

Converting Colors

HunterLab(30.9602, 1.8299,
-1.3281)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(30.9602, 1.8299, -1.3281)
contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(30.9523, 1.6718,
-1.1829)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	5C555E
RGB	92, 85, 94
RGB Percent	36%, 33%, 37%
CMY	0.6392, 0.6667, 0.6314
CMYK	0.02, 0.10, 0.00, 0.63
HSL	287°, 5%, 35%
HSV	287°, 10%, 37%
XYZ	9.6825, 9.5804, 11.9286
YIQ	88.1190, 1.2830, 4.2830

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

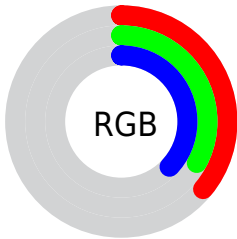
Format	Color
R_{YB}	92, 85, 94
Decimal	6051166
CIE _{Lab}	37.08, 4.73, -4.18
CIE _{LCh}	37, 6.314, 318.507
Yxy	9.5809, 0.3104, 0.3072
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284241246 (0xFF5C555E)
YUV	88.1190, 2.8993, 3.4036
Hunter-Lab	30.9523, 1.6718, -1.1829

Details

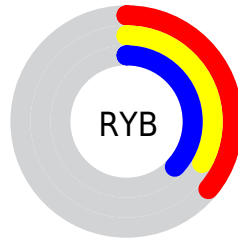
The HunterLab color $[30.9523, 1.6718, -1.1829]$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 666666 . A complement of this color would be $[32.6922, -4.9412, 4.4709]$, and the grayscale version is $[31.2726, -1.6686, 1.6991]$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $[50.0923, 0.9016, -0.3480]$, and $[15.2047, 1.7904, -1.5037]$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $[28.4457, 5.3488, -4.4508]$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $[33.5705, -1.9380, 1.9490]$.

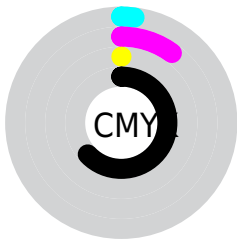
Distribution



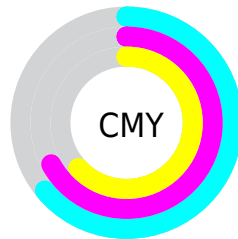
- Red (36%)
- Green (33%)
- Blue (37%)



- Red (36%)
- Yellow (33%)
- Blue (37%)



- Cyan (2%)
- Magenta (10%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (63%)



- Cyan (64%)
- Magenta (67%)
- Yellow (63%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 30.9523, 1.6718, -1.1829 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 30.9523, 1.6718, -1.1829 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 30.9523, 1.6718,
-1.1829

■ 30.9523, 1.6718,
-1.1829

■ 136.9868, -1.9289,
2.8812

■ 22.6317, 1.8003,
-1.3782

■ 50.0041, 1.2080,
-0.6011

■ 15.2282, 1.8437,
-1.4967

■ 60.6112, 0.8909,
-0.2299

■ 8.8529, 1.8576,
-1.5545

■ 71.8776, 0.5243,
0.1886

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 83.7666, 0.1125,
0.6507

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 96.2473, -0.3413,
1.1533

0.0000, NaN, NaN

109.2927, -0.8342,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

122.8795, -1.3641,
2.2705

■ 30.9523, 1.6718,
-1.1829

■ 30.9523, 1.6718,
-1.1829

■ 28.4457, 5.3488,
-4.4508

■ 33.5705, -1.9380,
1.9490

■ 26.0658, 9.0876,
-7.8672

■ 36.2844, -5.4794,
4.9582

■ 23.8341, 12.8640,
-11.4318

■ 39.0836, -8.9588,
7.8615

■ 21.7758, 16.6275,
-15.1242

■ 41.9589, -12.3833,
10.6741

■ 19.9208, 20.2861,
-18.8881

■ 44.9026, -15.7607,
13.4099

■ 18.3023, 23.6917,
-22.6131

■ 47.9084, -19.0984,
16.0810

■ 16.9534, 26.6356,
-26.1222

■ 50.9712, -22.4033,
18.6979

■ 15.9007, 28.8737,
-29.1836

■ 54.0864, -25.6814,
21.2695

■ 14.9700, 30.8852,
-32.1769

■ 57.2502, -28.9381,
23.8035

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



30.9530, -0.2611, -2.4992



30.9523, 1.6718, -1.1829



30.9530, 2.7234, 0.8494

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



30.9530, 1.6711, -1.1823



30.9530, -0.7822, 5.4698



30.9530, -5.6690, 0.3431

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



30.9523, 1.6718, -1.1829



32.6922, -4.9412, 4.4709

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



30.9530, -5.7995, 2.4976



30.9523, 1.6718, -1.1829



30.9530, -3.0212, 5.3557

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



30.9530, 1.6711, -1.1823



30.9530, 1.2802, 4.6253



30.9530, -4.8429, 4.3016



30.9530, -4.4813, -1.5758

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



30.9523, 1.6718, -1.1829



30.9530, 2.7649, 2.2904



30.9530, -4.8429, 4.3016



30.9530, -5.8367, 1.0668

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



30.9530, 1.6711, -1.1823



43.1872, -0.8936, 1.1397



30.9394, -1.1619, -1.2492



21.0304, -0.2866, 0.4274



71.2094, -3.7996, 3.8689



21.6712, -1.1563, 1.1774

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



30.9530, 1.6711, -1.1823



40.3603, 3.0656, -2.3159



31.0529, 1.8708, 0.0092



15.3592, 0.6856, -0.4617



17.4999, 36.3586, -38.2218



40.4568, 84.4182, -91.1794

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



30.9277, 1.1979, 1.7918



40.3221, 2.3256, 2.3773



32.6062, -5.1302, 3.4491



15.3475, 0.4709, 0.8829



18.3306, 31.7600, 8.9899



42.7607, 73.8239, 23.0190

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 30.9523, 1.6718, -1.1829 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 30.9523, 1.6718, -1.1829 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

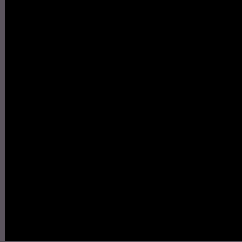
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 30.9523, 1.6718, -1.1829 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 30.9523, 1.6718, -1.1829.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 30.9523, 1.6718, -1.1829.

-1.1829.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

30.9523, 1.6718, -1.1829

Protanopia

31.0948, -0.4307, -1.4905

Deuteranopia

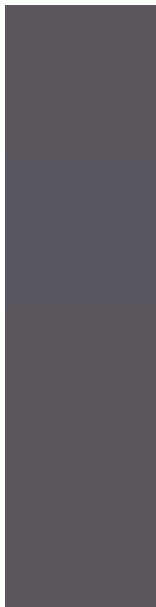
31.0360, 1.9534, -1.0717



Tritanopia

30.8950, 1.3637, -0.3699

Trichromacy



Original Color

30.9523, 1.6718, -1.1829

Protanomaly

30.9930, 0.5521, -1.6038

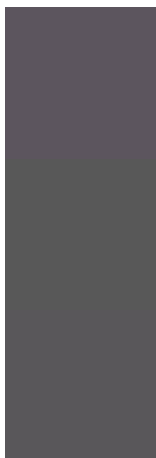
Deuteranomaly

31.0360, 1.9534, -1.0717

Tritanomaly

30.9235, 1.5169, -0.7741

Monochromacy



Original Color

30.9523, 1.6718, -1.1829

Achromatopsia

31.2390, -1.6668, 1.6973

Achromatomaly

31.1102, -0.6608, 0.7238

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 30.9523, 1.6718, -1.1829 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(92, 85, 94) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(92, 85, 94)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(92, 85, 94) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(92, 85, 94) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 30.9523, 1.6718, -1.1829 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(92, 85, 94) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(92, 85, 94) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(92, 85, 94) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(92, 85, 94); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(92, 85, 94);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(92, 85, 94)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 30.9523, 1.6718, -1.1829 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(92, 85, 94) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(92, 85,  
94) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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