

Converting Colors

HunterLab(30.4297, 0.0287,
-2.0429)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(30.4297, 0.0287, -2.0429)
contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(30.4690, 0.0297,
-1.8312)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	56555E
RGB	86, 85, 94
RGB Percent	34%, 33%, 37%
CMY	0.6627, 0.6667, 0.6314
CMYK	0.09, 0.10, 0.00, 0.63
HSL	247°, 5%, 35%
HSV	247°, 10%, 37%
XYZ	9.1066, 9.2836, 11.9016
YIQ	86.3250, -2.2930, 3.0110

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

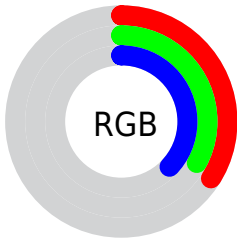
Format	Color
RYB	86, 85, 94
Decimal	5657950
CIELab	36.53, 2.39, -5.07
CIELCh	37, 5.603, 295.283
Yxy	9.2840, 0.3006, 0.3065
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4283848030 (0xFF56555E)
YUV	86.3250, 3.7838, -0.2850
Hunter-Lab	30.4690, 0.0297, -1.8312

Details

The HunterLab color $[30.4690, 0.0297, -1.8312]$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 666666 . A complement of this color would be $[33.1492, -3.3185, 4.9958]$, and the grayscale version is $[30.6123, -1.6334, 1.6632]$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $[49.5740, -0.8734, -1.0249]$, and $[14.8405, 0.5717, -2.0170]$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $[27.4356, 2.0221, -5.9442]$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $[33.5916, -1.8644, 1.9751]$.

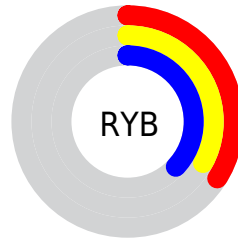
Distribution



Red (34%)

Green (33%)

Blue (37%)



Red (34%)

Yellow (33%)

Blue (37%)

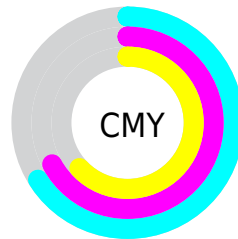


Cyan (9%)

Magenta (10%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (63%)



Cyan (66%)

Magenta (67%)

Yellow (63%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 30.4690, 0.0297, -1.8312 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 30.4690, 0.0297, -1.8312 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 30.4690, 0.0297,
-1.8312

■ 30.4690, 0.0297,
-1.8312

■ 136.1920, -4.5636,
1.8627

■ 22.1966, 0.3086,
-1.9720

■ 49.4366, -0.6997,
-1.3473

■ 14.8473, 0.5189,
-2.0312

■ 60.0060, -1.1366,
-1.0206

■ 8.4994, 0.7728,
-2.0846

■ 71.2368, -1.6163,
-0.6443

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 83.0922, -2.1356,
-0.2225

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 95.5408, -2.6920,
0.2416

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

108.5556, -3.2833,

122.1130, -3.9077,
1.2863

■ 30.4690, 0.0297,
-1.8312

■ 30.4690, 0.0297,
-1.8312

■ 27.4356, 2.0221,
-5.9442

■ 33.5916, -1.8644,
1.9751

■ 24.5030, 4.1439,
-10.4530

■ 36.7910, -3.6809,
5.5401

■ 21.6905, 6.4306,
-15.4687

■ 40.0597, -5.4380,
8.9160

■ 19.0233, 8.9237,
-21.1271

■ 43.3912, -7.1495,
12.1423

■ 16.5372, 11.6620,
-27.5729

■ 46.7803, -8.8257,
15.2496

■ 14.2830, 14.6554,
-34.9016

■ 50.2226, -10.4749,
18.2618

■ 12.3316, 17.8221,
-43.0049

■ 53.7143, -12.1036,
21.1976

■ 10.7743, 20.8764,
-51.2703

■ 57.2525, -13.7169,
24.0719

■ 9.4159, 24.4697,
-60.4514

■ 60.8343, -15.3187,
26.8967

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



30.4696, -1.9424, -2.2088



30.4690, 0.0297, -1.8312



30.4696, 1.5918, -0.4948

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



30.4696, 0.0291, -1.8307



30.4696, 0.5893, 4.5094



30.4696, -5.3587, 1.9572

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



30.4690, 0.0297, -1.8312



33.1492, -3.3185, 4.9958

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



30.4696, -4.7183, 3.6654



30.4690, 0.0297, -1.8312



30.4696, -1.3112, 5.0773

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



30.4696, 0.0291, -1.8307



30.4696, 1.9210, 3.1769



30.4696, -3.2492, 4.7784



30.4696, -5.0205, 0.0578

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



30.4690, 0.0297, -1.8312



30.4696, 2.1740, 0.7164



30.4696, -3.2492, 4.7784



30.4696, -5.2512, 2.5715

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



30.4696, 0.0291, -1.8307



42.9833, -1.5979, 0.8810



32.5361, -3.7760, 0.6848



20.9096, -0.7034, 0.2733



71.2094, -3.7996, 3.8689



21.6712, -1.1563, 1.1774

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



30.4696, 0.0291, -1.8307



39.5997, 0.4944, -3.3528



30.8210, 1.2254, -1.3583



15.1404, -0.0592, -0.7532



10.9433, 28.9584, -72.1341



25.1932, 67.4484, -172.1227

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



31.0925, 2.0831, -0.5530



40.5816, 3.7138, -1.3131



32.8110, -4.5170, 4.6080



15.4221, 0.8722, -0.1784



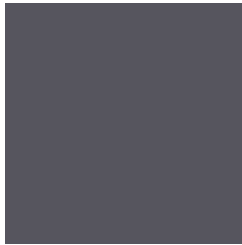
20.4076, 39.2218, -19.9387



47.6709, 91.4860, -45.5370

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 30.4690, 0.0297, -1.8312 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 30.4690, 0.0297, -1.8312 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

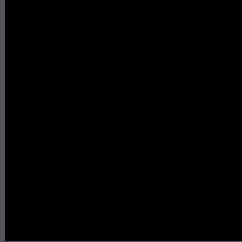
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

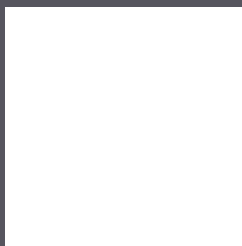
Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 30.4690, 0.0297, -1.8312 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 30.4690, 0.0297, -1.8312.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 30.4690, 0.0297, -1.8312.

-1.8312.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

30.4690, 0.0297, -1.8312

Protanopia

30.3915, -0.2358, -1.9361

Deuteranopia

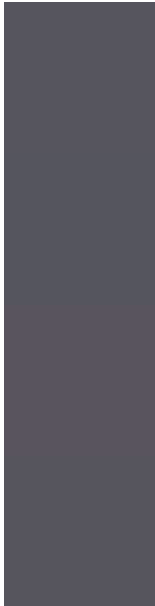
30.5327, 1.5638, -1.7221



Tritanopia

30.4108, -0.2864, -1.0066

Trichromacy



Original Color

30.4690, 0.0297, -1.8312

Protanomaly

30.3915, -0.2358, -1.9361

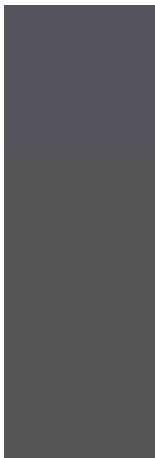
Deuteranomaly

30.4510, 1.2878, -1.8324

Tritanomaly

30.4397, -0.1292, -1.4166

Monochromacy



Original Color

30.4690, 0.0297, -1.8312

Achromatopsia

30.5056, -1.6277, 1.6574

Achromatomaly

30.5864, -1.1855, 0.5058

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 30.4690, 0.0297, -1.8312 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(86, 85, 94)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(86, 85, 94)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(86, 85, 94) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(86, 85, 94) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 30.4690, 0.0297, -1.8312 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(86, 85, 94) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(86, 85, 94) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(86, 85, 94)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(86, 85, 94); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(86, 85, 94);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(86, 85, 94)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 30.4690, 0.0297, -1.8312 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(86, 85, 94) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(86, 85,  
94) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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