

Converting Colors

HunterLab(30.4165, -1.5610,
-2.8361)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(30.4165, -1.5610,
-2.8361) contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(30.4129, -1.3829,
-2.8578)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	515660
RGB	81, 86, 96
RGB Percent	32%, 34%, 38%
CMY	0.6823, 0.6627, 0.6235
CMYK	0.16, 0.10, 0.00, 0.62
HSL	220°, 8%, 35%
HSV	220°, 16%, 38%
XYZ	8.8325, 9.2494, 12.3862
YIQ	85.6450, -6.1900, 2.0500

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

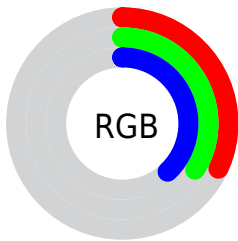
Format	Color
R_{YB}	81, 85, 96
Decimal	5330528
CIE Lab	36.46, 0.35, -6.46
CIE LCh	36, 6.467, 273.115
Yxy	9.2498, 0.2899, 0.3036
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4283520608 (0xFF515660)
YUV	85.6450, 5.1050, -4.0737
Hunter-Lab	30.4129, -1.3829, -2.8578

Details

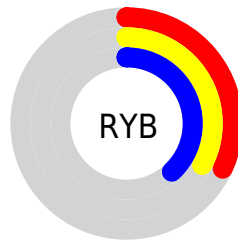
The HunterLab color $[30.4129, -1.3829, -2.8578]$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 666666 . A complement of this color would be $[32.5009, -1.6789, 5.7960]$, and the grayscale version is $[30.3598, -1.6199, 1.6495]$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $[49.4262, -2.7161, -2.2125]$, and $[14.8028, -0.6277, -2.9761]$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $[28.0690, -0.9229, -6.0959]$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $[32.8215, -1.7008, 0.2037]$.

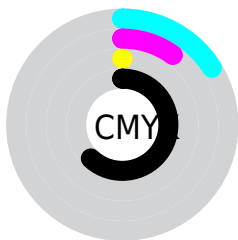
Distribution



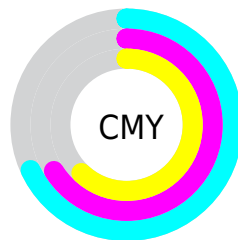
- Red (32%)
- Green (34%)
- Blue (38%)



- Red (32%)
- Yellow (33%)
- Blue (38%)



- Cyan (16%)
- Magenta (10%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (62%)



- Cyan (68%)
- Magenta (66%)
- Yellow (62%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 30.4129, -1.3829, -2.8578 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 30.4129, -1.3829, -2.8578 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 30.4129, -1.3829,
-2.8578

■ 30.4129, -1.3829,
-2.8578

■ 136.0995, -6.8725,
0.2945

■ 22.1461, -0.9660,
-2.9215

■ 49.3706, -2.3539,
-2.5149

■ 14.8032, -0.6009,
-2.8986

■ 59.9357, -2.8993,
-2.2531

■ 8.4573, -0.2706,
-2.8814

■ 71.1624, -3.4812,
-1.9386

0.0000, NaN, -NF

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 83.0138, -4.0974,
-1.5759

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 95.4587, -4.7460,
-1.1685

0.0000, NaN, NaN

108.4699, -5.4257,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

-0.7194

0.0000, NaN, NaN

122.0238, -6.1349,
-0.2310

■ 30.4129, -1.3829,
-2.8578

■ 30.4129, -1.3829,
-2.8578

■ 28.0690, -0.9229,
-6.0959

■ 32.8215, -1.7008,
0.2037

■ 25.7956, -0.2921,
-9.5459

■ 35.2864, -1.8971,
3.1157

■ 23.6030, 0.5419,
-13.2452

■ 37.8031, -1.9903,
5.9027

■ 21.5031, 1.6182,
-17.2350

■ 40.3672, -1.9951,
8.5850

■ 19.5108, 2.9817,
-21.5545

■ 42.9748, -1.9236,
11.1794

■ 17.6445, 4.6800,
-26.2318

■ 45.6230, -1.7856,
13.6998

■ 15.9265, 6.7548,
-31.2655

■ 48.3089, -1.5895,
16.1579

■ 14.3611, 9.1648,
-36.6786

■ 51.0303, -1.3421,
18.5634

■ 13.7039, 10.2501,
-39.2557

■ 53.7850, -1.0491,
20.9245

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



30.4135, -3.6007, -2.3455



30.4129, -1.3829, -2.8578



30.4135, 0.8323, -2.0875

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



30.4135, -1.3835, -2.8573



30.4135, 2.1733, 3.8677



30.4135, -5.4733, 3.4991

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



30.4129, -1.3829, -2.8578



32.5009, -1.6789, 5.7960

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



30.4135, -4.0056, 4.9760



30.4129, -1.3829, -2.8578



30.4135, 0.4036, 5.1774

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



30.4135, -1.3835, -2.8573



30.4135, 2.9238, 1.8835



30.4135, -1.8646, 5.5677



30.4135, -5.9201, 1.4257

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



30.4129, -1.3829, -2.8578



30.4135, 1.9984, -0.9824



30.4135, -1.8646, 5.5677



30.4135, -5.0852, 4.0764

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



30.4135, -1.3835, -2.8573



43.5924, -2.2668, 0.4558



32.9641, -6.4940, 2.4978



21.6438, -1.1215, 0.1320



72.2857, -3.8570, 3.9274



22.5557, -1.2035, 1.2255

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



30.4135, -1.3835, -2.8573



39.0155, -1.6145, -5.4460



29.2916, 1.4111, -4.3259



16.2405, -0.8171, -0.3943



15.8840, 12.7728, -47.4264



34.6392, 34.9527, -118.7488

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



30.0729, 3.4415, 1.2325



38.4852, 6.3567, 1.4821



33.6549, -4.4852, 6.9449



16.1326, 0.5822, 0.7450



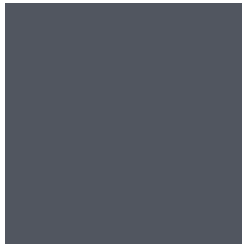
18.9579, 33.1842, 6.6832



43.6472, 76.0713, 17.9392

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 30.4129, -1.3829, -2.8578 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 30.4129, -1.3829, -2.8578 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

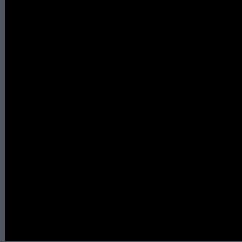
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

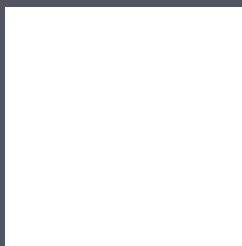
Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 30.4129, -1.3829, -2.8578 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 30.4129, -1.3829, -2.8578.



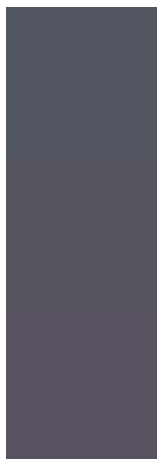
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 30.4129, -1.3829, -2.8578.

-2.8578.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

30.4129, -1.3829, -2.8578

Protanopia

30.3448, -0.3369, -2.4612

Deuteranopia

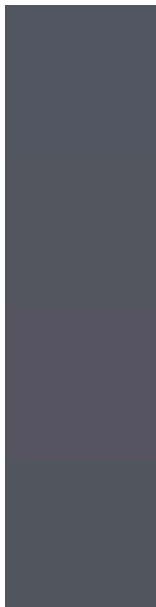
30.2877, 2.2230, -3.4365



Tritanopia

30.3236, -1.8720, -1.5958

Trichromacy



Original Color

30.4129, -1.3829, -2.8578

Protanomaly

30.2692, -0.5970, -2.5652

Deuteranomaly

30.3021, 0.9639, -3.4392

Tritanomaly

30.3530, -1.7107, -2.0119

Monochromacy



Original Color

30.4129, -1.3829, -2.8578

Achromatopsia

30.5056, -1.6277, 1.6574

Achromatomaly

30.4608, -1.5660, -0.0853

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 30.4129, -1.3829, -2.8578 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(81, 86, 96)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(81, 86, 96)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(81, 86, 96) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(81, 86, 96) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 30.4129, -1.3829, -2.8578 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(81, 86, 96) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(81, 86, 96) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(81, 86, 96) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(81, 86, 96); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(81, 86, 96);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(81, 86, 96)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 30.4129, -1.3829, -2.8578 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(81, 86, 96) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(81, 86,  
96) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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