

Converting Colors

HunterLab(30.5563, -2.5001,
-1.3475)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(30.5563, -2.5001,
-1.3475) contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(30.5159, -2.5582,
-1.3618)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	50575D
RGB	80, 87, 93
RGB Percent	31%, 34%, 36%
CMY	0.6863, 0.6588, 0.6353
CMYK	0.14, 0.06, 0.00, 0.64
HSL	208°, 8%, 34%
HSV	208°, 14%, 36%
XYZ	8.6923, 9.3122, 11.6952
YIQ	85.5910, -6.0980, 0.3820

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

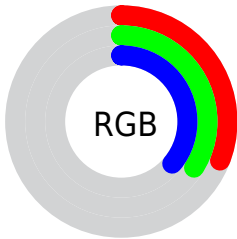
Format	Color
R_{YB}	80, 85, 93
Decimal	5265245
CIE Lab	36.58, -1.36, -4.42
CIE LCh	37, 4.623, 252.846
Yxy	9.3126, 0.2927, 0.3135
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4283455325 (0xFF50575D)
YUV	85.5910, 3.6526, -4.9033
Hunter-Lab	30.5159, -2.5582, -1.3618

Details

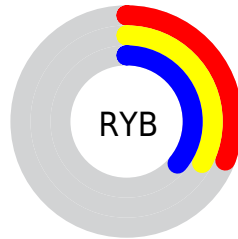
The HunterLab color $[30.5159, -2.5582, -1.3618]$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 666666 . A complement of this color would be $[30.9223, -0.4871, 4.4934]$, and the grayscale version is $[30.3452, -1.6191, 1.6487]$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $[49.5395, -3.9763, -0.6450]$, and $[14.8946, -1.6874, -1.5568]$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $[28.7419, -2.9522, -3.7040]$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $[32.3443, -2.0177, 0.9115]$.

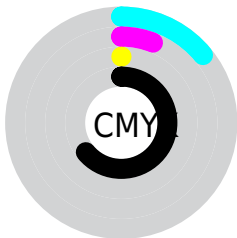
Distribution



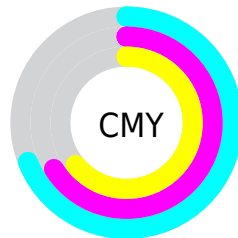
- Red (31%)
- Green (34%)
- Blue (36%)



- Red (31%)
- Yellow (33%)
- Blue (36%)



- Cyan (14%)
- Magenta (6%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (64%)



- Cyan (69%)
- Magenta (66%)
- Yellow (64%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 30.5159, -2.5582, -1.3618 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 30.5159, -2.5582, -1.3618 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 30.5159, -2.5582,
-1.3618

■ 30.5159, -2.5582,
-1.3618

■ 136.2692, -8.8137,
2.5896

■ 22.2388, -2.0225,
-1.5400

■ 49.4917, -3.7365,
-0.8103

■ 14.8842, -1.5234,
-1.6396

■ 60.0648, -4.3747,
-0.4526

■ 8.5345, -1.1520,
-1.7270

■ 71.2991, -5.0439,
-0.0470

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 83.1577, -5.7427,
0.4028

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 95.6095, -6.4701,
0.8938

0.0000, NaN, NaN

108.6272, -7.2250,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

1.4233

0.0000, NaN, NaN

122.1875, -8.0065,
1.9892

■ 30.5159, -2.5582,
-1.3618

■ 30.5159, -2.5582,
-1.3618

■ 28.7419, -2.9522,
-3.7040

■ 32.3443, -2.0177,
0.9115

■ 27.0255, -3.1784,
-6.1224

■ 34.2210, -1.3463,
3.1207

■ 25.3727, -3.2150,
-8.6214

■ 36.1427, -0.5596,
5.2726

■ 23.7898, -3.0378,
-11.2039

■ 38.1059, 0.3294,
7.3732

■ 22.2834, -2.6211,
-13.8697

■ 40.1078, 1.3097,
9.4281

■ 20.8606, -1.9398,
-16.6138

■ 42.1457, 2.3715,
11.4427

■ 19.5285, -0.9721,
-19.4256

■ 44.2172, 3.5067,
13.4216

■ 18.2833, 0.2620,
-22.3125

■ 46.3203, 4.7081,
15.3690

■ 17.5470, 1.0329,
-24.1620

■ 48.4531, 5.9696,
17.2888

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



30.5165, -3.9183, -0.4603



30.5159, -2.5582, -1.3618



30.5165, -0.9223, -1.4258

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



30.5165, -2.5588, -1.3613



30.5165, 1.5209, 2.3236



30.5165, -3.7547, 3.7892

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



30.5159, -2.5582, -1.3618



30.9223, -0.4871, 4.4934

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



30.5165, -2.3311, 4.4559



30.5159, -2.5582, -1.3618



30.5165, 0.7279, 3.6403

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



30.5165, -2.5588, -1.3613



30.5165, 1.4568, 0.7587



30.5165, -0.6898, 4.4028



30.5165, -4.5986, 2.5367

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



30.5159, -2.5582, -1.3618



30.5165, 0.1075, -0.9810



30.5165, -0.6898, 4.4028



30.5165, -3.3294, 4.0862

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



30.5165, -2.5588, -1.3613



42.2762, -2.6508, 1.1505



31.9434, -6.1875, 3.2922



21.1007, -1.3495, 0.4938



71.2094, -3.7996, 3.8689



21.6712, -1.1563, 1.1774

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



30.5165, -2.5588, -1.3613



39.0907, -3.5526, -2.8536



28.8600, 0.2169, -3.4884



15.6826, -1.1451, -0.0895



20.6195, 1.6786, -29.3963



46.3560, 7.4061, -73.9286

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



29.5852, 3.1506, 0.2143



37.5925, 5.7741, -0.2033



32.5908, -3.2503, 6.2182



15.3823, 0.6580, 0.3880



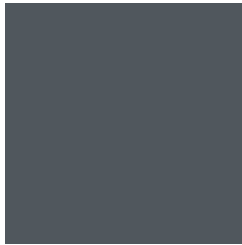
18.9971, 34.1982, -0.6318



44.2510, 79.2865, 1.4216

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 30.5159, -2.5582, -1.3618 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

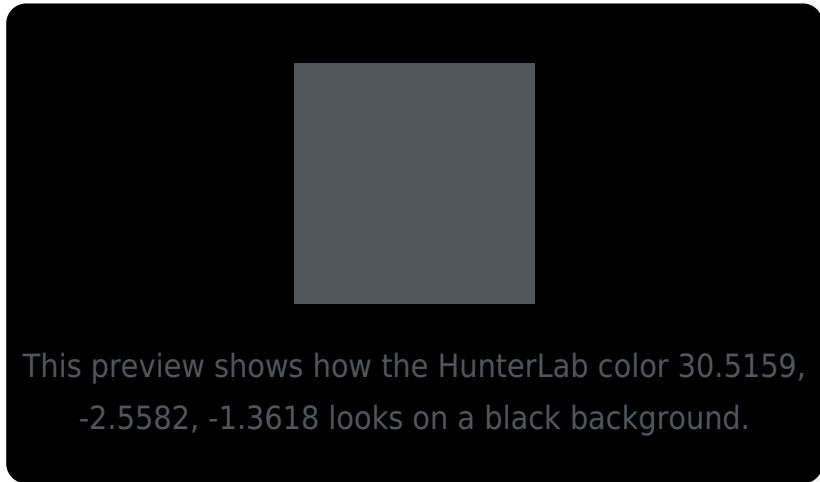
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

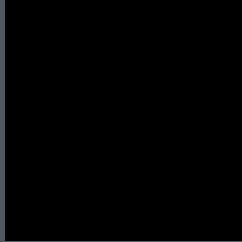
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

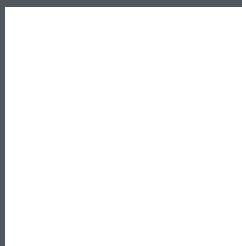
Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 30.5159, -2.5582, -1.3618 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 30.5159, -2.5582, -1.3618.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 30.5159, -2.5582, -1.3618.

-1.3618.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

30.5159, -2.5582, -1.3618

Protanopia

30.4108, -0.2864, -1.0066

Deuteranopia

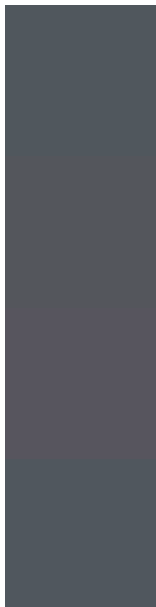
30.6153, 1.8420, -1.6109



Tritanopia

30.5451, -2.3973, -1.7755

Trichromacy



Original Color

30.5159, -2.5582, -1.3618

Protanomaly

30.5174, -1.2563, -0.8889

Deuteranomaly

30.5473, 0.2977, -1.7254

Tritanomaly

30.5451, -2.3973, -1.7755

Monochromacy



Original Color

30.5159, -2.5582, -1.3618

Achromatopsia

30.5056, -1.6277, 1.6574

Achromatomaly

30.4330, -1.7182, 0.3096

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 30.5159, -2.5582, -1.3618 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(80, 87, 93)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(80, 87, 93)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(80, 87, 93) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(80, 87, 93) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 30.5159, -2.5582, -1.3618 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(80, 87, 93) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(80, 87, 93) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(80, 87, 93)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(80, 87, 93); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(80, 87, 93);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(80, 87, 93)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 30.5159, -2.5582, -1.3618 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(80, 87, 93) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(80, 87,  
93) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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