

Converting Colors

HunterLab(30.4871, 2.3449,
-4.3495)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(30.4871, 2.3449, -4.3495)
contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(30.6029, 2.1031,
-3.9757)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	595463
RGB	89, 84, 99
RGB Percent	35%, 33%, 39%
CMY	0.6510, 0.6706, 0.6118
CMYK	0.10, 0.15, 0.00, 0.61
HSL	260°, 8%, 36%
HSV	260°, 15%, 39%
XYZ	9.5423, 9.3654, 13.1092
YIQ	87.2050, -1.8350, 5.7250

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

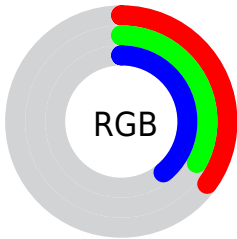
Format	Color
R_{YB}	89, 84, 99
Decimal	5854307
CIE Lab	36.68, 5.32, -7.93
CIE LCh	37, 9.552, 303.861
Yxy	9.3658, 0.2980, 0.2925
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284044387 (0xFF595463)
YUV	87.2050, 5.8149, 1.5742
Hunter-Lab	30.6029, 2.1031, -3.9757

Details

The HunterLab color **30.6029, 2.1031, -3.9757** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666666**. A complement of this color would be **34.5597, -5.3251, 6.8121**, and the grayscale version is **30.9276, -1.6502, 1.6804**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **49.7405, 1.5127, -3.7174**, and **14.8747, 2.0693, -3.7477** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **27.6115, 4.8352, -8.2492**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **33.6959, -0.5471, -0.0171**.

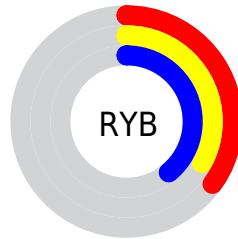
Distribution



Red (35%)

Green (33%)

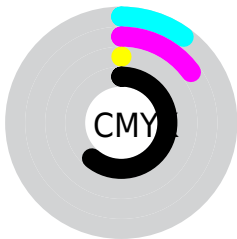
Blue (39%)



Red (35%)

Yellow (33%)

Blue (39%)

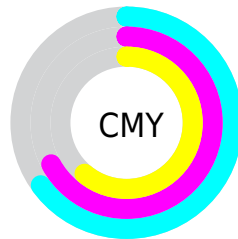


Cyan (10%)

Magenta (15%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (61%)



Cyan (65%)

Magenta (67%)

Yellow (61%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 30.6029, 2.1031, -3.9757 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 30.6029, 2.1031, -3.9757 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 30.6029, 2.1031,
-3.9757

■ 30.6029, 2.1031,
-3.9757

■ 136.4124, -1.2256,
-1.3703

■ 22.3171, 2.1901,
-3.9641

■ 49.5939, 1.7126,
-3.7728

■ 14.9527, 2.1868,
-3.8634

■ 60.1738, 1.4284,
-3.5763

■ 8.5990, 2.2376,
-3.7447

■ 71.4145, 1.0928,
-3.3243

0.0000, NaN, -NF

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 83.2792, 0.7104,
-3.0215

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 95.7367, 0.2847,
-2.6718

0.0000, NaN, NaN

108.7601, -0.1815,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

-2.2783

0.0000, NaN, NaN

122.3256, -0.6856,
-1.8437

■ 30.6029, 2.1031,
-3.9757

■ 30.6029, 2.1031,
-3.9757

■ 27.6115, 4.8352,
-8.2492

■ 33.6959, -0.5471,
-0.0171

■ 24.7362, 7.6690,
-12.9177

■ 36.8760, -3.1303,
3.6884

■ 21.9998, 10.6194,
-18.0715

■ 40.1338, -5.6617,
7.1921

■ 19.4317, 13.6905,
-23.8047

■ 43.4615, -8.1531,
10.5343

■ 17.0720, 16.8551,
-30.1819

■ 46.8527, -10.6143,
13.7465

■ 14.9737, 20.0160,
-37.1644

■ 50.3023, -13.0534,
16.8537

■ 13.2036, 22.9471,
-44.4699

■ 53.8057, -15.4765,
19.8761

■ 11.7631, 25.5255,
-51.8037

■ 57.3594, -17.8888,
22.8295

■ 11.0640, 27.0895,
-55.9670

■ 60.9602, -20.2945,
25.7269

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



30.6035, -1.1921, -5.2283



30.6029, 2.1031, -3.9757



30.6035, 4.4725, -1.2093

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



30.6035, 2.1024, -3.9751



30.6035, 1.3059, 6.7497



30.6035, -7.9014, 1.2431

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



30.6029, 2.1031, -3.9757



34.5597, -5.3251, 6.8121

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



30.6035, -7.2974, 4.2865



30.6029, 2.1031, -3.9757



30.6035, -2.0745, 7.2550

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



30.6035, 2.1024, -3.9751



30.6035, 3.9986, 4.9392



30.6035, -5.2005, 6.4028



30.6035, -6.8877, -2.0145

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



30.6029, 2.1031, -3.9757



30.6035, 5.1564, 0.9917



30.6035, -5.2005, 6.4028



30.6035, -7.8806, 2.3249

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



30.6035, 2.1024, -3.9751



44.1361, -0.7191, -0.0188



32.9180, -3.7409, -1.0433



21.4234, -0.2717, -0.1246



72.2857, -3.8570, 3.9274



22.5557, -1.2035, 1.2255

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



30.6035, 2.1024, -3.9751



38.7491, 3.9443, -7.0384



31.2127, 4.1274, -3.1180



15.9753, 0.2090, -0.7122



12.5497, 30.8488, -64.4247



28.2383, 70.5743, -153.9638

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



31.3080, 4.1447, -0.6909



39.8932, 7.2102, -1.6305



34.0269, -7.2479, 6.2247



16.1721, 0.7946, 0.1832



19.9079, 36.6312, -6.8131



45.8305, 84.0097, -13.2030

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 30.6029, 2.1031, -3.9757 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 30.6029, 2.1031, -3.9757 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

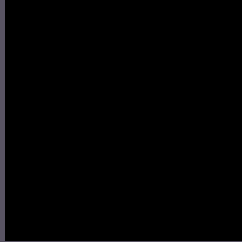
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 30.6029, 2.1031, -3.9757 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 30.6029, 2.1031, -3.9757.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 30.6029, 2.1031, -3.9757.

-3.9757.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

30.6029, 2.1031, -3.9757

Protanopia

30.7579, 0.0534, -4.2869

Deuteranopia

30.6029, 2.1031, -3.9757



Tritanopia

30.5686, 0.2545, -0.7979

Trichromacy



Original Color

30.6029, 2.1031, -3.9757

Protanomaly

30.6521, 1.0202, -4.4153

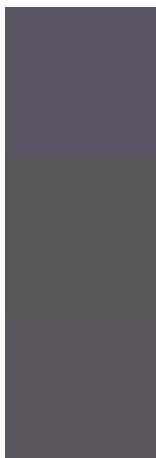
Deuteranomaly

30.6029, 2.1031, -3.9757

Tritanomaly

30.6560, 0.7273, -2.0360

Monochromacy



Original Color

30.6029, 2.1031, -3.9757

Achromatopsia

30.8719, -1.6472, 1.6773

Achromatomaly

30.7987, -0.3420, -0.0815

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 30.6029, 2.1031, -3.9757 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(89, 84, 99)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(89, 84, 99)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(89, 84, 99) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(89, 84, 99) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 30.6029, 2.1031, -3.9757 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(89, 84, 99) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(89, 84, 99) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(89, 84, 99)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(89, 84, 99); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(89, 84, 99);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(89, 84, 99)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 30.6029, 2.1031, -3.9757 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(89, 84, 99) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(89, 84,  
99) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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