

Converting Colors

HunterLab(30.2658, 35.3680,
-23.5053)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(30.2658, 35.3680,
-23.5053) contains.

HunterLab(30.1955, 35.5562, -23.6348)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**HunterLab(30.1955, 35.5562,
-23.6348)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	843584
RGB	132, 53, 132
RGB Percent	52%, 21%, 52%
CMY	0.4823, 0.7921, 0.4824
CMYK	0.00, 0.60, 0.00, 0.48
HSL	300°, 43%, 36%
HSV	300°, 60%, 52%
XYZ	14.9537, 9.1177, 22.8015
YIQ	85.6270, 21.7250, 41.3170

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

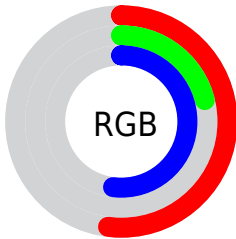
Format	Color
RYB	132, 53, 132
Decimal	8664452
CIELab	36.21, 44.88, -28.75
CIELCh	36, 53.298, 327.356
Yxy	9.1181, 0.3190, 0.1945
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286854532 (0xFF843584)
YUV	85.6270, 22.8619, 40.6691
Hunter-Lab	30.1955, 35.5562, -23.6348

Details

The HunterLab color **30.1955, 35.5562, -23.6348** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **993399**. A complement of this color would be **41.8531, -29.0479, 20.5090**, and the grayscale version is **30.2834, -1.6158, 1.6454**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **49.1637, 38.5048, -24.3842**, and **15.2140, 30.0586, -21.2078** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **28.4182, 40.9241, -27.3170**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **32.3911, 29.5089, -19.4826**.

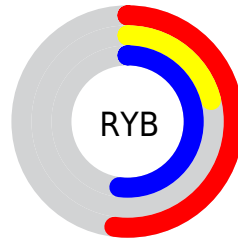
Distribution



Red (52%)

Green (21%)

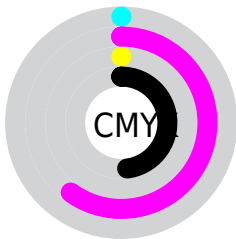
Blue (52%)



Red (52%)

Yellow (21%)

Blue (52%)

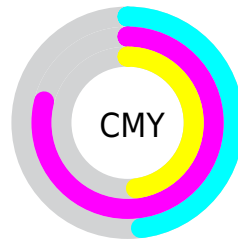


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (60%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (48%)



Cyan (48%)

Magenta (79%)

Yellow (48%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 30.1955, 35.5562, -23.6348 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 30.1955, 35.5562, -23.6348 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

30.1955, 35.5562,
-23.6348

30.1955, 35.5562,
-23.6348

135.7411, 47.1271,
-27.1916

21.9506, 33.7425,
-23.1065

49.1151, 38.8685,
-24.7543

14.6323, 31.9122,
-22.7785

59.6630, 40.3495,
-25.2642

8.2919, 30.9987,
-23.5229

70.8737, 41.7185,
-25.7225

0.0000, INF, -NF

0.0000, NaN, -NF

82.7099, 42.9826,
-26.1256

0.0000, NaN, NaN

95.1403, 44.1489,
-26.4728

0.0000, NaN, NaN

108.1376, 45.2244,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

-26.7651

0.0000, NaN, NaN

121.6782, 46.2153,
-27.0041

■ 30.1955, 35.5562,
-23.6348

■ 30.1955, 35.5562,
-23.6348

■ 28.4182, 40.9241,
-27.3170

■ 32.3911, 29.5089,
-19.4826

■ 27.0876, 45.2725,
-30.2980

■ 34.9599, 23.0970,
-15.0759

■ 26.2103, 48.3172,
-32.3843

■ 37.8562, 16.5529,
-10.5734

■ 25.6436, 50.3676,
-33.7888

■ 41.0357, 10.0287,
-6.0794

■ 25.6350, 50.3993,
-33.8105

■ 44.4592, 3.6113,
-1.6535

■ 48.0932, -2.6584,
2.6757

■ 51.9097, -8.7676,
6.8991

■ 55.8856, -14.7200,
11.0187

■ 60.0019, -20.5274,
15.0423

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



30.1962, 16.9996, -48.1158



30.1955, 35.5562, -23.6348



30.1962, 44.0277, 0.0026

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



30.1962, 35.5550, -23.6337



30.1962, 0.0845, 19.8756



30.1962, -27.6177, -18.9890

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



30.1955, 35.5562, -23.6348



41.8531, -29.0479, 20.5090

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



30.1962, -30.0493, 3.1975



30.1955, 35.5562, -23.6348



30.1962, -16.5847, 19.0595

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



30.1962, 35.5550, -23.6337



30.1962, 20.6362, 18.6794



30.1962, -26.5563, 14.9909



30.1962, -18.8454, -44.4636

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



30.1955, 35.5562, -23.6348



30.1962, 41.5737, 10.2559



30.1962, -26.5563, 14.9909



30.1962, -29.0929, -10.6173

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



30.1962, 35.5550, -23.6337



55.1001, 12.0696, -7.2134



22.2923, 16.2910, -44.0390



26.0465, 6.8804, -4.2089



82.0889, -4.3801, 4.4600



30.7619, -1.6414, 1.6714

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



30.1962, 35.5550, -23.6337



36.9815, 56.6681, -37.8688



28.6944, 29.0553, -2.9700



21.8239, 1.5413, -0.6543



25.2246, 49.5923, -33.2692



1.4847, 2.9190, -1.9582

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



30.1962, 35.5550, -23.6337



36.9815, 56.6681, -37.8688



42.4750, -25.2734, 11.4357



21.8239, 1.5413, -0.6543



25.2246, 49.5923, -33.2692



1.4847, 2.9190, -1.9582

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 30.1955, 35.5562, -23.6348 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

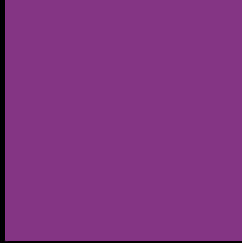
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 30.1955, 35.5562, -23.6348 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

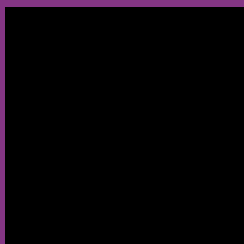
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 30.1955, 35.5562, -23.6348 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 30.1955, 35.5562, -23.6348.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 30.1955, 35.5562, -23.6348.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

30.1955, 35.5562, -23.6348

Protanopia

30.5048, 8.4389, -45.6960

Deuteranopia

30.4274, 2.2671, -20.3359



Tritanopia

30.1838, 17.0885, 6.1725

Trichromacy



Original Color

30.1955, 35.5562, -23.6348

Protanomaly

29.0078, 16.2048, -40.8178

Deuteranomaly

29.2818, 13.7359, -23.7693

Tritanomaly

29.9507, 23.5448, -2.5643

Monochromacy



Original Color

30.1955, 35.5562, -23.6348

Achromatopsia

30.5056, -1.6277, 1.6574

Achromatomaly

29.5980, 11.4698, -7.2658

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 30.1955, 35.5562, -23.6348 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(132, 53, 132)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(132, 53, 132)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(132, 53, 132) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(132, 53, 132) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 30.1955, 35.5562, -23.6348 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(132, 53, 132) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(132, 53, 132) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(132, 53, 132)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(132, 53, 132); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(132, 53, 132);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(132, 53,  
132) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 30.1955, 35.5562, -23.6348 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(132, 53, 132) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(132, 53,  
132) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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