

Converting Colors

HunterLab(30.7017, -6.5306,
-20.4456)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(30.7017, -6.5306,
-20.4456) contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(30.6912, -6.4584,
-20.6532)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	195C80
RGB	25, 92, 128
RGB Percent	10%, 36%, 50%
CMY	0.9019, 0.6392, 0.4980
CMYK	0.80, 0.28, 0.00, 0.50
HSL	201°, 67%, 30%
HSV	201°, 80%, 50%
XYZ	8.1243, 9.4195, 21.8120
YIQ	76.0710, -51.4880, -3.0080

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

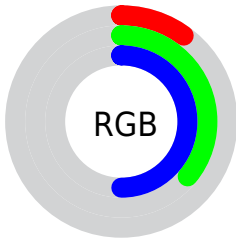
Format	Color
R_{YB}	25, 66, 128
Decimal	1662080
CIE _{Lab}	36.78, -7.25, -26.02
CIE _{LCh}	37, 27.014, 254.440
Yxy	9.4198, 0.2064, 0.2393
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4279852160 (0xFF195C80)
YUV	76.0710, 25.6010, -44.7893
Hunter-Lab	30.6912, -6.4584, -20.6532

Details

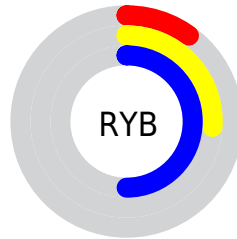
The HunterLab color $30.6912, -6.4584, -20.6532$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 006699 . A complement of this color would be $28.2803, 18.3417, 15.8182$, and the grayscale version is $26.8345, -1.4318, 1.4580$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $49.6595, -8.3602, -21.7404$, and $15.8698, -0.9093, -17.8729$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $29.2237, -5.3196, -23.5190$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $32.2796, -7.1911, -17.7463$.

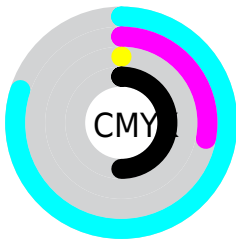
Distribution



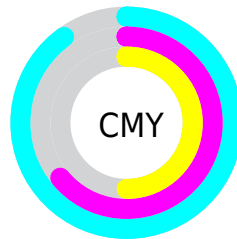
- Red (10%)
- Green (36%)
- Blue (50%)



- Red (10%)
- Yellow (26%)
- Blue (50%)



- Cyan (80%)
- Magenta (28%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (50%)



- Cyan (90%)
- Magenta (64%)
- Yellow (50%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 30.6912, -6.4584, -20.6532 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 30.6912, -6.4584, -20.6532 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 30.6912, -6.4584,
-20.6532

■ 30.6912, -6.4584,
-20.6532

■ 136.5575,
-15.3814, -23.5849

■ 22.3965, -5.5021,
-20.1193

■ 49.6975, -8.3633,
-21.6818

■ 15.0222, -4.5259,
-19.6937

■ 60.2842, -9.3254,
-22.1244

■ 8.6639, -4.1073,
-19.8704

■ 71.5314, -10.2987,
-22.5092

0.0000, NaN, -NF

0.0000, NaN, -NF

■ 83.4023, -11.2850,
-22.8353

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 95.8657, -12.2857,
-23.1038

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 108.8946,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

-13.3016, -23.3168

0.0000, NaN, NaN

122.4655,
-14.3334, -23.4764

■ 30.6912, -6.4584,
-20.6532

■ 30.6912, -6.4584,
-20.6532

■ 29.2237, -5.3196,
-23.5190

■ 32.2796, -7.1911,
-17.7463

■ 27.9014, -3.9840,
-26.2740

■ 33.9849, -7.5244,
-14.8191

■ 35.8028, -7.4777,
-11.8890

■ 37.7271, -7.0779,
-8.9713

■ 39.7510, -6.3554,
-6.0774

■ 41.8678, -5.3410,
-3.2153

■ 44.0707, -4.0647,
-0.3899

■ 46.3537, -2.5541,
2.3965

■ 48.7108, -0.8346,
5.1431

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



30.6917, -13.7919, -13.4298



30.6912, -6.4584, -20.6532



30.6917, 3.1247, -20.8003

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



30.6917, -6.4581, -20.6526



30.6917, 18.4686, 5.7532



30.6917, -13.5769, 11.7875

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



30.6912, -6.4584, -20.6532



28.2803, 18.3417, 15.8182

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



30.6917, -6.1293, 14.3168



30.6912, -6.4584, -20.6532



30.6917, 12.7590, 11.6353

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



30.6917, -6.4581, -20.6526



30.6917, 18.3521, -3.4495



30.6917, 3.4965, 14.2714



30.6917, -17.5425, 6.0369

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



30.6912, -6.4584, -20.6532



30.6917, 9.5714, -16.7352



30.6917, 3.4965, 14.2714



30.6917, -11.4410, 12.9510

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



30.6917, -6.4581, -20.6526



54.3909, -7.6816, -5.8140



39.9557, -30.0791, 17.8854



25.9074, -3.9111, -3.3702



80.9895, -4.3214, 4.4003



29.8298, -1.5916, 1.6207

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



30.6917, -6.4581, -20.6526



37.1909, -5.3295, -34.4981



18.5299, 17.0053, -53.6291



21.5446, -1.8794, -0.0032



27.7882, -3.9746, -26.1527

0.0000, NaN, NaN

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



24.6122, 38.0249, -8.5604



30.5025, 54.9858, -8.6686



39.9905, -4.1718, 23.2047



20.9468, 1.1475, 0.2215



22.7465, 41.6952, -6.5502

0.0000, NaN, NaN

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 30.6912, -6.4584, -20.6532 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 30.6912, -6.4584, -20.6532 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

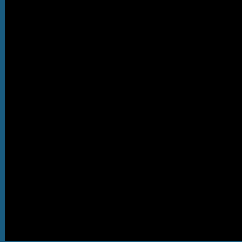
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 30.6912, -6.4584, -20.6532 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 30.6912, -6.4584, -20.6532.

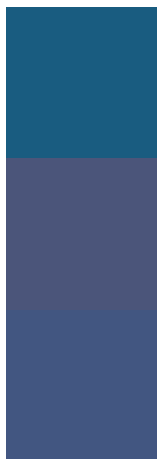


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 30.6912, -6.4584, -20.6532.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

30.6912, -6.4584, -20.6532

Protanopia

30.6562, 2.6160, -16.6741

Deuteranopia

30.6575, 1.8776, -21.2421



Tritanopia

30.5696, -14.7772, -6.3095

Trichromacy



Original Color

30.6912, -6.4584, -20.6532

Protanomaly

30.5033, -1.7962, -18.2998

Deuteranomaly

30.4438, -1.5778, -21.7162

Tritanomaly

30.6795, -12.2083, -10.9338

Monochromacy



Original Color

30.6912, -6.4584, -20.6532

Achromatopsia

26.8834, -1.4344, 1.4606

Achromatomaly

27.8041, -5.1930, -6.0448

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 30.6912, -6.4584, -20.6532 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(25, 92, 128)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(25, 92, 128)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(25, 92, 128) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(25, 92, 128) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 30.6912, -6.4584, -20.6532 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(25, 92, 128) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(25, 92, 128) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(25, 92, 128)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(25, 92, 128); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(25, 92, 128);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(25, 92,  
128) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 30.6912, -6.4584, -20.6532 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(25, 92, 128) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(25, 92,  
128) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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