

Converting Colors

HunterLab(30.6380, -4.0470,
3.2793)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(30.6380, -4.0470, 3.2793)
contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(30.6308, -4.1149,
3.3511)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	525852
RGB	82, 88, 82
RGB Percent	32%, 35%, 32%
CMY	0.6784, 0.6549, 0.6784
CMYK	0.07, 0.00, 0.07, 0.65
HSL	120°, 4%, 33%
HSV	120°, 7%, 35%
XYZ	8.4924, 9.3825, 9.3460
YIQ	85.5220, -1.6500, -3.1380

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

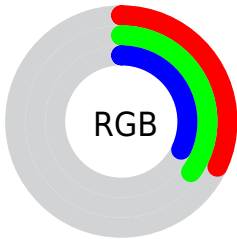
Format	Color
RYB	82, 88, 88
Decimal	5396562
CIELab	36.71, -3.67, 2.66
CIElCh	37, 4.533, 144.114
Yxy	9.3829, 0.3120, 0.3447
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4283586642 (0xFF525852)
YUV	85.5220, -1.7363, -3.0888
Hunter-Lab	30.6308, -4.1149, 3.3511

Details

The HunterLab color $[30.6308, -4.1149, 3.3511]$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 666666 . A complement of this color would be $[29.6885, 0.9759, -0.1278]$, and the grayscale version is $[30.3378, -1.6188, 1.6483]$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $[49.6396, -5.7984, 4.8390]$, and $[15.0155, -2.9681, 2.2894]$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $[29.8124, -7.4934, 5.6338]$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $[31.5368, -0.4885, 0.9013]$.

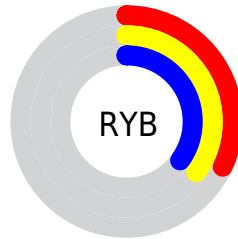
Distribution



Red (32%)

Green (35%)

Blue (32%)



Red (32%)

Yellow (35%)

Blue (35%)

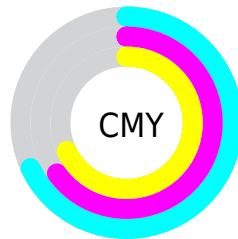


Cyan (7%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (7%)

Black (65%)



Cyan (68%)

Magenta (65%)

Yellow (68%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 30.6308, -4.1149, 3.3511 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 30.6308, -4.1149, 3.3511 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 30.6308, -4.1149,
3.3511

■ 30.6308, -4.1149,
3.3511

136.4584,
-11.4102, 10.2509

■ 22.3422, -3.4168,
2.7217

■ 49.6267, -5.5758,
4.6955

■ 14.9747, -2.7338,
2.1181

■ 60.2088, -6.3401,
5.4097

■ 8.6196, -2.3169,
1.7470

■ 71.4515, -7.1278,
6.1515

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 83.3182, -7.9388,
6.9202

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 95.7776, -8.7728,
7.7151

0.0000, NaN, NaN

108.8026, -9.6296,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

122.3699,
-10.5089, 9.3811

■ 30.6308, -4.1149,
3.3511

■ 30.6308, -4.1149,
3.3511

■ 29.8124, -7.4934,
5.6338

■ 31.5368, -0.4885,
0.9013

■ 29.0826, -10.5871,
7.7245

■ 32.5251, 3.3531,
-1.6933

■ 28.4441, -13.3634,
9.6010

■ 33.5923, 7.3763,
-4.4099

■ 27.8980, -15.7933,
11.2435

■ 34.7344, 11.5506,
-7.2280

■ 27.4441, -17.8542,
12.6368

■ 35.9471, 15.8490,
-10.1291

■ 27.0807, -19.5325,
13.7716

■ 37.2263, 20.2478,
-13.0973

■ 26.8043, -20.8264,
14.6465

■ 38.5678, 24.7268,
-16.1190

■ 26.6095, -21.7473,
15.2692

■ 39.9678, 29.2691,
-19.1827

■ 26.4651, -22.4356,
15.7348

■ 41.4225, 33.8608,
-22.2789

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



30.6315, -2.8965, 4.2469



30.6308, -4.1149, 3.3511



30.6315, -4.6691, 1.9692

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



30.6315, -4.1156, 3.3515



30.6315, -1.9544, -1.4244



30.6315, 1.2550, 2.8518

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



30.6308, -4.1149, 3.3511



29.6885, 0.9759, -0.1278

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



30.6315, 1.5198, 1.3624



30.6308, -4.1149, 3.3511



30.6315, -0.3549, -1.1581

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



30.6315, -4.1156, 3.3515



30.6315, -3.4381, -0.8281



30.6315, 0.9249, -0.1183



30.6315, 0.2086, 3.9690

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



30.6308, -4.1149, 3.3511



30.6315, -4.5946, 0.9370



30.6315, 0.9249, -0.1183



30.6315, 1.4392, 2.3802

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



30.6315, -4.1156, 3.3515



41.0600, -3.2005, 2.9174



31.0867, -2.5076, 3.8865



20.6790, -1.5639, 1.4367



70.1359, -3.7423, 3.8106



20.7927, -1.1094, 1.1297

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



30.6315, -4.1156, 3.3515



40.3412, -6.1090, 4.8824



30.7076, -3.6929, 2.2628



15.2693, -2.4014, 1.9086



32.4596, -27.8341, 19.5141



76.9337, -65.9706, 46.2512

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



29.6885, 0.9759, -0.1278



38.8325, 2.0382, -0.6853



29.6064, 0.5322, 1.0410



14.6636, 0.8698, -0.3269



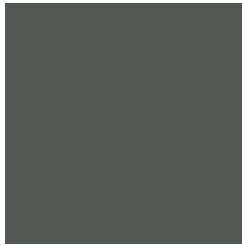
20.4832, 40.2706, -27.0155



48.5480, 95.4468, -64.0302

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 30.6308, -4.1149, 3.3511 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 30.6308, -4.1149, 3.3511 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

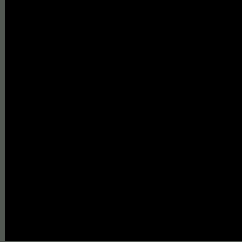
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 30.6308, -4.1149, 3.3511 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 30.6308, -4.1149, 3.3511.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 30.6308, -4.1149,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

30.6308, -4.1149, 3.3511

Protanopia

30.6162, -1.4978, 3.7640

Deuteranopia

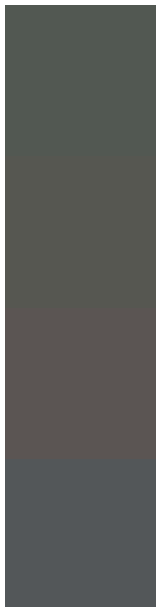
30.4924, 2.1246, 2.9141



Tritanopia

30.5462, -1.0987, -1.2976

Trichromacy



Original Color

30.6308, -4.1149, 3.3511

Protanomaly

30.6413, -2.7593, 3.7698

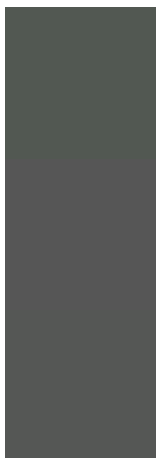
Deuteranomaly

30.5707, -0.2231, 2.9620

Tritanomaly

30.6213, -2.4142, 0.5268

Monochromacy



Original Color

30.6308, -4.1149, 3.3511

Achromatopsia

30.5056, -1.6277, 1.6574

Achromatomaly

30.6652, -2.4738, 2.2357

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 30.6308, -4.1149, 3.3511 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(82, 88, 82)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(82, 88, 82)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(82, 88, 82) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(82, 88, 82) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 30.6308, -4.1149, 3.3511 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(82, 88, 82) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(82, 88, 82) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(82, 88, 82)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(82, 88, 82); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(82, 88, 82);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(82, 88, 82)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 30.6308, -4.1149, 3.3511 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(82, 88, 82) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(82, 88,  
82) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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