

Converting Colors

HunterLab(30.5964, -3.3269,
0.3737)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(30.5964, -3.3269, 0.3737)
contains.

HunterLab(30.6695, -3.6119, 0.5642)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**HunterLab(30.6695, -3.6119,
0.5642)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	505859
RGB	80, 88, 89
RGB Percent	31%, 35%, 35%
CMY	0.6863, 0.6549, 0.6510
CMYK	0.10, 0.01, 0.00, 0.65
HSL	187°, 5%, 33%
HSV	187°, 10%, 35%
XYZ	8.6012, 9.4062, 10.8134
YIQ	85.7220, -5.0890, -1.3850

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

Format	Color
R_YB	80, 84, 89
Decimal	5265497
CIE Lab	36.76, -2.91, -1.66
CIE LCh	37, 3.354, 209.693
Yxy	9.4066, 0.2984, 0.3264
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4283455577 (0xFF505859)
YUV	85.7220, 1.6161, -5.0182
Hunter-Lab	30.6695, -3.6119, 0.5642

Details

The HunterLab color **30.6695, -3.6119, 0.5642** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666666**. A complement of this color would be **29.3050, 0.5531, 2.7121**, and the grayscale version is **30.4000, -1.6221, 1.6517**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **49.7073, -5.1055, 1.4050**, and **15.0563, -2.4996, -0.1496** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **29.8051, -5.3346, -0.5288**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **31.5963, -1.7088, 1.7043**.

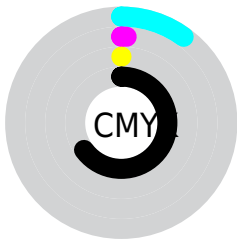
Distribution



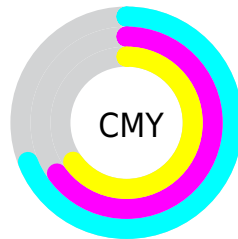
- Red (31%)
- Green (35%)
- Blue (35%)



- Red (31%)
- Yellow (33%)
- Blue (35%)



- Cyan (10%)
- Magenta (1%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (65%)



- Cyan (69%)
- Magenta (65%)
- Yellow (65%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 30.6695, -3.6119, 0.5642 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 30.6695, -3.6119, 0.5642 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 30.6695, -3.6119,
0.5642

■ 30.6695, -3.6119,
0.5642

136.5220,
-10.5660, 5.6346

■ 22.3770, -2.9673,
0.2192

■ 49.6721, -4.9799,
1.4129

■ 15.0052, -2.3450,
-0.0634

■ 60.2572, -5.7028,
1.9054

■ 8.6480, -1.9298,
-0.3255

■ 71.5028, -6.4516,
2.4386

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 83.3722, -7.2258,
3.0099

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 95.8341, -8.0249,
3.6169

0.0000, NaN, NaN

108.8617, -8.8483,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

4.2578

0.0000, NaN, NaN

122.4312, -9.6955,
4.9308

■ 30.6695, -3.6119,
0.5642

■ 30.6695, -3.6119,
0.5642

■ 29.8051, -5.3346,
-0.5288

■ 31.5963, -1.7088,
1.7043

■ 29.0031, -6.8592,
-1.5695

■ 32.5812, 0.3603,
2.8835

■ 28.2658, -8.1719,
-2.5508

■ 33.6225, 2.5787,
4.0966

■ 27.5942, -9.2602,
-3.4663

■ 34.7175, 4.9310,
5.3382

■ 26.9885, -10.1150,
-4.3102

■ 35.8635, 7.4027,
6.6035

■ 26.4482, -10.7318,
-5.0781

■ 37.0581, 9.9805,
7.8884

■ 25.9714, -11.1117,
-5.7674

■ 38.2986, 12.6521,
9.1893

■ 25.5545, -11.2655,
-6.3791

■ 39.5826, 15.4068,
10.5033

■ 25.1622, -11.3431,
-6.9641

■ 40.9077, 18.2349,
11.8279

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



30.6701, -3.9065, 1.6812



30.6695, -3.6119, 0.5642



30.6701, -2.7913, -0.2821

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



30.6701, -3.6125, 0.5647



30.6701, 0.3749, 0.5436



30.6701, -1.6258, 3.7797

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



30.6695, -3.6119, 0.5642



29.3050, 0.5531, 2.7121

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



30.6701, -0.4677, 3.5006



30.6695, -3.6119, 0.5642



30.6701, 0.6982, 1.6577

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



30.6701, -3.6125, 0.5647



30.6701, -0.4894, -0.2946



30.6701, 0.3875, 2.7346



30.6701, -2.7702, 3.5116

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



30.6695, -3.6119, 0.5642



30.6701, -2.0489, -0.5643



30.6701, 0.3875, 2.7346



30.6701, -1.2251, 3.7469

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



30.6701, -3.6125, 0.5647



40.9260, -2.9989, 1.7774



30.7294, -5.2021, 3.8621



20.5603, -1.5912, 0.8462



70.1359, -3.7423, 3.8106



20.7927, -1.1094, 1.1297

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



30.6701, -3.6125, 0.5647



39.8215, -5.2530, 0.4086



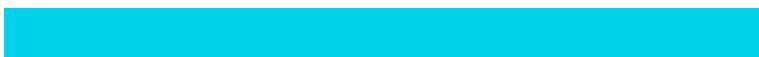
29.5053, -1.7180, -0.8412



15.2541, -1.6658, 0.3556



30.4748, -13.6719, -8.5770



71.6693, -31.6934, -21.1634

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



29.2676, 2.1479, -0.6319



37.5881, 3.9447, -1.5156



30.4358, -1.3706, 3.9456



14.6515, 0.8050, -0.1555



19.9052, 38.2587, -19.4665



47.0917, 90.3760, -44.9955

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 30.6695, -3.6119, 0.5642 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 30.6695, -3.6119, 0.5642 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

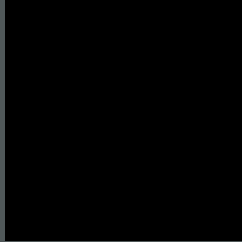
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

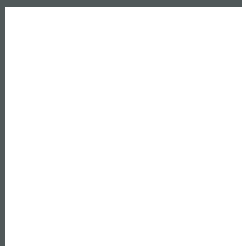
Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 30.6695, -3.6119, 0.5642 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 30.6695, -3.6119, 0.5642.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 30.6695, -3.6119,

0.5642.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

30.6695, -3.6119, 0.5642

Protanopia

30.6372, -1.0640, 0.9929

Deuteranopia

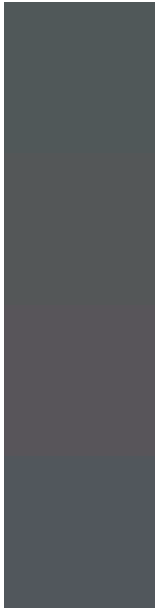
30.6692, 1.7951, 0.2300



Tritanopia

30.6168, -2.1464, -1.6788

Trichromacy



Original Color

30.6695, -3.6119, 0.5642

Protanomaly

30.6689, -2.3022, 1.0091

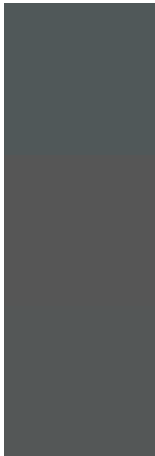
Deuteranomaly

30.5121, -0.0519, 0.0046

Tritanomaly

30.5588, -2.4651, -0.8578

Monochromacy



Original Color

30.6695, -3.6119, 0.5642

Achromatopsia

30.5056, -1.6277, 1.6574

Achromatomaly

30.6420, -2.4500, 1.3917

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 30.6695, -3.6119, 0.5642 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(80, 88, 89)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(80, 88, 89)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(80, 88, 89) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(80, 88, 89) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 30.6695, -3.6119, 0.5642 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(80, 88, 89) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(80, 88, 89) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(80, 88, 89)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(80, 88, 89); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(80, 88, 89);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(80, 88, 89)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 30.6695, -3.6119, 0.5642 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(80, 88, 89) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(80, 88,  
89) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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