5.1673, 19.8808



30.4622, -19.9619, 18.4212



30.4629, -28.0197, 12.6397

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



30.4629, -19.9625, 18.4213



30.4629, -15.0521, -49.1049



30.4629, 43.1660, 4.9083

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



30.4622, -19.9619, 18.4212



11.9216, 27.6536, -48.4169

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



30.4629, 38.7005, -16.0348



30.4622, -19.9619, 18.4212



30.4629, 2.0826, -55.9799

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



30.4629, -19.9625, 18.4213



30.4629, -25.7017, -25.9634



30.4629, 22.4342, -41.3389



30.4629, 33.4787, 15.6627

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



30.4622, -19.9619, 18.4212



30.4629, -29.8826, 4.0796



30.4629, 22.4342, -41.3389



30.4629, 43.2943, -0.9800

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



30.4629, -19.9625, 18.4213



43.0243, -12.2409, 13.7336



20.7778, 13.6194, 13.0412



21.3472, -6.5054, 7.2643



72.2857, -3.8570, 3.9274



22.5557, -1.2035, 1.2255

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



30.4629, -19.9625, 18.4213



39.8085, -26.4366, 24.0670



29.2936, -24.8443, 17.6153



17.0744, -2.0872, 2.3447



35.4932, -23.4468, 21.4603



81.7135, -55.5156, 49.3796

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



11.9216, 27.6536, -48.4169



15.4210, 36.0019, -64.3994



17.7380, 35.2411, -26.2564



16.0207, 0.3639, -0.6515



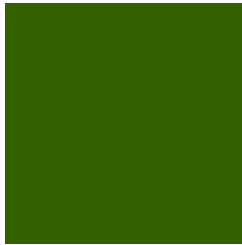
13.8053, 32.1479, -57.0166



31.0911, 73.4215, -136.3188

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 30.4622, -19.9619, 18.4212 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

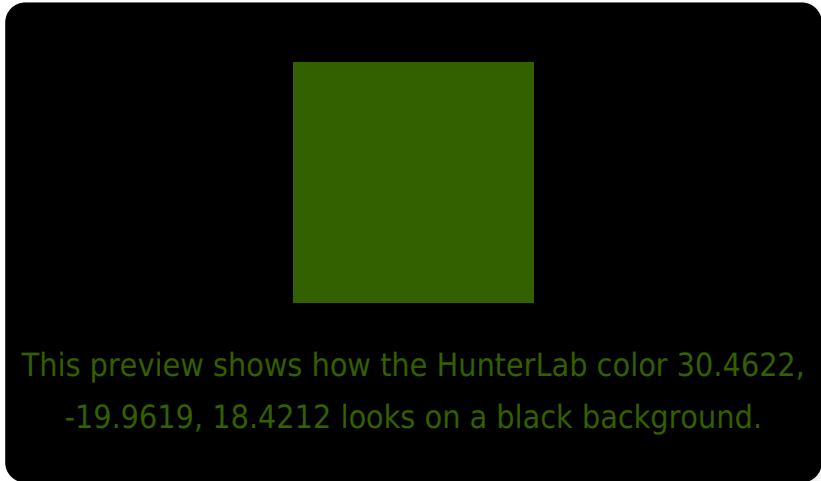
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 30.4622, -19.9619, 18.4212 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 30.4622, -19.9619, 18.4212.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 30.4622, -19.9619, 18.4212.

-19.9619, 18.4212.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

30.4622, -19.9619, 18.4212

Protanopia

30.3265, -4.4679, 18.6088

Deuteranopia

30.2052, 1.8226, 17.3451



Tritanopia

30.4391, -6.7762, -3.3907

Trichromacy



Original Color

30.4622, -19.9619, 18.4212

Protanomaly

30.1026, -10.8779, 18.3586

Deuteranomaly

29.8666, -7.4104, 17.5181

Tritanomaly

30.2277, -13.6449, 9.4482

Monochromacy



Original Color

30.4622, -19.9619, 18.4212

Achromatopsia

25.4565, -1.3583, 1.3831

Achromatomaly

26.8439, -9.6359, 10.6634

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 30.4622, -19.9619, 18.4212 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(52, 97, 0)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(52, 97, 0)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(52, 97, 0) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(52, 97, 0) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 30.4622, -19.9619, 18.4212 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(52, 97, 0) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(52, 97, 0) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(52, 97, 0)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(52, 97, 0); -webkit-box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(52, 97, 0); box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(52, 97, 0) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 30.4622, -19.9619, 18.4212 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(52, 97, 0) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(52, 97,  
0) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor