

Converting Colors

HunterLab(30.8093, -9.9816,
-1.1171)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(30.8093, -9.9816,
-1.1171) contains.

HunterLab(30.8040, -9.9978, -1.1263)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**HunterLab(30.8040, -9.9978,
-1.1263)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	395D5D
RGB	57, 93, 93
RGB Percent	22%, 36%, 36%
CMY	0.7765, 0.6353, 0.6353
CMYK	0.39, 0.00, 0.00, 0.64
HSL	180°, 24%, 29%
HSV	180°, 39%, 36%
XYZ	7.5775, 9.4889, 11.7881
YIQ	82.2360, -21.4560, -7.6320

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

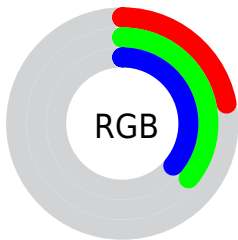
Format	Color
RYB	57, 75, 93
Decimal	3759453
CIELab	36.91, -12.86, -4.10
CIElCh	37, 13.499, 197.675
Yxy	9.4892, 0.2626, 0.3289
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4281949533 (0xFF395D5D)
YUV	82.2360, 5.3067, -22.1320
Hunter-Lab	30.8040, -9.9978, -1.1263

Details

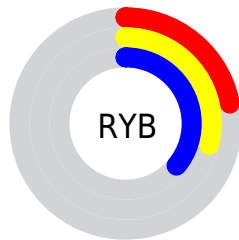
The HunterLab color **30.8040, -9.9978, -1.1263** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **336666**. A complement of this color would be **23.5565, 9.6680, 4.9410**, and the grayscale version is **29.1208, -1.5538, 1.5822**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **49.6913, -12.5146, -0.6059**, and **15.1324, -7.2574, -1.3396** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **30.3981, -11.5333, -1.6696**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **31.2859, -8.2084, -0.4914**.

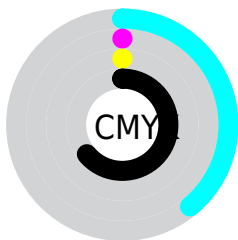
Distribution



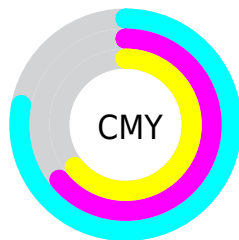
- Red (22%)
- Green (36%)
- Blue (36%)



- Red (22%)
- Yellow (29%)
- Blue (36%)



- Cyan (39%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (64%)



- Cyan (78%)
- Magenta (64%)
- Yellow (64%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 30.8040, -9.9978, -1.1263 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 30.8040, -9.9978, -1.1263 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 30.8040, -9.9978,
-1.1263

■ 30.8040, -9.9978,
-1.1263

■ 136.7431,
-21.5340, 2.9645

■ 22.4981, -8.6235,
-1.3254

■ 49.8300, -12.6221,
-0.5378

■ 15.1112, -7.1674,
-1.4478

■ 60.4256, -13.9024,
-0.1633

■ 8.7461, -6.8750,
-1.5237

■ 71.6811, -15.1733,
0.2582

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 83.5598, -16.4404,
0.7232

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 96.0306, -17.7075,
1.2286

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 109.0667,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

-18.9774, 1.7720

0.0000, NaN, NaN

122.6445,
-20.2524, 2.3512

■ 30.8040, -9.9978,
-1.1263

■ 30.8040, -9.9978,
-1.1263

■ 30.3981, -11.5333,
-1.6696

■ 31.2859, -8.2084,
-0.4914

■ 30.0650, -12.8083,
-2.1208

■ 31.8427, -6.1745,
0.2304

■ 29.8027, -13.8236,
-2.4799

■ 32.4747, -3.9108,
1.0346

■ 29.6074, -14.5860,
-2.7494

■ 33.1809, -1.4344,
1.9154

■ 29.4739, -15.1103,
-2.9346

■ 33.9599, 1.2358,
2.8665

■ 29.3718, -15.5129,
-3.0768

■ 34.8095, 4.0801,
3.8810

■ 29.3587, -15.5651,
-3.0952

■ 35.7274, 7.0788,
4.9522

■ 36.7109, 10.2127,
6.0734

■ 37.7573, 13.4639,
7.2385

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



30.8046, -10.1975, 3.5022



30.8040, -9.9978, -1.1263



30.8046, -7.6482, -5.5902

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



30.8046, -9.9981, -1.1258



30.8046, 5.5206, -4.8793



30.8046, 0.3607, 9.1146

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



30.8040, -9.9978, -1.1263



23.5565, 9.6680, 4.9410

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



30.8046, 4.8557, 7.5157



30.8040, -9.9978, -1.1263



30.8046, 7.9554, -0.2677

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



30.8046, -9.9981, -1.1258



30.8046, 1.2233, -7.9761



30.8046, 7.7048, 4.2386



30.8046, -4.4127, 8.9579

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



30.8040, -9.9978, -1.1263



30.8046, -5.0917, -7.6583



30.8046, 7.7048, 4.2386



30.8046, 1.9596, 8.7763

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



30.8046, -9.9981, -1.1258



42.1675, -6.2313, 0.9569



30.0201, -14.6299, 10.5967



21.0829, -3.2316, 0.4395



71.2094, -3.7996, 3.8689



21.6712, -1.1563, 1.1774

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



30.8046, -9.9981, -1.1258



39.8290, -14.8417, -2.0972



26.0277, -2.8886, -7.6037



16.1879, -1.9623, 0.5114



34.9207, -18.5140, -3.6816



81.7178, -43.3245, -8.6150

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



23.5565, 9.6680, 4.9410



28.4766, 16.2664, 7.5076



27.5210, 1.9659, 8.6530



15.3238, 0.3429, 1.2215



18.1455, 31.0748, 11.7249



42.4622, 72.7178, 27.4378

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 30.8040, -9.9978, -1.1263 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 30.8040, -9.9978, -1.1263 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

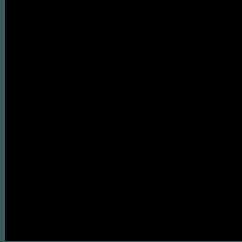
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 30.8040, -9.9978, -1.1263 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 30.8040, -9.9978, -1.1263.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 30.8040, -9.9978, -1.1263.

-1.1263.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

30.8040, -9.9978, -1.1263

Protanopia

30.6644, -0.9155, 0.6053

Deuteranopia

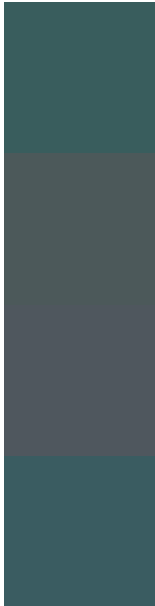
30.6448, 2.0002, -2.0284



Tritanopia

30.7976, -8.2073, -3.8915

Trichromacy



Original Color

30.8040, -9.9978, -1.1263

Protanomaly

30.6911, -4.8646, 0.1402

Deuteranomaly

30.4743, -2.6457, -1.8712

Tritanomaly

30.6870, -8.7398, -3.0944

Monochromacy



Original Color

30.8040, -9.9978, -1.1263

Achromatopsia

29.0476, -1.5499, 1.5782

Achromatomaly

29.5701, -4.9338, 0.4818

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 30.8040, -9.9978, -1.1263 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(57, 93, 93)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(57, 93, 93)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(57, 93, 93) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(57, 93, 93) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 30.8040, -9.9978, -1.1263 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(57, 93, 93) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(57, 93, 93) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(57, 93, 93)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(57, 93, 93); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(57, 93, 93);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(57, 93, 93)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 30.8040, -9.9978, -1.1263 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(57, 93, 93) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(57, 93,  
93) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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