

Converting Colors

HunterLab(30.9399, -14.3451,
11.1986)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(30.9399, -14.3451,
11.1986) contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(30.8977,
-14.1751, 11.1095)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	3F5F3A
RGB	63, 95, 58
RGB Percent	25%, 37%, 23%
CMY	0.7529, 0.6274, 0.7725
CMYK	0.34, 0.00, 0.39, 0.63
HSL	112°, 24%, 30%
HSV	112°, 39%, 37%
XYZ	6.9058, 9.5467, 5.4817
YIQ	81.2140, -7.1950, -18.2910

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

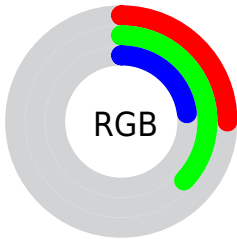
Format	Color
R_{YB}	58, 95, 90
Decimal	4153146
CIE _{Lab}	37.02, -19.88, 17.56
CIE _{LCh}	37, 26.523, 138.549
Yxy	9.5471, 0.3148, 0.4352
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4282343226 (0xFF3F5F3A)
YUV	81.2140, -11.4445, -15.9737
Hunter-Lab	30.8977, -14.1751, 11.1095

Details

The HunterLab color $[30.8977, -14.1751, 11.1095]$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 336633 . A complement of this color would be $[24.5485, 13.7237, -10.7827]$, and the grayscale version is $[28.8051, -1.5370, 1.5650]$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $[50.0431, -17.7975, 14.3695]$, and $[15.0584, -10.0611, 7.3234]$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $[30.3455, -16.6345, 12.8376]$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $[31.5340, -11.3994, 9.0985]$.

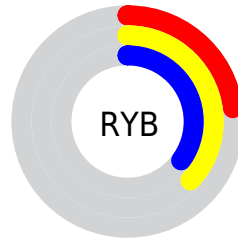
Distribution



Red (25%)

Green (37%)

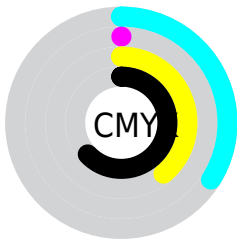
Blue (23%)



Red (23%)

Yellow (37%)

Blue (35%)

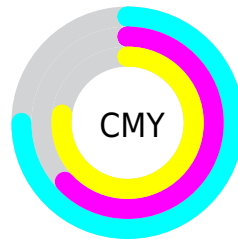


Cyan (34%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (39%)

Black (63%)



Cyan (75%)

Magenta (63%)

Yellow (77%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 30.8977, -14.1751, 11.1095 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 30.8977, -14.1751, 11.1095 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 30.8977, -14.1751,
11.1095

■ 30.8977, -14.1751,
11.1095

■ 136.8971,
-29.0651, 25.0181

■ 22.5825, -12.2555,
9.3253

■ 49.9400, -17.7300,
14.4138

■ 15.1851, -10.1696,
7.4135

■ 60.5429, -19.4198,
15.9867

■ 8.8138, -10.2993,
6.1696

■ 71.8053, -21.0729,
17.5276

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 83.6905, -22.6996,
19.0464

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 96.1675, -24.3072,
20.5502

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 109.2095,

-25.9013, 22.0441

0.0000, NaN, NaN

122.7930,
-27.4861, 23.5324

■ 30.8977, -14.1751,
11.1095

■ 30.8977, -14.1751,
11.1095

■ 30.3455, -16.6345,
12.8376

■ 31.5340, -11.3994,
9.0985

■ 29.8754, -18.7570,
14.2713

■ 32.2515, -8.3295,
6.8194

■ 29.4869, -20.5309,
15.4072

■ 33.0492, -4.9930,
4.2921

■ 29.1777, -21.9529,
16.2500

■ 33.9248, -1.4186,
1.5382

■ 28.9439, -23.0292,
16.8140

■ 34.8757, 2.3649,
-1.4194

■ 28.7715, -23.8316,
17.2525

■ 35.8987, 6.3295,
-4.5580

■ 28.7561, -23.9047,
17.3009

■ 36.9904, 10.4490,
-7.8559

■ 38.1476, 14.6993,
-11.2923

■ 39.3667, 19.0591,
-14.8486

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



30.8984, -7.2451, 14.0303



30.8977, -14.1751, 11.1095



30.8984, -17.5822, 4.9344

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



30.8984, -14.1757, 11.1098



30.8984, -5.1913, -20.6346



30.8984, 17.6286, 6.7113

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



30.8977, -14.1751, 11.1095



24.5485, 13.7237, -10.7827

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



30.8984, 18.3516, -1.9678



30.8977, -14.1751, 11.1095



30.8984, 4.3732, -19.7234

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



30.8984, -14.1757, 11.1098



30.8984, -12.8289, -14.3681



30.8984, 13.2554, -12.1618



30.8984, 11.3851, 12.0710

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



30.8977, -14.1751, 11.1095



30.8984, -17.7081, -1.0122



30.8984, 13.2554, -12.1618



30.8984, 18.5509, 4.1533

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



30.8984, -14.1757, 11.1098



42.8832, -8.0591, 6.7789



31.5575, -3.7901, 11.8582



20.9547, -4.0994, 3.4356



71.2094, -3.7996, 3.8689



21.6712, -1.1563, 1.1774

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



30.8984, -14.1757, 11.1098



39.7496, -21.6021, 16.6848



30.8848, -13.7467, 7.3622



16.9441, -2.5511, 2.1938



34.2570, -28.6034, 20.6083



79.0297, -66.7491, 47.5292

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



24.5485, 13.7237, -10.7827



29.6658, 22.9484, -18.3774



24.6358, 13.0957, -3.8267



16.1636, 0.8478, -0.4619



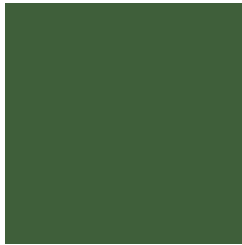
19.2819, 39.1109, -34.7496



44.2539, 89.9617, -81.2913

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 30.8977, -14.1751, 11.1095 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

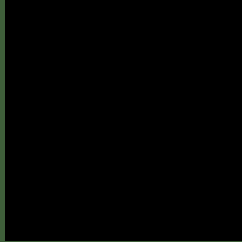
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 30.8977, -14.1751, 11.1095 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 30.8977, -14.1751, 11.1095.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 30.8977,

-14.1751, 11.1095.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

30.8977, -14.1751, 11.1095

Protanopia

30.8628, -3.0148, 12.0211

Deuteranopia

30.6708, 1.7840, 10.3960



Tritanopia

30.7855, -5.5201, -2.9073

Trichromacy



Original Color

30.8977, -14.1751, 11.1095

Protanomaly

30.7195, -7.6385, 11.5744

Deuteranomaly

30.3601, -4.6348, 10.2780

Tritanomaly

30.7768, -9.1821, 3.0384

Monochromacy



Original Color

30.8977, -14.1751, 11.1095

Achromatopsia

28.6850, -1.5306, 1.5585

Achromatomaly

29.3129, -6.5130, 5.1990

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 30.8977, -14.1751, 11.1095 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(63, 95, 58)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(63, 95, 58)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(63, 95, 58) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(63, 95, 58) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 30.8977, -14.1751, 11.1095 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(63, 95, 58) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(63, 95, 58) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(63, 95, 58)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(63, 95, 58); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(63, 95, 58);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(63, 95, 58)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 30.8977, -14.1751, 11.1095 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(63, 95, 58) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(63, 95,  
58) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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