

Converting Colors

HunterLab(30.4422, 9.7707,
1.1253)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(30.4422, 9.7707, 1.1253)
contains.

HunterLab(30.4361, 9.6188, 0.9379)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**HunterLab(30.4361, 9.6188,
0.9379)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	6D4D58
RGB	109, 77, 88
RGB Percent	43%, 30%, 35%
CMY	0.5725, 0.6980, 0.6549
CMYK	0.00, 0.29, 0.19, 0.57
HSL	339°, 17%, 36%
HSV	339°, 29%, 43%
XYZ	10.7220, 9.2636, 10.4554
YIQ	87.8220, 15.5410, 10.2050

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

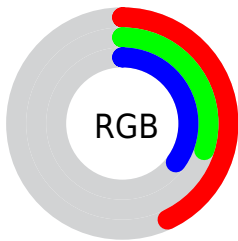
Format	Color
RYB	109, 77, 88
Decimal	7163224
CIELab	36.49, 15.35, -1.09
CIELCh	36, 15.393, 355.941
Yxy	9.2640, 0.3522, 0.3043
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285353304 (0xFF6D4D58)
YUV	87.8220, 0.0878, 18.5731
Hunter-Lab	30.4361, 9.6188, 0.9379

Details

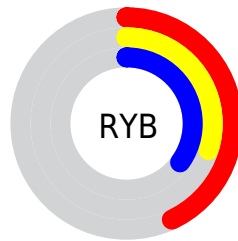
The HunterLab color $[30.4361, 9.6188, 0.9379]$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 663333 . A complement of this color would be $[36.6022, -11.7055, 3.6302]$, and the grayscale version is $[31.1699, -1.6631, 1.6935]$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $[49.3293, 10.4562, 1.6795]$, and $[14.8309, 8.6731, 0.1537]$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $[27.8415, 13.7262, 0.8824]$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $[33.2322, 5.5530, 1.1935]$.

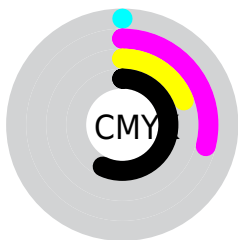
Distribution



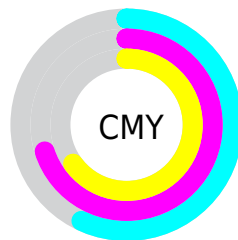
- Red (43%)
- Green (30%)
- Blue (35%)



- Red (43%)
- Yellow (30%)
- Blue (35%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (29%)
- Yellow (19%)
- Black (57%)



- Cyan (57%)
- Magenta (70%)
- Yellow (65%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 30.4361, 9.6188, 0.9379 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 30.4361, 9.6188, 0.9379 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 30.4361, 9.6188,
0.9379

■ 30.4361, 9.6188,
0.9379

■ 136.1379, 10.4880,
6.2358

■ 22.1670, 9.0905,
0.5586

■ 49.3980, 10.3341,
1.8476

■ 14.8215, 8.4200,
0.2375

■ 59.9648, 10.5547,
2.3675

■ 8.4748, 7.8409,
-0.0716

■ 71.1932, 10.6981,
2.9267

0.0000, INF, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 83.0463, 10.7723,
3.5226

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 95.4928, 10.7836,
4.1531

0.0000, NaN, NaN

108.5055, 10.7372,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

4.8165

0.0000, NaN, NaN

122.0608, 10.6374,
5.5112

■ 30.4361, 9.6188,
0.9379

■ 30.4361, 9.6188,
0.9379

■ 27.8415, 13.7262,
0.8824

■ 33.2322, 5.5530,
1.1935

■ 25.4818, 17.8096,
1.0653

■ 36.1982, 1.5650,
1.6118

■ 23.3987, 21.7451,
1.5262

■ 39.3106, -2.3353,
2.1638

■ 21.6361, 25.3431,
2.2929

■ 42.5500, -6.1489,
2.8257

■ 20.2349, 28.3539,
3.3652

■ 45.9007, -9.8828,
3.5784

■ 19.2217, 30.5182,
4.6964

■ 49.3498, -13.5464,
4.4072

■ 18.4552, 32.1484,
6.0642

■ 52.8869, -17.1497,
5.3001

■ 18.4058, 32.2622,
6.1446

■ 56.5035, -20.7022,
6.2479

■ 60.1922, -24.2127,
7.2432

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



30.4368, 7.6079, -4.5104



30.4361, 9.6188, 0.9379



30.4368, 8.4442, 5.7246

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



30.4368, 9.6177, 0.9385



30.4368, -6.1005, 9.3643



30.4368, -7.3065, -7.8753

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



30.4361, 9.6188, 0.9379



36.6022, -11.7055, 3.6302

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



30.4368, -10.5357, -3.0638



30.4361, 9.6188, 0.9379



30.4368, -9.8748, 6.7541

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



30.4368, 9.6177, 0.9385



30.4368, -0.8760, 10.0572



30.4368, -11.4419, 2.3579



30.4368, -2.3681, -10.1375

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



30.4361, 9.6188, 0.9379



30.4368, 6.0561, 8.0172



30.4368, -11.4419, 2.3579



30.4368, -8.6139, -6.4652

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



30.4368, 9.6177, 0.9385



48.4816, 2.0383, 2.1638



29.9965, 9.5718, -9.9459



23.1664, 1.2707, 1.0086



75.5302, -4.0301, 4.1037



25.2436, -1.3469, 1.3715

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



30.4368, 9.6177, 0.9385



38.3988, 16.5046, 1.1732



31.2921, 5.9831, 6.0826



17.6985, 0.6835, 0.7952



19.8949, 34.8516, 6.8023



44.7424, 78.0581, 17.7843

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



30.4368, 9.6177, 0.9385



38.3988, 16.5046, 1.1732



35.5291, -7.9578, -2.3905



17.6985, 0.6835, 0.7952



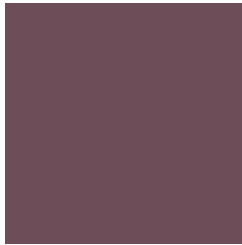
19.8949, 34.8516, 6.8023



44.7424, 78.0581, 17.7843

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 30.4361, 9.6188, 0.9379 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

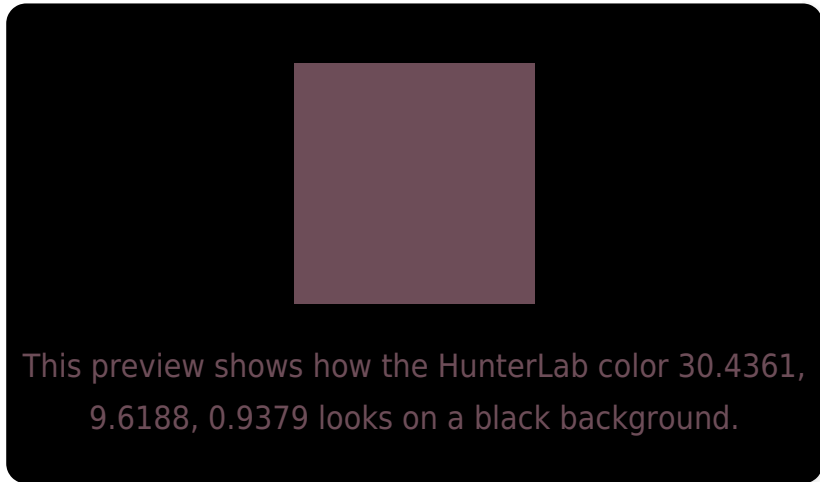
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

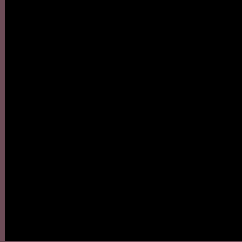
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 30.4361, 9.6188, 0.9379 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 30.4361, 9.6188, 0.9379.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 30.4361, 9.6188,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

30.4361, 9.6188, 0.9379

Protanopia

30.6991, -0.5710, -1.0941

Deuteranopia

30.4209, 2.0935, 1.2082



Tritanopia

30.5615, 8.6112, 2.7107

Trichromacy



Original Color

30.4361, 9.6188, 0.9379

Protanomaly

30.5312, 2.6831, -0.3604

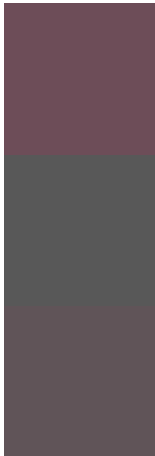
Deuteranomaly

30.3737, 4.4874, 1.1937

Tritanomaly

30.5874, 8.7439, 2.3418

Monochromacy



Original Color

30.4361, 9.6188, 0.9379

Achromatopsia

31.2390, -1.6668, 1.6973

Achromatomaly

30.8740, 2.3735, 1.3359

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 30.4361, 9.6188, 0.9379 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(109, 77, 88)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(109, 77, 88)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(109, 77, 88) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(109, 77, 88) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 30.4361, 9.6188, 0.9379 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(109, 77, 88) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(109, 77, 88) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(109, 77, 88) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(109, 77, 88); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(109, 77, 88);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(109, 77,  
88) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 30.4361, 9.6188, 0.9379 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(109, 77, 88) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(109, 77,  
88) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor