

Converting Colors

HunterLab(30.8403, -15.7829,
16.7064)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(30.8403, -15.7829,
16.7064) contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(30.6950,
-15.7028, 16.6363)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

| Format | Color |
|---------------|---------------------------|
| Hex | 425F1B |
| RGB | 66, 95, 27 |
| RGB Percent | 26%, 37%, 11% |
| CMY | 0.7412, 0.6274, 0.8941 |
| CMYK | 0.31, 0.00, 0.72, 0.63 |
| HSL | 86°, 56%, 24% |
| HSV | 86°, 72%, 37% |
| XYZ | 6.5368, 9.4218, 2.5110 |
| YIQ | 78.5770, 4.5440, -27.2960 |

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

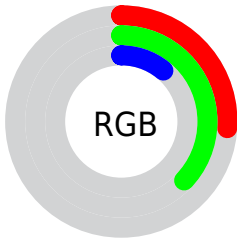
| Format | Color |
|-------------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| R_{YB} | 27, 95, 56 |
| Decimal | 4349723 |
| CIE _{Lab} | 36.78, -22.66, 34.08 |
| CIE _{LCh} | 37, 40.927, 123.626 |
| Yxy | 9.4222, 0.3539, 0.5101 |
| Android (android.graphics.Color) | 4282539803 (0xFF425F1B) |
| YUV | 78.5770, -25.4275, -11.0300 |
| Hunter-Lab | 30.6950, -15.7028, 16.6363 |

Details

The HunterLab color **30.6950, -15.7028, 16.6363** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **336633**. A complement of this color would be **15.6561, 19.2196, -31.0185**, and the grayscale version is **27.8977, -1.4886, 1.5157**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **49.7783, -19.8715, 22.3967**, and **15.0078, -10.4984, 9.0640** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **30.4128, -16.9450, 17.3691**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **31.0151, -14.2880, 15.5930**.

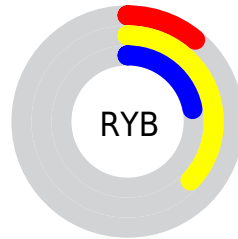
Distribution



Red (26%)

Green (37%)

Blue (11%)



Red (11%)

Yellow (37%)

Blue (22%)

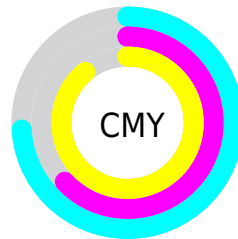


Cyan (31%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (72%)

Black (63%)



Cyan (74%)

Magenta (63%)

Yellow (89%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 30.6950, -15.7028, 16.6363 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 30.6950, -15.7028, 16.6363 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 30.6950, -15.7028,
16.6363

■ 30.6950, -15.7028,
16.6363

■ 136.5640,
-31.9592, 39.2118

■ 22.4000, -13.5563,
13.4405

■ 49.7021, -19.6411,
22.3895

■ 15.0253, -11.2057,
10.5177

■ 60.2892, -21.4983,
25.0335

■ 8.6668, -11.8579,
6.0667

■ 71.5367, -23.3071,
27.5671

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 83.4078, -25.0798,
30.0132

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 95.8714, -26.8253,
32.3888


0.0000, NaN, NaN


0.0000, NaN, NaN


■ 108.9006,


-28.5505, 34.7073


0.0000, NaN, NaN


 122.4717,
-30.2604, 36.9788


 30.6950, -15.7028,
16.6363


 30.6950, -15.7028,
16.6363


 30.4128, -16.9450,
17.3691


 31.0151, -14.2880,
15.5930


 30.1642, -18.0206,
17.8199

 31.3721, -12.6965,
14.2236

 29.9709, -18.8597,
18.1378

 31.7676, -10.9296,
12.5192

 32.2020, -8.9907,
10.4765

 32.6755, -6.8849,
8.0964

■ 33.1878, -4.6186,
5.3836

■ 33.7388, -2.1999,
2.3460

■ 34.3279, 0.3628,
-1.0059

■ 34.9545, 3.0603,
-4.6598

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



30.6957, -3.3965, 18.1686



30.6950, -15.7028, 16.6363



30.6957, -22.9782, 11.3326

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



30.6957, -15.7035, 16.6365



30.6957, -13.1531, -33.2267



30.6957, 31.7445, 3.3138

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



30.6950, -15.7028, 16.6363



15.6561, 19.2196, -31.0185

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



30.6957, 27.8147, -12.7361



30.6950, -15.7028, 16.6363



30.6957, 0.1579, -38.7759

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



30.6957, -15.7035, 16.6365



30.6957, -21.7106, -17.1264



30.6957, 15.5250, -29.9665



30.6957, 25.4419, 13.0946

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



30.6950, -15.7028, 16.6363



30.6957, -24.8740, 4.4933



30.6957, 15.5250, -29.9665



30.6957, 31.5811, -1.4480

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



30.6957, -15.7035, 16.6365



42.7584, -9.0230, 10.6107



22.9708, 8.7539, 11.6310



20.8768, -4.6561, 5.4713



71.2094, -3.7996, 3.8689



21.6712, -1.1563, 1.1774

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



30.6957, -15.7035, 16.6365



39.5692, -23.1772, 23.1736



29.2949, -21.3670, 15.5784



17.0868, -2.0432, 2.3591



35.6849, -22.6660, 21.5921



82.1593, -53.6917, 49.6862

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



15.6561, 19.2196, -31.0185



16.8682, 31.1036, -54.2364



19.3668, 27.0290, -20.7392



16.0077, 0.3193, -0.6689



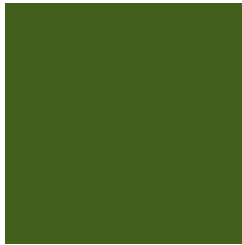
13.4133, 31.7252, -59.1969



30.1860, 72.4764, -141.5935

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 30.6950, -15.7028, 16.6363 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

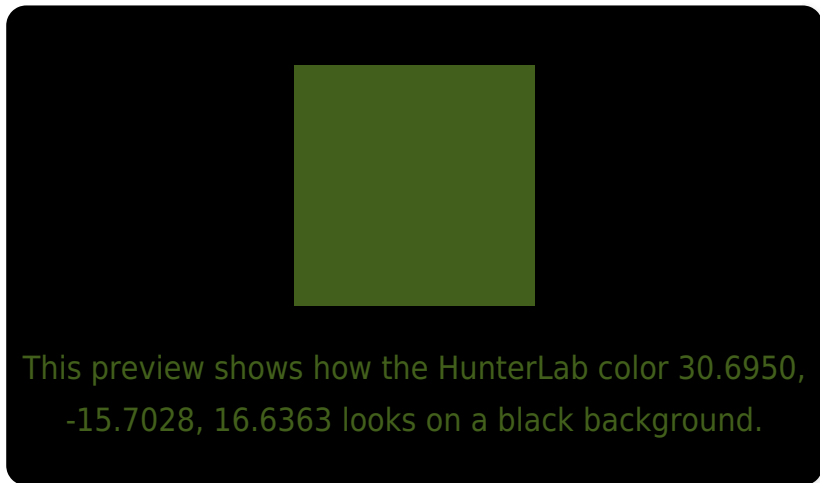
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

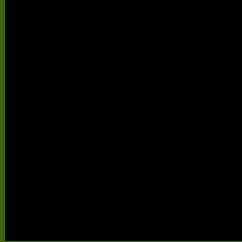
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 30.6950, -15.7028, 16.6363 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 30.6950, -15.7028, 16.6363.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 30.6950,

-15.7028, 16.6363.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

30.6950, -15.7028, 16.6363

Protanopia

30.7050, -4.2419, 17.0701

Deuteranopia

30.5402, 1.8599, 16.1984



Tritanopia

30.7980, -4.1371, -2.3990

Trichromacy



Original Color

30.6950, -15.7028, 16.6363

Protanomaly

30.6028, -8.7570, 16.8106

Deuteranomaly

30.3929, -5.2824, 16.2393

Tritanomaly

30.5202, -9.2482, 7.0639

Monochromacy



Original Color

30.6950, -15.7028, 16.6363

Achromatopsia

27.9620, -1.4920, 1.5192

Achromatomaly

28.7734, -7.6218, 8.7877

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 30.6950, -15.7028, 16.6363 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(66, 95, 27)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(66, 95, 27)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(66, 95, 27) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(66, 95, 27) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 30.6950, -15.7028, 16.6363 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(66, 95, 27) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(66, 95, 27) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(66, 95, 27)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(66, 95, 27); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(66, 95, 27);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(66, 95, 27)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 30.6950, -15.7028, 16.6363 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(66, 95, 27) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(66, 95,  
27) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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