

Converting Colors

HunterLab(30.2063, 1.9722,
-34.7301)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(30.2063, 1.9722,
-34.7301) contains.

HunterLab(30.2063, 1.9722, -34.7301)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**HunterLab(30.2063, 1.9722,
-34.7301)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	255692
RGB	37, 86, 146
RGB Percent	15%, 34%, 57%
CMY	0.8549, 0.6627, 0.4274
CMYK	0.75, 0.41, 0.00, 0.43
HSL	213°, 60%, 36%
HSV	213°, 75%, 57%
XYZ	9.2790, 9.1242, 28.4662
YIQ	78.1890, -48.4640, 8.2720

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

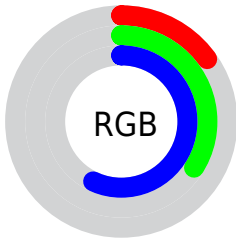
Format	Color
R_{YB}	37, 71, 146
Decimal	2446994
CIE Lab	36.22, 5.13, -37.85
CIE LCh	36, 38.192, 277.723
Yxy	9.1245, 0.1980, 0.1947
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4280637074 (0xFF255692)
YUV	78.1890, 33.4308, -36.1228
Hunter-Lab	30.2063, 1.9722, -34.7301

Details

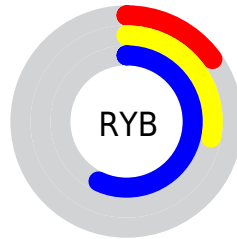
The HunterLab color **30.2063, 1.9722, -34.7301** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **336699**. A complement of this color would be **38.4648, 9.0876, 21.1621**, and the grayscale version is **27.5667, -1.4709, 1.4978**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **49.0301, 1.6418, -35.8374**, and **15.7548, 5.2122, -30.9438** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **27.7384, 4.5481, -40.9552**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **32.8743, -0.0261, -28.7894**.

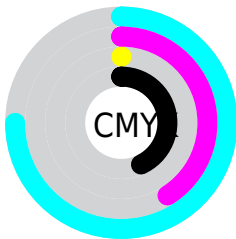
Distribution



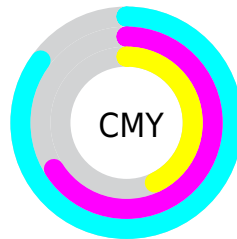
- Red (15%)
- Green (34%)
- Blue (57%)



- Red (15%)
- Yellow (28%)
- Blue (57%)



- Cyan (75%)
- Magenta (41%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (43%)



- Cyan (85%)
- Magenta (66%)
- Yellow (43%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 30.2063, 1.9722, -34.7301 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 30.2063, 1.9722, -34.7301 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 30.2063, 1.9722,
-34.7301

■ 30.2063, 1.9722,
-34.7301

■ 135.7586, -1.4173,
-39.7752

■ 21.9601, 2.0689,
-34.4017

■ 49.1276, 1.5669,
-35.9227

■ 14.6406, 2.0747,
-34.6643

■ 59.6763, 1.2753,
-36.5764

■ 8.3001, 2.2512,
-37.1409

■ 70.8877, 0.9327,
-37.2132

0.0000, NaN, -NF

0.0000, NaN, -NF

■ 82.7247, 0.5435,
-37.8164

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 95.1558, 0.1112,
-38.3774

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 108.1538, -0.3613,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

-38.8918

0.0000, NaN, NaN

121.6951, -0.8715,
-39.3579

■ 30.2063, 1.9722,
-34.7301

■ 30.2063, 1.9722,
-34.7301

■ 27.7384, 4.5481,
-40.9552

■ 32.8743, -0.0261,
-28.7894

■ 25.4889, 7.7187,
-47.4158

■ 35.7188, -1.5006,
-23.1566

■ 24.3485, 9.5500,
-51.0492

■ 38.7199, -2.5127,
-17.8264

■ 41.8596, -3.1235,
-12.7791

■ 45.1225, -3.3888,
-7.9879

■ 48.4954, -3.3574,
-3.4237

■ 51.9673, -3.0709,
0.9420

■ 55.5289, -2.5643,
5.1355

■ 59.1721, -1.8669,
9.1804

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



30.2068, -10.8797, -31.5109



30.2063, 1.9722, -34.7301



30.2068, 16.0614, -25.3057

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



30.2068, 1.9727, -34.7294



30.2068, 21.9130, 13.2276



30.2068, -22.1607, 9.6196

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



30.2063, 1.9722, -34.7301



38.4648, 9.0876, 21.1621

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



30.2068, -15.9744, 15.4233



30.2063, 1.9722, -34.7301



30.2068, 8.9251, 16.7730

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



30.2068, 1.9727, -34.7294



30.2068, 28.8256, 4.7925



30.2068, -5.0396, 17.3464



30.2068, -23.3602, -1.8842

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



30.2063, 1.9722, -34.7301



30.2068, 23.7568, -14.8355



30.2068, -5.0396, 17.3464



30.2068, -20.6559, 12.1207

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



30.2068, 1.9727, -34.7294



60.9083, -4.5237, -9.2468



46.7050, -31.2941, 13.8893



28.2344, -2.1218, -5.0501



85.4018, -4.5568, 4.6400



33.5864, -1.7921, 1.8248

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



30.2068, 1.9727, -34.7294



34.6707, 8.9845, -60.5179



19.7506, 27.1077, -68.9906



24.5694, -1.5759, -0.5005



22.9355, 8.7598, -47.5773



3.4912, -0.7080, -2.8354

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



28.4720, 39.1714, -0.1039



34.7446, 58.4776, 3.8729



51.2981, -14.8849, 29.3254



24.1994, 1.1902, 0.7849



23.9257, 42.4224, 4.2284



2.7544, 5.0818, -1.0479

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 30.2063, 1.9722, -34.7301 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 30.2063, 1.9722, -34.7301 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

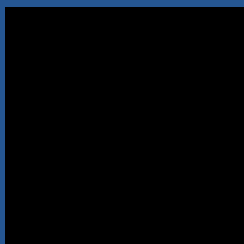
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 30.2063, 1.9722, -34.7301 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 30.2063, 1.9722, -34.7301.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 30.2063, 1.9722, -34.7301.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

30.2063, 1.9722, -34.7301

Protanopia

30.2165, 5.6908, -32.2714

Deuteranopia

30.2373, 2.0764, -34.6543



Tritanopia

29.9411, -14.2363, -6.6917

Trichromacy



Original Color

30.2063, 1.9722, -34.7301

Protanomaly

30.1402, 4.2305, -33.2577

Deuteranomaly

30.2373, 2.0764, -34.6543

Tritanomaly

29.7922, -9.1348, -15.9118

Monochromacy



Original Color

30.2063, 1.9722, -34.7301

Achromatopsia

27.6017, -1.4728, 1.4997

Achromatomaly

28.1441, -2.0617, -9.7264

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 30.2063, 1.9722, -34.7301 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(37, 86, 146)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(37, 86, 146)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(37, 86, 146) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(37, 86, 146) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 30.2063, 1.9722, -34.7301 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(37, 86, 146) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(37, 86, 146) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(37, 86, 146) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(37, 86, 146); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(37, 86, 146);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(37, 86,  
146) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 30.2063, 1.9722, -34.7301 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(37, 86, 146) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(37, 86,  
146) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor