

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(30.2329, 22.9410,  
-6.6533)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(30.2329, 22.9410,  
-6.6533) contains.

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# Color

**HunterLab(30.2325, 22.9416,  
-6.6536)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	7D4168
RGB	125, 65, 104
RGB Percent	49%, 25%, 41%
CMY	0.5098, 0.7451, 0.5922
CMYK	0.00, 0.48, 0.17, 0.51
HSL	321°, 32%, 37%
HSV	321°, 48%, 49%
XYZ	12.8464, 9.1400, 14.1838
YIQ	87.3860, 23.2410, 24.8490

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

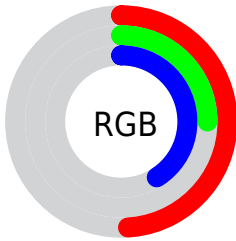
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	125, 65, 104
Decimal	8208744
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	36.25, 31.37, -11.29
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	36, 33.340, 340.200
Yxy	9.1405, 0.3552, 0.2527
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286398824 (0xFF7D4168)
YUV	87.3860, 8.1907, 32.9875
Hunter-Lab	30.2325, 22.9416, -6.6536

# Details

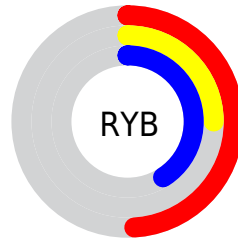
The HunterLab color **30.2325, 22.9416, -6.6536** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **663366**. A complement of this color would be **40.5749, -21.7618, 11.7550**, and the grayscale version is **30.9791, -1.6530, 1.6832**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **49.2054, 25.0327, -6.6075**, and **14.6702, 20.1136, -6.2525** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **27.8819, 27.9681, -7.7657**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **32.9078, 17.6651, -5.1638**.

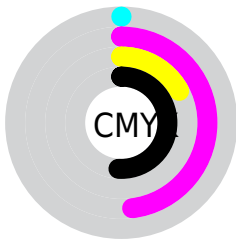
# Distribution



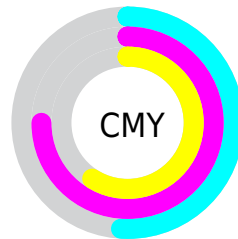
- Red (49%)
- Green (25%)
- Blue (41%)



- Red (49%)
- Yellow (25%)
- Blue (41%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (48%)
- Yellow (17%)
- Black (51%)














- Cyan (51%)
- Magenta (75%)
- Yellow (59%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 30.2325, 22.9416, -6.6536 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 30.2325, 22.9416, -6.6536 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 30.2325, 22.9416, -6.6536	 30.2325, 22.9416, -6.6536
135.8022, 29.9478, -5.2847	 21.9839, 21.6077, -6.4798
 49.1587, 25.1994, -6.7613	 14.6614, 20.1396, -6.2190
 59.7095, 26.1490, -6.7117	 8.3204, 19.0821, -6.0544
 70.9229, 26.9940, -6.6011	0.0000, INF, -NF
	0.0000, NaN, NaN
 82.7617, 27.7442, -6.4345	0.0000, NaN, NaN
	0.0000, NaN, NaN
 95.1945, 28.4081, -6.2163	0.0000, NaN, NaN
	0.0000, NaN, NaN
 108.1943, 28.9927,	

-5.9500

0.0000, NaN, NaN

121.7371, 29.5042,  
-5.6386

■ 30.2325, 22.9416,  
-6.6536

■ 30.2325, 22.9416,  
-6.6536

■ 27.8819, 27.9681,  
-7.7657

■ 32.9078, 17.6651,  
-5.1638

■ 25.9009, 32.5031,  
-8.3904

■ 35.8602, 12.3106,  
-3.3963

■ 24.3317, 36.2387,  
-8.4211

■ 39.0504, 6.9776,  
-1.4265

■ 23.1985, 38.8732,  
-7.7964

■ 42.4442, 1.7193,  
0.6896

■ 22.4175, 40.4935,  
-6.6557

■ 46.0134, -3.4416,  
2.9127

■ 22.2662, 40.8162,  
-6.4238

■ 49.7350, -8.5001,  
5.2154

■ 53.5902, -13.4611,  
7.5788

■ 57.5637, -18.3337,  
9.9899

■ 61.6428, -23.1290,  
12.4398

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



30.2332, 14.5370, -20.0232



30.2325, 22.9416, -6.6536



30.2332, 24.2281, 5.2368

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



30.2332, 22.9402, -6.6528



30.2332, -5.5436, 16.1473



30.2332, -17.1198, -15.9469

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



30.2325, 22.9416, -6.6536



40.5749, -21.7618, 11.7550

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



30.2332, -20.9256, -2.4483



30.2325, 22.9416, -6.6536



30.2332, -14.9571, 13.9586

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



30.2332, 22.9402, -6.6528



30.2332, 6.4945, 15.7582



30.2332, -20.2000, 8.1039



30.2332, -8.9503, -26.6640



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



30.2325, 22.9416, -6.6536



30.2332, 20.6979, 10.6422



30.2332, -20.2000, 8.1039



30.2332, -18.8902, -11.4087

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



30.2332, 22.9402, -6.6528



53.8890, 6.7488, -0.8924



26.9076, 15.4695, -25.9009



25.3172, 3.8237, -0.6650



79.8926, -4.2629, 4.3407



28.9024, -1.5422, 1.5703



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



30.2332, 22.9402, -6.6528



36.9074, 38.3278, -10.5525



29.3861, 18.9398, 5.3668



20.9467, 1.1471, 0.2226



22.7444, 41.6876, -6.5210

0.0000, NaN, NaN



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



30.2332, 22.9402, -6.6528



36.9074, 38.3278, -10.5525



41.2944, -17.5135, 1.4149



20.9467, 1.1471, 0.2226



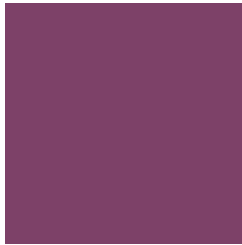
22.7444, 41.6876, -6.5210

0.0000, NaN, NaN



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 30.2325, 22.9416, -6.6536 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass



# Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 30.2325, 22.9416, -6.6536 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# HunterLab 30.2325, 22.9416, -6.6536 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 30.2325, 22.9416, -6.6536.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 30.2325, 22.9416, -6.6536.

-6.6536.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

30.2325, 22.9416, -6.6536

### Protanopia

30.5639, 1.9896, -14.3804

### Deuteranopia

30.5065, 1.9062, -5.0971



## Tritanopia

30.2752, 15.3156, 5.5332

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

30.2325, 22.9416, -6.6536

## Protanomaly

30.0345, 8.7797, -12.1795

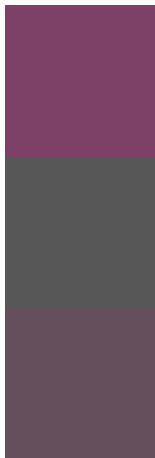
## Deuteranomaly

30.0562, 9.2786, -6.1138

## Tritanomaly

30.2309, 17.8101, 1.6730

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

30.2325, 22.9416, -6.6536

## Achromatopsia

30.8719, -1.6472, 1.6773

## Achromatomaly

30.2473, 6.8987, -1.5404

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 30.2325, 22.9416, -6.6536 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(125, 65, 104)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(125, 65, 104)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(125, 65, 104) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(125, 65, 104) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 30.2325, 22.9416, -6.6536 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(125, 65, 104) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(125, 65, 104) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(125, 65, 104) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(125, 65, 104); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(125, 65, 104);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(125, 65,  
104) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 30.2325, 22.9416, -6.6536 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(125, 65, 104) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(125, 65,  
104) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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