

Converting Colors

HunterLab(30.2902, -1.6162,
1.6457)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(30.2902, -1.6162, 1.6457)
contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(30.1400, -1.6082,
1.6376)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	555555
RGB	85, 85, 85
RGB Percent	33%, 33%, 33%
CMY	0.6667, 0.6667, 0.6667
CMYK	0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.67
HSL	117°, 0%, 33%
HSV	117°, 0%, 33%
XYZ	8.6345, 9.0842, 9.8927
YIQ	85.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

Format	Color
RYB	85, 85, 85
Decimal	5592405
CIELab	36.15, 0.00, -0.00
CIELCh	36, 0.004, 289.219
Yxy	9.0846, 0.3127, 0.3290
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4283782485 (0xFF555555)
YUV	85.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000
Hunter-Lab	30.1400, -1.6082, 1.6376

Details

The HunterLab color **30.1400, -1.6082, 1.6376** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666666**, and the color name is **davy's grey**. A complement of this color would be **30.1404, -1.6075, 1.6371**, and the grayscale version is **30.1406, -1.6082, 1.6376**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **49.2221, -2.6264, 2.6743**, and **14.5667, -0.7772, 0.7914** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **29.3260, -4.9160, 3.9756**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **31.0300, 1.9015, -0.8566**.

Distribution



Red (33%)

Green (33%)

Blue (33%)



Red (33%)

Yellow (33%)

Blue (33%)



Cyan (0%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (67%)



Cyan (67%)

Magenta (67%)

Yellow (67%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 30.1400, -1.6082, 1.6376 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 30.1400, -1.6082, 1.6376 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 30.1400, -1.6082,
1.6376

■ 30.1400, -1.6082,
1.6376

■ 135.6494, -7.2436,
7.3795

■ 21.9007, -1.1689,
1.1898

■ 49.0498, -2.6187,
2.6669

■ 14.5887, -0.7785,
0.7921

■ 59.5933, -3.1818,
3.2406

■ 8.2491, -0.4399,
0.4470

■ 70.7998, -3.7802,
3.8504

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 82.6322, -4.4122,
4.4943

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 95.0588, -5.0758,
5.1706

0.0000, NaN, NaN

108.0526, -5.7698,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

121.5898, -6.4927,
6.6144

■ 30.1400, -1.6082,
1.6376

■ 30.1400, -1.6082,
1.6376

■ 29.3260, -4.9160,
3.9756

■ 31.0300, 1.9015,
-0.8566

■ 28.5888, -7.9898,
6.1346

■ 31.9908, 5.5863,
-3.4874

■ 27.9315, -10.8007,
8.0942

■ 33.0196, 9.4184,
-6.2347

■ 27.3557, -13.3209,
9.8351

■ 34.1129, 13.3733,
-9.0803

■ 26.8619, -15.5264,
11.3414

■ 35.2671, 17.4293,
-12.0082

■ 26.4500, -17.3991,
12.6015

■ 36.4785, 21.5674,
-15.0041

■ 26.1183, -18.9286,
13.6101

■ 37.7439, 25.7716,
-18.0559

■ 25.8637, -20.1143,
14.3694

■ 39.0598, 30.0284,
-21.1533

■ 25.6815, -20.9685,
14.8943

■ 40.4233, 34.3265,
-24.2876

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



30.1406, -1.6104, 1.6380



30.1400, -1.6082, 1.6376



30.1406, -1.6077, 1.6389

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



30.1406, -1.6089, 1.6381



30.1406, -1.6080, 1.6427



30.1406, -1.6126, 1.6411

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



30.1400, -1.6082, 1.6376



30.1404, -1.6075, 1.6371

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



30.1406, -1.6120, 1.6424



30.1400, -1.6082, 1.6376



30.1406, -1.6093, 1.6433

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



30.1406, -1.6089, 1.6381



30.1406, -1.6072, 1.6415



30.1406, -1.6108, 1.6432



30.1406, -1.6125, 1.6397

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



30.1400, -1.6082, 1.6376



30.1406, -1.6072, 1.6397



30.1406, -1.6108, 1.6432



30.1406, -1.6125, 1.6416

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



30.1406, -1.6089, 1.6381



39.3538, -2.0998, 2.1382



30.1407, -1.6084, 1.6382



19.9203, -1.0629, 1.0823



69.0652, -3.6851, 3.7524

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



30.1406, -1.6089, 1.6381



39.3538, -2.0998, 2.1382



30.1407, -1.6088, 1.6378



15.6573, -0.8354, 0.8507



32.5106, -27.6157, 19.5494



76.9810, -65.7678, 46.2840

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



30.1404, -1.6075, 1.6371



39.3538, -2.0998, 2.1382



30.1404, -1.6076, 1.6374



15.6573, -0.8354, 0.8507



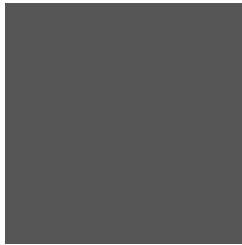
19.7132, 39.1549, -29.0862



46.6019, 92.6283, -69.2739

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 30.1400, -1.6082, 1.6376 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 30.1400, -1.6082, 1.6376 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

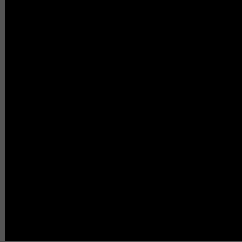
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 30.1400, -1.6082, 1.6376 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 30.1400, -1.6082, 1.6376.

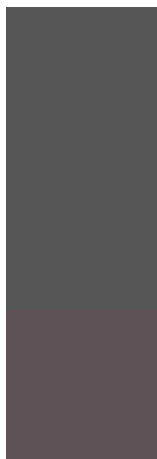


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 30.1400, -1.6082,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

30.1400, -1.6082, 1.6376

Protanopia

30.2181, -1.3369, 1.7341

Deuteranopia

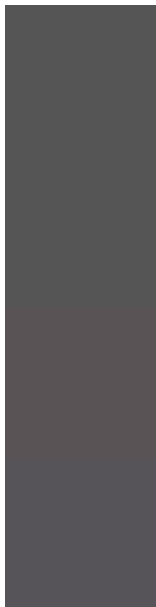
30.0560, 2.1066, 1.1898



Tritanopia

30.1238, -0.0005, -0.9183

Trichromacy



Original Color

30.1400, -1.6082, 1.6376

Protanomaly

30.2181, -1.3369, 1.7341

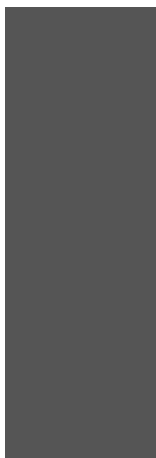
Deuteranomaly

30.0534, 0.7986, 1.1638

Tritanomaly

30.0672, -0.3078, -0.1151

Monochromacy



Original Color

30.1400, -1.6082, 1.6376

Achromatopsia

30.1400, -1.6082, 1.6376

Achromatomaly

30.1400, -1.6082, 1.6376

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 30.1400, -1.6082, 1.6376 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(85, 85, 85)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(85, 85, 85)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(85, 85, 85) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(85, 85, 85) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 30.1400, -1.6082, 1.6376 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(85, 85, 85) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(85, 85, 85) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(85, 85, 85)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(85, 85, 85); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(85, 85, 85);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(85, 85, 85)  
}
```


Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 30.1400, -1.6082, 1.6376 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(85, 85, 85) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(85, 85,  
85) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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