

Converting Colors

HunterLab(30.8050, -1.0796,
-1.5286)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(30.8050, -1.0796,
-1.5286) contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(30.9125, -1.1178,
-1.2823)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	55575E
RGB	85, 87, 94
RGB Percent	33%, 34%, 37%
CMY	0.6667, 0.6588, 0.6314
CMYK	0.10, 0.07, 0.00, 0.63
HSL	227°, 5%, 35%
HSV	227°, 10%, 37%
XYZ	9.1749, 9.5558, 11.9505
YIQ	87.2000, -3.4390, 1.7530

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

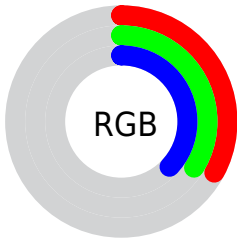
Format	Color
RYB	85, 87, 94
Decimal	5592926
CIELab	37.03, 0.77, -4.32
CIELCh	37, 4.389, 280.122
Yxy	9.5562, 0.2990, 0.3115
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4283783006 (0xFF55575E)
YUV	87.2000, 3.3524, -1.9294
Hunter-Lab	30.9125, -1.1178, -1.2823

Details

The HunterLab color $[30.9125, -1.1178, -1.2823]$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 666666 . A complement of this color would be $[32.6952, -2.1685, 4.5232]$, and the grayscale version is $[30.9348, -1.6506, 1.6807]$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $[50.0558, -2.1152, -0.4460]$, and $[15.2330, -0.4501, -1.5052]$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $[28.3209, -0.3026, -4.7239]$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $[33.5709, -1.8125, 1.9518]$.

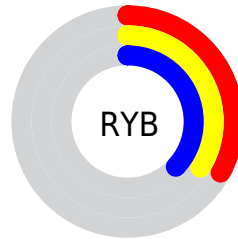
Distribution



Red (33%)

Green (34%)

Blue (37%)



Red (33%)

Yellow (34%)

Blue (37%)

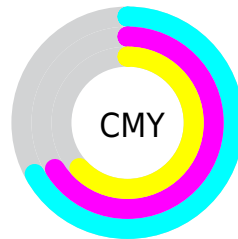


Cyan (10%)

Magenta (7%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (63%)



Cyan (67%)

Magenta (66%)

Yellow (63%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 30.9125, -1.1178, -1.2823 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 30.9125, -1.1178, -1.2823 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 30.9125, -1.1178,
-1.2823

■ 30.9125, -1.1178,
-1.2823

■ 136.9214, -6.4402,
2.7257

■ 22.5959, -0.7267,
-1.4694

■ 49.9574, -2.0438,
-0.7154

■ 15.1968, -0.3904,
-1.5789

■ 60.5614, -2.5690,
-0.3508

■ 8.8244, -0.0905,
-1.6307

■ 71.8249, -3.1318,
0.0613

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 83.7111, -3.7299,
0.5172

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 96.1891, -4.3613,
1.0140

0.0000, NaN, NaN

109.2321, -5.0244,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

1.5490

0.0000, NaN, NaN

122.8164, -5.7178,
2.1202

■ 30.9125, -1.1178,
-1.2823

■ 30.9125, -1.1178,
-1.2823

■ 28.3209, -0.3026,
-4.7239

■ 33.5709, -1.8125,
1.9518

■ 25.8026, 0.6619,
-8.4224

■ 36.2875, -2.4061,
5.0155

■ 23.3691, 1.8090,
-12.4359

■ 39.0575, -2.9161,
7.9405

■ 21.0341, 3.1806,
-16.8331

■ 41.8762, -3.3559,
10.7517

■ 18.8160, 4.8272,
-21.6900

■ 44.7401, -3.7363,
13.4695

■ 16.7386, 6.8048,
-27.0768

■ 47.6458, -4.0660,
16.1101

■ 14.8336, 9.1639,
-33.0266

■ 50.5908, -4.3522,
18.6869

■ 13.1415, 11.9223,
-39.4710

■ 53.5727, -4.6006,
21.2107

■ 11.6404, 14.8609,
-46.5057

■ 56.5893, -4.8162,
23.6906

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



30.9132, -2.6715, -1.1433



30.9125, -1.1178, -1.2823



30.9132, 0.3196, -0.5962

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



30.9132, -1.1184, -1.2818



30.9132, 0.6927, 3.4777



30.9132, -4.4408, 2.6438

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



30.9125, -1.1178, -1.2823



32.6952, -2.1685, 4.5232

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



30.9132, -3.5737, 3.8003



30.9125, -1.1178, -1.2823



30.9132, -0.6173, 4.2648

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



30.9132, -1.1184, -1.2818



30.9132, 1.3790, 2.1834



30.9132, -2.1802, 4.3798



30.9132, -4.5689, 1.1734

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



30.9125, -1.1178, -1.2823



30.9132, 1.0119, 0.2168



30.9132, -2.1802, 4.3798



30.9132, -4.2269, 3.0801

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



30.9132, -1.1184, -1.2818



43.1757, -2.0917, 1.1050



32.7228, -4.4800, 1.7807



21.0233, -0.9954, 0.4064



71.2094, -3.7996, 3.8689



21.6712, -1.1563, 1.1774

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



30.9132, -1.1184, -1.2818



40.2928, -1.3018, -2.4795



30.5792, 0.4054, -1.6827



15.3420, -0.5799, -0.5056



13.3692, 18.3948, -56.4194



29.4030, 49.1323, -142.8139

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



30.9273, 1.1985, 1.7915



40.3222, 2.3258, 2.3768



33.0396, -3.7053, 4.8711



15.3475, 0.4710, 0.8828



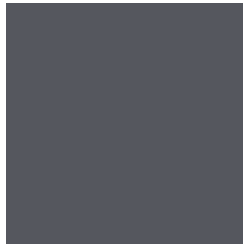
18.3307, 31.7604, 8.9882



42.7609, 73.8248, 23.0155

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 30.9125, -1.1178, -1.2823 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

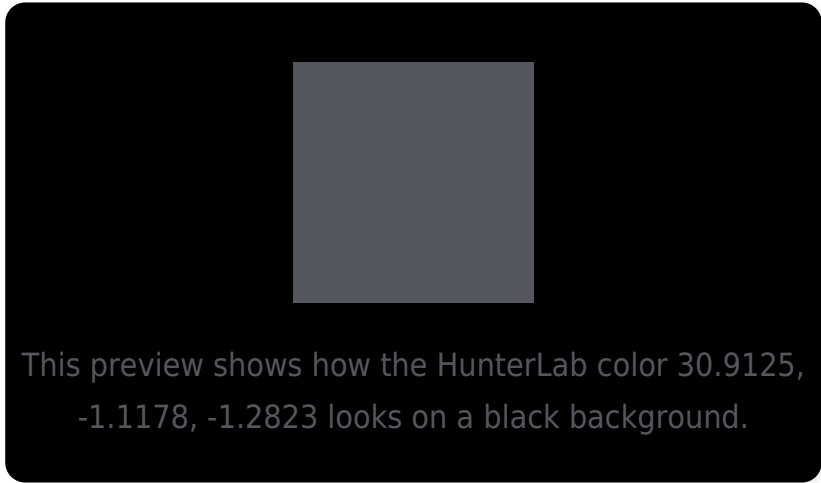
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

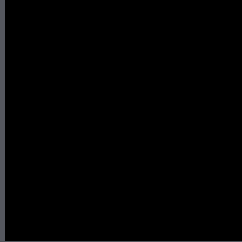
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

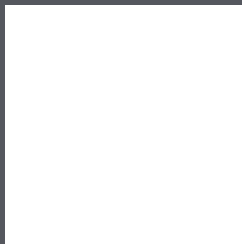
Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 30.9125, -1.1178, -1.2823 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 30.9125, -1.1178, -1.2823.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 30.9125, -1.1178, -1.2823.

-1.2823.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

30.9125, -1.1178, -1.2823

Protanopia

31.0657, -0.5889, -1.0785

Deuteranopia

30.9523, 1.6718, -1.1829



Tritanopia

30.9125, -1.1178, -1.2823

Trichromacy



Original Color

30.9125, -1.1178, -1.2823

Protanomaly

30.9887, -0.8546, -1.1809

Deuteranomaly

30.9638, 0.3944, -1.1906

Tritanomaly

30.9125, -1.1178, -1.2823

Monochromacy



Original Color

30.9125, -1.1178, -1.2823

Achromatopsia

30.8719, -1.6472, 1.6773

Achromatomaly

30.8756, -1.4724, 0.4249

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 30.9125, -1.1178, -1.2823 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(85, 87, 94)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(85, 87, 94)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(85, 87, 94) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(85, 87, 94) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 30.9125, -1.1178, -1.2823 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(85, 87, 94) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(85, 87, 94) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(85, 87, 94)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(85, 87, 94); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(85, 87, 94);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(85, 87, 94)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 30.9125, -1.1178, -1.2823 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(85, 87, 94) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(85, 87,  
94) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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