

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(30.2218, -14.1613,  
-2.5556)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(30.2218, -14.1613,  
-2.5556) contains.

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# Color

**HunterLab(30.1006,  
-14.1185, -2.5582)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	1C5E5E
RGB	28, 94, 94
RGB Percent	11%, 37%, 37%
CMY	0.8902, 0.6314, 0.6314
CMYK	0.70, 0.00, 0.00, 0.63
HSL	180°, 54%, 24%
HSV	180°, 70%, 37%
XYZ	6.5020, 9.0605, 11.9959
YIQ	74.2660, -39.3360, -13.9920

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

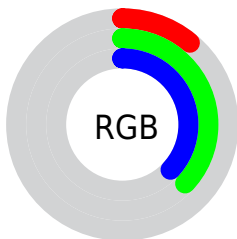
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	28, 61, 94
Decimal	1859166
CIE Lab	36.10, -20.08, -6.05
CIE LCh	36, 20.972, 196.765
Yxy	9.0608, 0.2359, 0.3288
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4280049246 (0xFF1C5E5E)
YUV	74.2660, 9.7289, -40.5753
Hunter-Lab	30.1006, -14.1185, -2.5582

# Details

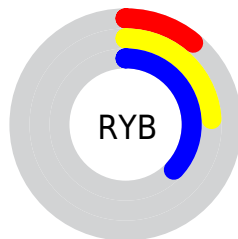
The HunterLab color **30.1006, -14.1185, -2.5582** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **336666**. A complement of this color would be **18.1502, 19.7826, 7.9408**, and the grayscale version is **26.2405, -1.4001, 1.4257**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **49.0952, -17.8302, -1.9245**, and **14.9881, -7.7693, -1.9621** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **29.9138, -14.8507, -2.8166**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **30.3557, -13.1320, -2.2088**.

# Distribution



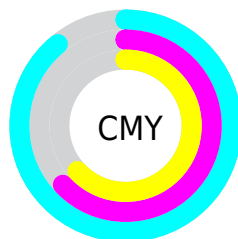
- Red (11%)
- Green (37%)
- Blue (37%)



- Red (11%)
- Yellow (24%)
- Blue (37%)



- Cyan (70%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (63%)



- Cyan (89%)
- Magenta (63%)
- Yellow (63%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 30.1006, -14.1185, -2.5582 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 30.1006, -14.1185, -2.5582 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



30.1006, -14.1185,  
-2.5582

30.1006, -14.1185,  
-2.5582

135.5842,  
-29.1323, 0.7352

21.8652, -12.1701,  
-2.6412

49.0034, -17.7140,  
-2.1794

14.5577, -10.0456,  
-2.6383

59.5438, -19.4198,  
-1.9008

8.2185, -11.0858,  
-2.6998

70.7474, -21.0870,  
-1.5702

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

82.5769, -22.7262,  
-1.1920

0.0000, NaN, NaN

95.0009, -24.3452,  
-0.7697

0.0000, NaN, NaN

107.9922,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

-25.9497, -0.3061

0.0000, NaN, NaN

121.5270,  
-27.5443, 0.1962

30.1006, -14.1185,  
-2.5582

30.1006, -14.1185,  
-2.5582

29.9138, -14.8507,  
-2.8166

30.3557, -13.1320,  
-2.2088

29.7880, -15.3452,  
-2.9914

30.6815, -11.8825,  
-1.7665

29.6882, -15.7394,  
-3.1307

31.0814, -10.3689,  
-1.2304

31.5570, -8.5960,  
-0.6019

32.1091, -6.5735,  
0.1157

■ 32.7375, -4.3156,  
0.9178

■ 33.4414, -1.8392,  
1.7985

■ 34.2193, 0.8366,  
2.7515

■ 35.0692, 3.6920,  
3.7698

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



30.1012, -14.3075, 4.5908



30.1006, -14.1185, -2.5582



30.1012, -10.7946, -10.0596

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



30.1012, -14.1186, -2.5578



30.1012, 9.5413, -9.2548



30.1012, 1.7383, 12.1044

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



30.1006, -14.1185, -2.5582



18.1502, 19.7826, 7.9408

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



30.1012, 8.8330, 9.9634



30.1006, -14.1185, -2.5582



30.1012, 13.6242, -1.6469

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



30.1012, -14.1186, -2.5578



30.1012, 2.6315, -14.5235



30.1012, 13.3530, 5.3060



30.1012, -5.6246, 11.9742



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



30.1006, -14.1185, -2.5582



30.1012, -7.0466, -13.7429



30.1012, 13.3530, 5.3060



30.1012, 4.2470, 11.6538

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



30.1012, -14.1186, -2.5578



42.3760, -9.1041, 0.0090



28.9003, -21.4098, 15.1791



20.6797, -4.6894, -0.0782



71.2094, -3.7996, 3.8689



21.6712, -1.1563, 1.1774



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



30.1012, -14.1186, -2.5578



39.4676, -20.1036, -3.8870



21.2404, -1.6422, -16.5015



16.1879, -1.9623, 0.5113



34.9208, -18.5136, -3.6825



81.7180, -43.3236, -8.6172



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



18.1502, 19.7826, 7.9408



21.6833, 31.6019, 12.1572



23.8436, 6.4606, 12.0730



15.3238, 0.3429, 1.2215



18.1455, 31.0747, 11.7251



42.4622, 72.7178, 27.4379



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 30.1006, -14.1185, -2.5582 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

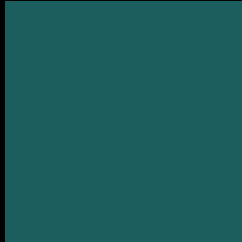
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass



# Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 30.1006, -14.1185, -2.5582 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

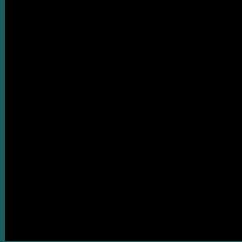
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

## HunterLab 30.1006, -14.1185, -2.5582 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 30.1006, -14.1185, -2.5582.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 30.1006,

-14.1185, -2.5582.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

30.1006, -14.1185, -2.5582

### Protanopia

29.9608, -0.7294, 0.1786

### Deuteranopia

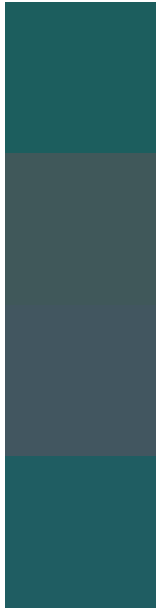
29.8729, 2.1304, -4.0012



## Tritanopia

30.1253, -12.0782, -5.8796

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

30.1006, -14.1185, -2.5582

## Protanomaly

29.6776, -7.1296, -1.1620

## Deuteranomaly

29.4251, -4.8694, -4.2517

## Tritanomaly

30.0031, -12.7395, -4.5700

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

30.1006, -14.1185, -2.5582

## Achromatopsia

26.1683, -1.3963, 1.4218

## Achromatomaly

27.1087, -7.1754, -0.4472

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 30.1006, -14.1185, -2.5582 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(28, 94, 94)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(28, 94, 94)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(28, 94, 94) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(28, 94, 94) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 30.1006, -14.1185, -2.5582 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(28, 94, 94) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(28, 94, 94) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(28, 94, 94)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(28, 94, 94); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(28, 94, 94);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(28, 94, 94)  
}
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 30.1006, -14.1185, -2.5582 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(28, 94, 94) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(28, 94,  
94) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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