

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(30.4115, -3.6388,  
14.5858)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(30.4115, -3.6388,  
14.5858) contains.

<b>HunterLab(30.4115, -3.6384, 14.5858)</b> .....	3
<i><b>Conversions</b></i> .....	4
<i><b>Details</b></i> .....	6
<i><b>Harmonies</b></i> .....	12
<i><b>Previews</b></i> .....	24
<i><b>Color Blindness Simulation</b></i> .....	28
<i><b>CSS Examples</b></i> .....	31

# Color

**HunterLab(30.4115, -3.6384,  
14.5858)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	5F5629
RGB	95, 86, 41
RGB Percent	37%, 34%, 16%
CMY	0.6275, 0.6627, 0.8392
CMYK	0.00, 0.09, 0.57, 0.63
HSL	50°, 40%, 27%
HSV	50°, 57%, 37%
XYZ	8.4474, 9.2486, 3.4378
YIQ	83.5610, 19.8090, -12.0870

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

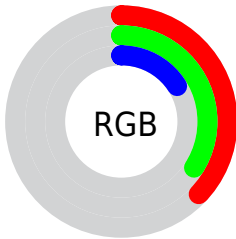
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	52, 95, 41
Decimal	6247977
CIE Lab	36.46, -2.98, 27.23
CIE LCh	36, 27.397, 96.251
Yxy	9.2490, 0.3997, 0.4376
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284438057 (0xFF5F5629)
YUV	83.5610, -20.9826, 10.0320
Hunter-Lab	30.4115, -3.6384, 14.5858

# Details

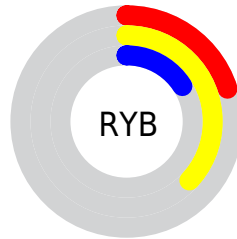
The HunterLab color **30.4115, -3.6384, 14.5858** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666633**. A complement of this color would be **18.9176, 5.7749, -22.1734**, and the grayscale version is **29.6846, -1.5839, 1.6128**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **49.5136, -5.1805, 19.3639**, and **14.8804, -1.9070, 9.1358** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **29.9007, -3.5156, 15.7234**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **30.9502, -3.6311, 13.1178**.

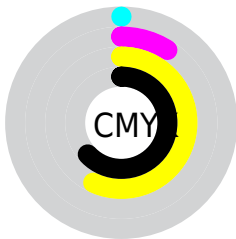
# Distribution



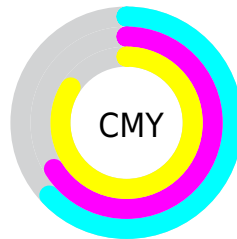
- Red (37%)
- Green (34%)
- Blue (16%)



- Red (20%)
- Yellow (37%)
- Blue (16%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (9%)
- Yellow (57%)
- Black (63%)



- Cyan (63%)
- Magenta (66%)
- Yellow (84%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 30.4115, -3.6384, 14.5858 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 30.4115, -3.6384, 14.5858 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 30.4115, -3.6384,  
14.5858

■ 30.4115, -3.6384,  
14.5858

136.0974,  
-10.6178, 33.5126

■ 22.1449, -2.9901,  
11.9609

■ 49.3691, -5.0139,  
19.3167

■ 14.8021, -2.3628,  
10.0410

■ 59.9340, -5.7398,  
21.5098

■ 8.4563, -1.9887,  
5.9194

■ 71.1606, -6.4914,  
23.6246

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 83.0120, -7.2683,  
25.6788

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 95.4568, -8.0699,  
27.6858

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 108.4679, -8.8957,

29.6555

0.0000, NaN, NaN

122.0217, -9.7451,  
31.5957

30.4115, -3.6384,  
14.5858

30.4115, -3.6384,  
14.5858

29.9007, -3.5156,  
15.7234

30.9502, -3.6311,  
13.1178

29.4150, -3.2638,  
16.5381

31.5151, -3.4883,  
11.3154

28.9541, -2.8906,  
17.0451

32.1069, -3.2103,  
9.1796

28.5110, -2.4353,  
17.3465

32.7258, -2.7979,  
6.7144

28.3718, -2.2907,  
17.4425

33.3714, -2.2529,  
3.9266

■ 34.0434, -1.5779,  
0.8245

■ 34.7415, -0.7763,  
-2.5815

■ 35.4651, 0.1479,  
-6.2802

■ 36.2137, 1.1904,  
-10.2595

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



30.4122, 6.3033, 13.8762



30.4115, -3.6384, 14.5858



30.4122, -11.9387, 12.8145

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



30.4122, -3.6395, 14.5861



30.4122, -15.3191, -10.8965



30.4122, 17.5161, -6.4418

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



30.4115, -3.6384, 14.5858



18.9176, 5.7749, -22.1734

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



30.4122, 10.2791, -16.5325



30.4115, -3.6384, 14.5858



30.4122, -8.8149, -19.6203

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



30.4122, -3.6395, 14.5861



30.4122, -18.1122, -0.3518



30.4122, 0.4447, -21.9550



30.4122, 19.3542, 3.5345



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



30.4115, -3.6384, 14.5858



30.4122, -15.7001, 9.9926



30.4122, 0.4447, -21.9550



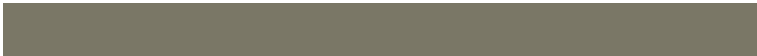
30.4122, 15.5933, -10.0176

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



30.4122, -3.6395, 14.5861



42.7736, -3.7028, 9.0145



20.6135, 16.6450, 4.3135



20.8910, -1.8472, 4.6065



71.2094, -3.7996, 3.8689



21.6712, -1.1563, 1.1774



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



30.4122, -3.6395, 14.5861



38.9257, -4.5141, 20.9609



31.4997, -12.3233, 15.2454



17.0384, -1.2180, 2.3206



33.7278, -2.5728, 20.7378



77.2470, -4.7798, 47.5156



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



18.9176, 5.7749, -22.1734



20.9742, 11.4260, -39.2919



18.2812, 13.5304, -23.6109



16.0503, -0.4988, -0.6289



12.7663, 21.8917, -63.2146



27.9050, 56.3304, -156.4799



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 30.4115, -3.6384, 14.5858 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

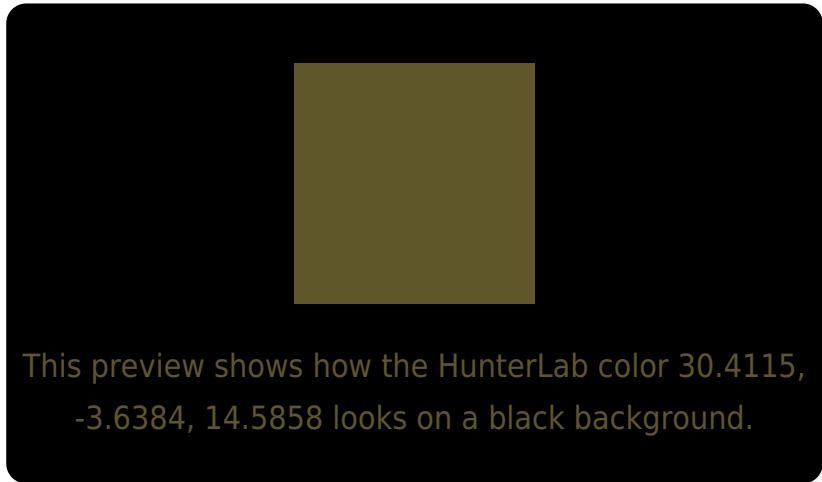
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass



# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

## HunterLab 30.4115, -3.6384, 14.5858 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 30.4115, -3.6384, 14.5858.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 30.4115, -3.6384,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

30.4115, -3.6384, 14.5858

### Protanopia

30.4115, -3.6384, 14.5858

### Deuteranopia

30.4400, 1.7289, 14.5207



## Tritanopia

30.3737, 4.4874, 1.1937

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

30.4115, -3.6384, 14.5858

## Protanomaly

30.4115, -3.6384, 14.5858

## Deuteranomaly

30.2960, -0.0461, 14.3806

## Tritanomaly

30.3733, 1.1240, 7.4247

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

30.4115, -3.6384, 14.5858

## Achromatopsia

29.7751, -1.5887, 1.6177

## Achromatomaly

29.9818, -2.9555, 7.6081

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 30.4115, -3.6384, 14.5858 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(95, 86, 41)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(95, 86, 41)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(95, 86, 41) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(95, 86, 41) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 30.4115, -3.6384, 14.5858 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(95, 86, 41) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(95, 86, 41) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(95, 86, 41)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(95, 86, 41); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(95, 86, 41);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(95, 86, 41)  
}
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 30.4115, -3.6384, 14.5858 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(95, 86, 41) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(95, 86,  
41) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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