

Converting Colors

HunterLab(30.1820, -8.6564,
-3.1566)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(30.1820, -8.6564,
-3.1566) contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(30.3258, -8.6907,
-3.1013)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	395B60
RGB	57, 91, 96
RGB Percent	22%, 36%, 38%
CMY	0.7765, 0.6431, 0.6235
CMYK	0.41, 0.05, 0.00, 0.62
HSL	188°, 25%, 30%
HSV	188°, 41%, 38%
XYZ	7.5397, 9.1965, 12.4440
YIQ	81.4040, -21.8690, -5.6530

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

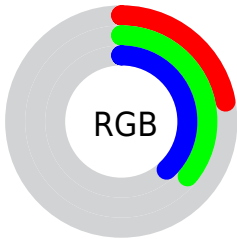
Format	Color
RYB	57, 75, 96
Decimal	3758944
CIELab	36.36, -10.85, -6.78
CIELCh	36, 12.797, 211.999
Yxy	9.1969, 0.2584, 0.3152
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4281949024 (0xFF395B60)
YUV	81.4040, 7.1958, -21.4023
Hunter-Lab	30.3258, -8.6907, -3.1013

Details

The HunterLab color **30.3258, -8.6907, -3.1013** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **336666**. A complement of this color would be **24.9551, 8.4382, 6.3277**, and the grayscale version is **28.8123, -1.5374, 1.5654**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **49.1826, -11.0982, -2.6710**, and **14.6925, -6.1002, -3.2306** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **29.5504, -9.7971, -4.1665**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **31.1743, -7.3387, -1.9662**.

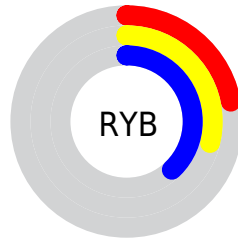
Distribution



 Red (22%)

 Green (36%)

 Blue (38%)




 Red (22%)

 Yellow (29%)

 Blue (38%)

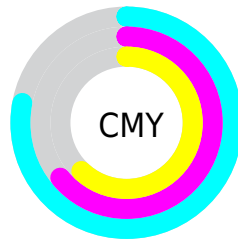


 Cyan (41%)

 Magenta (5%)

 Yellow (0%)

 Black (62%)



 Cyan (78%)

 Magenta (64%)

 Yellow (62%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 30.3258, -8.6907, -3.1013 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 30.3258, -8.6907, -3.1013 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 30.3258, -8.6907,
-3.1013

■ 30.3258, -8.6907,
-3.1013

■ 135.9559,
-19.2851, -0.0771

■ 22.0677, -7.4658,
-3.1469

■ 49.2682, -11.0569,
-2.7917

■ 14.7346, -6.1799,
-3.1050

■ 59.8264, -12.2227,
-2.5452

■ 8.3915, -6.0838,
-3.0857

■ 71.0467, -13.3863,
-2.2453

0.0000, NaN, -NF

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 82.8920, -14.5521,
-1.8966

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 95.3311, -15.7229,
-1.5026

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 108.3367,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

-16.9010, -1.0664

0.0000, NaN, NaN

121.8853,
-18.0880, -0.5905

■ 30.3258, -8.6907,
-3.1013

■ 30.3258, -8.6907,
-3.1013

■ 29.5504, -9.7971,
-4.1665

■ 31.1743, -7.3387,
-1.9662

■ 28.8468, -10.6467,
-5.1565

■ 32.0928, -5.7543,
-0.7701

■ 28.2152, -11.2341,
-6.0651

■ 33.0800, -3.9541,
0.4798

■ 27.6537, -11.5607,
-6.8890

■ 34.1334, -1.9557,
1.7760

■ 27.1586, -11.6373,
-7.6280

■ 35.2503, 0.2229,
3.1115

■ 26.7170, -11.6248,
-8.2992

■ 36.4280, 2.5642,
4.4800

■ 37.6636, 5.0513,
5.8757

■ 38.9540, 7.6686,
7.2937

■ 40.2963, 10.4015,
8.7298

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



30.3264, -9.8804, 1.3589



30.3258, -8.6907, -3.1013



30.3264, -5.6204, -6.6589

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



30.3264, -8.6910, -3.1008



30.3264, 6.5013, -2.5240



30.3264, -1.9245, 8.8483

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



30.3258, -8.6907, -3.1013



24.9551, 8.4382, 6.3277

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



30.3264, 2.5997, 8.1202



30.3258, -8.6907, -3.1013



30.3264, 7.6322, 1.9397

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



30.3264, -8.6910, -3.1008



30.3264, 3.1588, -6.2928



30.3264, 6.1653, 5.7395



30.3264, -6.1197, 7.8967

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



30.3258, -8.6907, -3.1013



30.3264, -2.8284, -7.8055



30.3264, 6.1653, 5.7395



30.3264, -0.3919, 8.7923

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



30.3264, -8.6910, -3.1008



43.5482, -5.6677, 0.3423



30.9494, -15.3602, 10.1944



21.6475, -2.9207, 0.1050



72.2857, -3.8570, 3.9274



22.5557, -1.2035, 1.2255

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



30.3264, -8.6910, -3.1008



39.1236, -12.9495, -5.4965



25.1850, -0.7478, -10.5466



16.8637, -1.8360, 0.3558



31.4256, -13.6071, -9.9055



72.0154, -30.6540, -23.8398

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



24.8367, 15.2931, -8.0563



30.4611, 25.7141, -13.5987



29.4528, 0.0249, 10.3564



16.1970, 0.9287, -0.1716



20.8238, 39.8795, -19.2428



48.0365, 91.8443, -43.2255

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 30.3258, -8.6907, -3.1013 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 30.3258, -8.6907, -3.1013 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

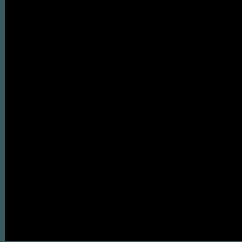
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 30.3258, -8.6907, -3.1013 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 30.3258, -8.6907, -3.1013.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 30.3258, -8.6907, -3.1013.

-3.1013.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

30.3258, -8.6907, -3.1013

Protanopia

30.3332, -0.5532, -1.1096

Deuteranopia

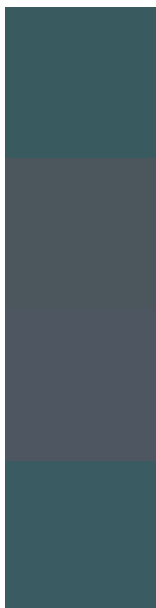
30.2375, 2.1168, -3.9884



Tritanopia

30.4361, -8.1596, -3.8981

Trichromacy



Original Color

30.3258, -8.6907, -3.1013

Protanomaly

30.1704, -3.7773, -1.8264

Deuteranomaly

30.1603, -2.2019, -3.6860

Tritanomaly

30.4052, -8.3354, -3.4634

Monochromacy



Original Color

30.3258, -8.6907, -3.1013

Achromatopsia

28.6850, -1.5306, 1.5585

Achromatomaly

29.2346, -4.7523, 0.0756

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 30.3258, -8.6907, -3.1013 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(57, 91, 96)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(57, 91, 96)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(57, 91, 96) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(57, 91, 96) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 30.3258, -8.6907, -3.1013 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(57, 91, 96) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(57, 91, 96) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(57, 91, 96)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(57, 91, 96); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(57, 91, 96);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(57, 91, 96)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 30.3258, -8.6907, -3.1013 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(57, 91, 96) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(57, 91,  
96) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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