

Converting Colors

HunterLab(30.3447, -3.9787,
-1.3671)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(30.3447, -3.9787,
-1.3671) contains.

HunterLab(30.4773, -4.1264, -0.9897)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**HunterLab(30.4773, -4.1264,
-0.9897)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	4C585C
RGB	76, 88, 92
RGB Percent	30%, 35%, 36%
CMY	0.7020, 0.6549, 0.6392
CMYK	0.17, 0.04, 0.00, 0.64
HSL	195°, 10%, 33%
HSV	195°, 17%, 36%
XYZ	8.4020, 9.2887, 11.4753
YIQ	84.8680, -8.4360, -1.3000

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

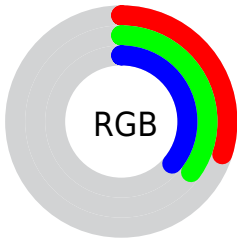
Format	Color
R_{YB}	76, 83, 92
Decimal	5003356
CIE _{Lab}	36.53, -3.71, -3.89
CIE _{LCh}	37, 5.377, 226.398
Yxy	9.2890, 0.2881, 0.3185
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4283193436 (0xFF4C585C)
YUV	84.8680, 3.5161, -7.7772
Hunter-Lab	30.4773, -4.1264, -0.9897

Details

The HunterLab color **30.4773, -4.1264, -0.9897** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666666**. A complement of this color would be **29.2137, 1.3430, 4.1477**, and the grayscale version is **30.0821, -1.6051, 1.6344**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **49.4873, -5.7038, -0.2664**, and **14.9402, -2.8153, -1.1009** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **29.2698, -5.2581, -2.5665**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **31.7438, -2.8178, 0.5992**.

Distribution



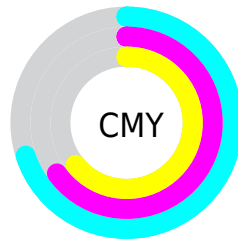
- Red (30%)
- Green (35%)
- Blue (36%)



- Red (30%)
- Yellow (33%)
- Blue (36%)



- Cyan (17%)
- Magenta (4%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (64%)



- Cyan (70%)
- Magenta (65%)
- Yellow (64%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 30.4773, -4.1264, -0.9897 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 30.4773, -4.1264, -0.9897 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 30.4773, -4.1264,
-0.9897

■ 30.4773, -4.1264,
-0.9897

136.2056,
-11.4342, 3.1677

■ 22.2040, -3.4259,
-1.1981

■ 49.4463, -5.5908,
-0.3840

■ 14.8538, -2.7402,
-1.3302

■ 60.0164, -6.3567,
-0.0016

■ 8.5056, -2.3541,
-1.4569

■ 71.2478, -7.1458,
0.4276

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 83.1038, -7.9581,
0.8998

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 95.5530, -8.7934,
1.4122

0.0000, NaN, NaN

108.5683, -9.6514,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

1.9624

0.0000, NaN, NaN

122.1261,
-10.5318, 2.5481

■ 30.4773, -4.1264,
-0.9897

■ 30.4773, -4.1264,
-0.9897

■ 29.2698, -5.2581,
-2.5665

■ 31.7438, -2.8178,
0.5992

■ 28.1226, -6.1942,
-4.1265

■ 33.0642, -1.3472,
2.1938

■ 27.0393, -6.9184,
-5.6618

■ 34.4359, 0.2690,
3.7906

■ 26.0228, -7.4151,
-7.1642

■ 35.8559, 2.0163,
5.3866

■ 25.0751, -7.6714,
-8.6246

■ 37.3213, 3.8814,
6.9796

■ 24.1974, -7.6786,
-10.0339

■ 38.8293, 5.8525,
8.5680

■ 23.3897, -7.4350,
-11.3841

■ 40.3773, 7.9189,
10.1508

■ 22.6266, -7.0345,
-12.7129

■ 41.9630, 10.0711,
11.7274

■ 22.4276, -6.9316,
-13.0692

■ 43.5841, 12.3007,
13.2976

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



30.4779, -5.0818, 0.6531



30.4773, -4.1264, -0.9897



30.4779, -2.4894, -1.9472

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



30.4779, -4.1269, -0.9892



30.4779, 2.0358, 0.8233



30.4779, -2.6608, 4.8328

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



30.4773, -4.1264, -0.9897



29.2137, 1.3430, 4.1477

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



30.4779, -0.7567, 4.8722



30.4773, -4.1264, -0.9897



30.4779, 1.9871, 2.6318

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



30.4779, -4.1269, -0.9892



30.4779, 1.0858, -0.8580



30.4779, 0.9544, 4.0890



30.4779, -4.2498, 3.9781

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



30.4773, -4.1264, -0.9897



30.4779, -1.2163, -2.0329



30.4779, 0.9544, 4.0890



30.4779, -2.0373, 4.9400

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



30.4779, -4.1269, -0.9892



42.3796, -3.3112, 1.2632



31.2509, -7.5898, 4.8225



21.1800, -1.7021, 0.5832



71.2094, -3.7996, 3.8689



21.6712, -1.1563, 1.1774

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



30.4779, -4.1269, -0.9892



39.6281, -6.1296, -2.2030



28.4356, -0.7949, -3.6041



15.9131, -1.5208, 0.1869



26.8142, -8.1059, -16.0170



61.5769, -17.3021, -39.6154

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



28.5464, 4.8183, -1.5021



36.4889, 8.5483, -3.0205



31.1978, -2.0369, 6.1937



15.4061, 0.7864, 0.0484



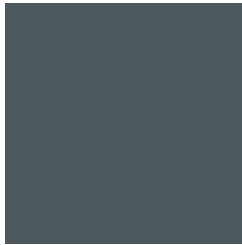
19.7625, 36.9453, -11.2725



46.0868, 85.8892, -24.2041

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 30.4773, -4.1264, -0.9897 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

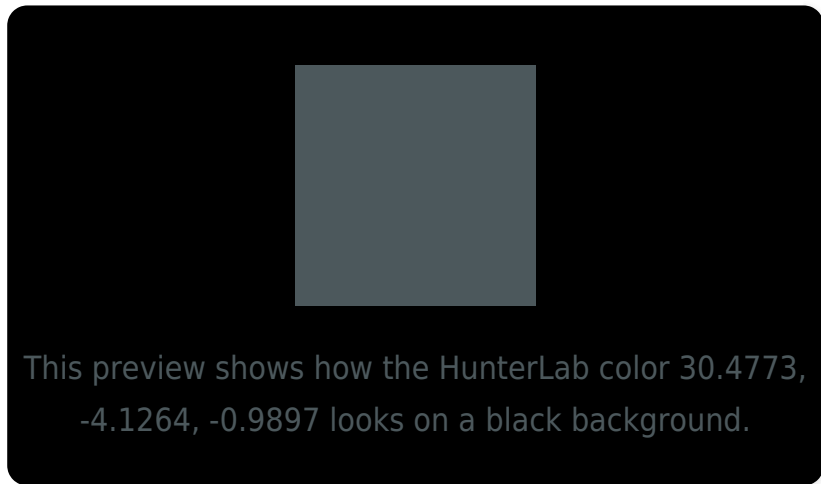
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

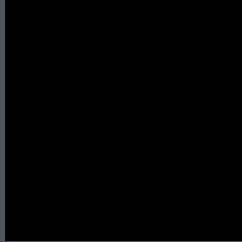
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 30.4773, -4.1264, -0.9897 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 30.4773, -4.1264, -0.9897.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 30.4773, -4.1264, -0.9897.

-0.9897.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

30.4773, -4.1264, -0.9897

Protanopia

30.3539, -0.5954, -0.2003

Deuteranopia

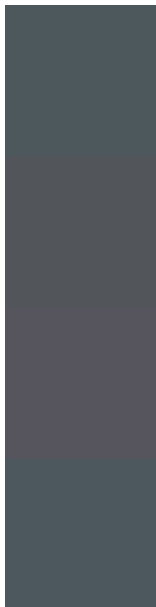
30.3331, 2.1353, -1.5135



Tritanopia

30.5650, -3.6396, -2.2310

Trichromacy



Original Color

30.4773, -4.1264, -0.9897

Protanomaly

30.3393, -1.9325, -0.6809

Deuteranomaly

30.4397, -0.1292, -1.4166

Tritanomaly

30.5354, -3.8037, -1.8126

Monochromacy



Original Color

30.4773, -4.1264, -0.9897

Achromatopsia

30.1400, -1.6082, 1.6376

Achromatomaly

30.2556, -2.3929, 0.5090

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 30.4773, -4.1264, -0.9897 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(76, 88, 92)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(76, 88, 92)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(76, 88, 92) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(76, 88, 92) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 30.4773, -4.1264, -0.9897 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(76, 88, 92) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(76, 88, 92) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(76, 88, 92)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(76, 88, 92); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(76, 88, 92);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(76, 88, 92)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 30.4773, -4.1264, -0.9897 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(76, 88, 92) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(76, 88,  
92) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor