

Converting Colors

HunterLab(30.5694, -25.8888,
18.3836)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(30.5694, -25.8888,
18.3836) contains.

HunterLab(30.5714, -25.8895, 18.3847)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**HunterLab(30.5714,
-25.8895, 18.3847)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	066500
RGB	6, 101, 0
RGB Percent	2%, 40%, 0%
CMY	0.9765, 0.6039, 1.0000
CMYK	0.94, 0.00, 1.00, 0.60
HSL	116°, 100%, 20%
HSV	116°, 100%, 40%
XYZ	4.7288, 9.3461, 1.5548
YIQ	61.0810, -24.1990, -51.5510

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

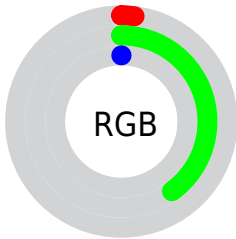
Format	Color
RYB	0, 101, 95
Decimal	419072
CIELab	36.64, -43.01, 42.24
CIELCh	37, 60.284, 135.517
Yxy	9.3465, 0.3026, 0.5980
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278609152 (0xFF066500)
YUV	61.0810, -30.1129, -48.3060
Hunter-Lab	30.5714, -25.8895, 18.3847

Details

The HunterLab color $[30.5714, -25.8895, 18.3847]$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 006600 . A complement of this color would be $[18.3659, 36.5665, -27.7908]$, and the grayscale version is $[21.7375, -1.1599, 1.1810]$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $[49.5315, -32.7902, 25.3135]$, and $[15.9568, -13.6830, 9.5930]$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $[30.5720, -25.8903, 18.3850]$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $[30.7176, -25.1977, 17.9268]$.

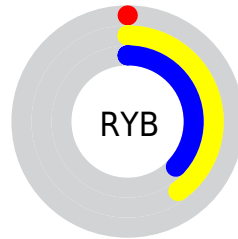
Distribution



Red (2%)

Green (40%)

Blue (0%)



Red (0%)

Yellow (40%)

Blue (37%)

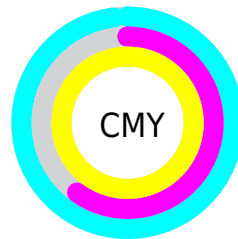


Cyan (94%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (100%)

Black (60%)



Cyan (98%)

Magenta (60%)

Yellow (100%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 30.5714, -25.8895, 18.3847 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 30.5714, -25.8895, 18.3847 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 30.5714, -25.8895,
18.3847

■ 30.5714, -25.8895,
18.3847

■ 136.3606,
-52.5166, 45.4365

■ 22.2887, -22.0090,
14.9148

■ 49.5569, -32.7527,
25.3771

■ 14.9279, -17.7383,
10.4495

■ 60.1343, -35.8844,
28.5749

■ 8.5757, -15.0075,
6.0030

■ 71.3727, -38.8760,
31.6247

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 83.2352, -41.7562,
34.5543

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 95.6907, -44.5460,
37.3850


0.0000, NaN, NaN


0.0000, NaN, NaN


■ 108.7120,


-47.2615, 40.1338


0.0000, NaN, NaN


 122.2756,
-49.9150, 42.8140


 30.5714, -25.8895,
18.3847


 30.5714, -25.8895,
18.3847


 30.5720, -25.8903,
18.3850

 30.7176, -25.1977,
17.9268

 30.9285, -24.2122,
17.3469

 31.2278, -22.8187,
16.4718

 31.6216, -21.0021,
15.2852

 32.1139, -18.7618,
13.7824

■ 32.7068, -16.1098,
11.9689

■ 33.4008, -13.0681,
9.8582

■ 34.1951, -9.6662,
7.4698

■ 35.0877, -5.9388,
4.8278

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



30.5720, -11.9250, 20.7101



30.5714, -25.8895, 18.3847



30.5720, -32.2460, 9.9559

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



30.5720, -25.8899, 18.3848



30.5720, -11.2999, -66.1462



30.5720, 49.2672, 10.4261

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



30.5714, -25.8895, 18.3847



18.3659, 36.5665, -27.7908

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



30.5720, 49.5722, -9.8949



30.5714, -25.8895, 18.3847



30.5720, 10.2313, -65.6511

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



30.5720, -25.8899, 18.3848



30.5720, -25.5419, -41.7886



30.5720, 33.8053, -40.7044



30.5720, 33.0608, 18.5260

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



30.5714, -25.8895, 18.3847



30.5720, -32.8591, -2.3634



30.5720, 33.8053, -40.7044



30.5720, 51.3561, 5.2087

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



30.5720, -25.8899, 18.3848



43.6807, -17.4778, 13.1647



32.8940, -6.5891, 20.1535



21.5267, -9.2823, 6.9567



73.3645, -3.9145, 3.9860



23.4461, -1.2510, 1.2739

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



30.5720, -25.8899, 18.3848



40.0355, -34.0107, 24.0742



30.8025, -24.3252, 14.0112



17.7473, -2.7866, 2.2864



34.9978, -29.6879, 21.0458



79.8433, -68.1553, 48.0059

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



18.3659, 36.5665, -27.7908



24.0309, 47.8659, -36.5035



17.5063, 31.6793, -1.8731



16.9740, 1.0095, -0.4629



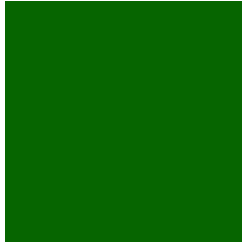
21.0153, 41.8518, -31.8656



47.8528, 95.3774, -73.1697

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 30.5714, -25.8895, 18.3847 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

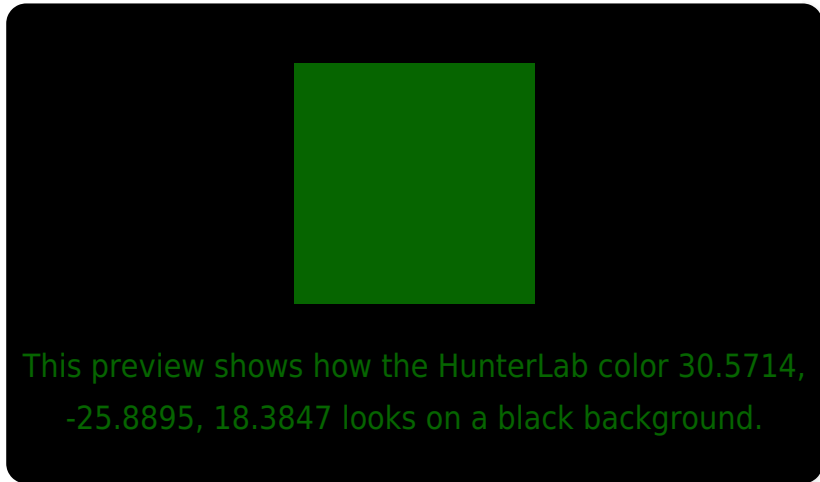
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 30.5714, -25.8895, 18.3847 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 30.5714, -25.8895, 18.3847.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 30.5714, -25.8895, 18.3847.

-25.8895, 18.3847.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

30.5714, -25.8895, 18.3847

Protanopia

30.3265, -4.4679, 18.6088

Deuteranopia

30.4642, 1.4518, 17.3200



Tritanopia

30.7548, -11.1738, -4.9799

Trichromacy



Original Color

30.5714, -25.8895, 18.3847

Protanomaly

29.2783, -15.5382, 17.7691

Deuteranomaly

29.1823, -12.8384, 16.9131

Tritanomaly

30.3242, -19.3058, 8.8640

Monochromacy



Original Color

30.5714, -25.8895, 18.3847

Achromatopsia

21.6021, -1.1526, 1.1737

Achromatomaly

24.0557, -13.4174, 9.8573

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 30.5714, -25.8895, 18.3847 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(6, 101, 0)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(6, 101, 0)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(6, 101, 0) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(6, 101, 0) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 30.5714, -25.8895, 18.3847 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(6, 101, 0) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(6, 101, 0) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(6, 101, 0)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(6, 101, 0); -webkit-box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(6, 101, 0); box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(6, 101, 0) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 30.5714, -25.8895, 18.3847 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(6, 101, 0) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(6, 101,  
0) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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