

Converting Colors

HunterLab(30.6392, 1.1043,
-5.4259)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(30.6392, 1.1043, -5.4259)
contains.

HunterLab(30.6392, 1.1043, -5.4259)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**HunterLab(30.6392, 1.1043,
-5.4259)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	555566
RGB	85, 85, 102
RGB Percent	33%, 33%, 40%
CMY	0.6667, 0.6667, 0.6000
CMYK	0.17, 0.17, 0.00, 0.60
HSL	240°, 9%, 37%
HSV	240°, 17%, 40%
XYZ	9.3931, 9.3876, 13.8873
YIQ	86.9380, -5.4570, 5.2870

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

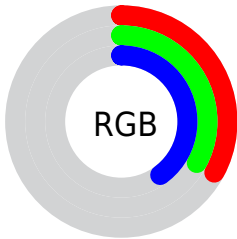
Format	Color
R_{YB}	85, 85, 102
Decimal	5592422
CIE Lab	36.72, 3.92, -9.78
CIE LCh	37, 10.535, 291.874
Yxy	9.3880, 0.2875, 0.2874
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4283782502 (0xFF555566)
YUV	86.9380, 7.4256, -1.6996
Hunter-Lab	30.6392, 1.1043, -5.4259

Details

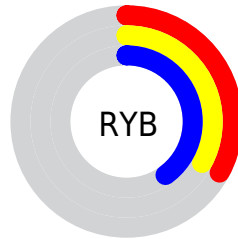
The HunterLab color $30.6392, 1.1043, -5.4259$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 666666 . A complement of this color would be $36.0324, -4.2513, 7.9866$, and the grayscale version is $30.8248, -1.6447, 1.6748$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $49.7783, 0.4035, -5.2154$, and $14.9818, 1.4646, -5.0467$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $27.2994, 3.1429, -10.4244$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $34.0937, -0.7693, -0.8657$.

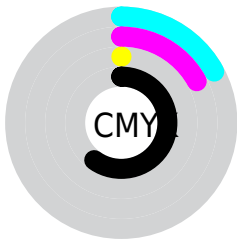
Distribution



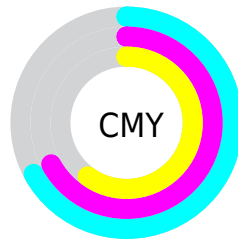
- Red (33%)
- Green (33%)
- Blue (40%)



- Red (33%)
- Yellow (33%)
- Blue (40%)



- Cyan (17%)
- Magenta (17%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (60%)



- Cyan (67%)
- Magenta (67%)
- Yellow (60%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 30.6392, 1.1043, -5.4259 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 30.6392, 1.1043, -5.4259 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 30.6392, 1.1043,
-5.4259

■ 30.6392, 1.1043,
-5.4259

■ 136.4722, -2.8292,
-3.4948

■ 22.3497, 1.2829,
-5.3247

■ 49.6365, 0.5520,
-5.3933

■ 14.9813, 1.3814,
-5.1340

■ 60.2193, 0.1948,
-5.2769

■ 8.6258, 1.5220,
-4.9347

■ 71.4626, -0.2097,
-5.1020

0.0000, NaN, -NF

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 83.3299, -0.6577,
-4.8734

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 95.7898, -1.1459,
-4.5952

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

108.8154, -1.6720,

-4.2709

0.0000, NaN, NaN

122.3832, -2.2337,
-3.9032

■ 30.6392, 1.1043,
-5.4259

■ 30.6392, 1.1043,
-5.4259

■ 27.2994, 3.1429,
-10.4244

■ 34.0937, -0.7693,
-0.8657

■ 24.0931, 5.3980,
-15.9939

■ 37.6457, -2.5146,
3.3551

■ 21.0495, 7.9317,
-22.2979

■ 41.2843, -4.1612,
7.3133

■ 18.2096, 10.8133,
-29.5195

■ 45.0005, -5.7312,
11.0665

■ 15.6325, 14.0944,
-37.7973

■ 48.7871, -7.2413,
14.6589

■ 13.4028, 17.7367,
-47.0389

■ 52.6383, -8.7043,
18.1240

■ 11.6323, 21.4601,
-56.5286

■ 56.5492, -10.1303,
21.4882

■ 10.2724, 25.0801,
-65.7856

■ 60.5158, -11.5269,
24.7719

■ 9.7952, 26.5645,
-69.5882

■ 64.5347, -12.9004,
27.9912

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



30.6398, -2.6517, -5.9513



30.6392, 1.1043, -5.4259



30.6398, 4.2605, -2.8892

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



30.6398, 1.1037, -5.4253



30.6398, 2.9559, 6.5996



30.6398, -8.4700, 2.6241

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



30.6392, 1.1043, -5.4259



36.0324, -4.2513, 7.9866

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



30.6398, -7.1187, 5.6172



30.6392, 1.1043, -5.4259



30.6398, -0.6079, 7.7247

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



30.6398, 1.1037, -5.4253



30.6398, 5.3653, 4.1210



30.6398, -4.2837, 7.3881



30.6398, -8.0610, -1.0066

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



30.6392, 1.1043, -5.4259



30.6398, 5.5414, -0.5498



30.6398, -4.2837, 7.3881



30.6398, -8.2090, 3.7312

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



30.6398, 1.1037, -5.4253



45.8584, -1.3805, -0.2692



35.1965, -6.4049, 0.5241



22.1627, -0.6142, -0.2673



73.3645, -3.9145, 3.9860



23.4461, -1.2510, 1.2739

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



30.6398, 1.1037, -5.4253



38.8283, 2.4875, -9.6939



31.2970, 3.3090, -4.4710



16.6245, -0.1793, -0.9291



11.1005, 30.1052, -78.8631



25.3499, 68.7570, -180.1117

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



31.5878, 3.3096, 3.3899



40.3992, 6.0840, 4.9558



35.3936, -6.5374, 7.2976



16.8715, 0.4111, 1.3560



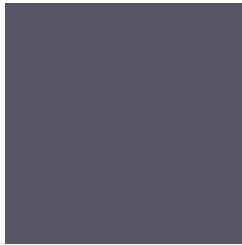
19.0471, 32.6189, 12.3072



43.4989, 74.4933, 28.1074

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 30.6392, 1.1043, -5.4259 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 30.6392, 1.1043, -5.4259 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

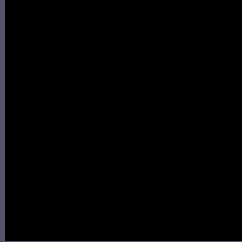
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 30.6392, 1.1043, -5.4259 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 30.6392, 1.1043, -5.4259.



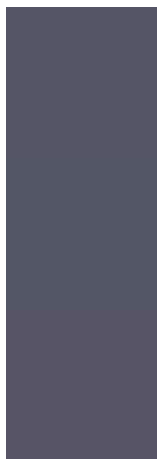
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 30.6392, 1.1043, -5.4259.

-5.4259.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

30.6392, 1.1043, -5.4259

Protanopia

30.7472, 0.1441, -5.2908

Deuteranopia

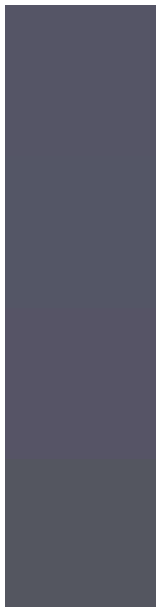
30.5388, 2.0794, -5.5506



Tritanopia

30.4711, -1.3590, -1.3980

Trichromacy



Original Color

30.6392, 1.1043, -5.4259

Protanomaly

30.8216, 0.3983, -5.1819

Deuteranomaly

30.4605, 1.8160, -5.6663

Tritanomaly

30.6348, -0.6155, -2.5513

Monochromacy



Original Color

30.6392, 1.1043, -5.4259

Achromatopsia

30.8719, -1.6472, 1.6773

Achromatomaly

30.6704, -0.7273, -0.6872

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 30.6392, 1.1043, -5.4259 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(85, 85, 102)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(85, 85, 102)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(85, 85, 102) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(85, 85, 102) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 30.6392, 1.1043, -5.4259 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(85, 85, 102) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(85, 85, 102) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(85, 85, 102)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(85, 85, 102); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(85, 85, 102);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(85, 85,  
102) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 30.6392, 1.1043, -5.4259 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(85, 85, 102) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(85, 85,  
102) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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