

Converting Colors

HunterLab(30.9800, -4.3351,
1.6822)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(30.9800, -4.3351, 1.6822)
contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(30.8842, -4.3369,
1.6447)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	505957
RGB	80, 89, 87
RGB Percent	31%, 35%, 34%
CMY	0.6863, 0.6510, 0.6588
CMYK	0.10, 0.00, 0.02, 0.65
HSL	167°, 5%, 33%
HSV	167°, 10%, 35%
XYZ	8.6009, 9.5383, 10.4046
YIQ	86.0810, -4.7220, -2.5300

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

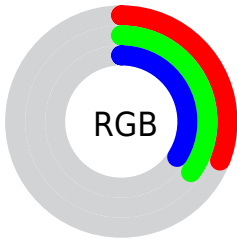
Format	Color
RYB	80, 85, 89
Decimal	5265751
CIELab	37.00, -3.98, -0.05
CIELCh	37, 3.976, 180.792
Yxy	9.5387, 0.3013, 0.3342
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4283455831 (0xFF505957)
YUV	86.0810, 0.4531, -5.3330
Hunter-Lab	30.8842, -4.3369, 1.6447

Details

The HunterLab color **30.8842, -4.3369, 1.6447** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666666**. A complement of this color would be **29.1043, 1.2713, 1.6935**, and the grayscale version is **30.5354, -1.6293, 1.6590**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **49.9385, -5.8916, 2.5699**, and **15.2508, -3.1428, 0.8265** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **30.2402, -6.7668, 1.6562**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **31.5990, -1.7173, 1.7160**.

Distribution



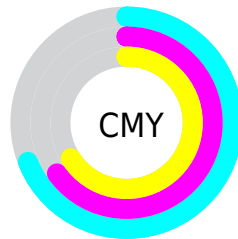
- Red (31%)
- Green (35%)
- Blue (34%)



- Red (31%)
- Yellow (33%)
- Blue (35%)



- Cyan (10%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (2%)
- Black (65%)



- Cyan (69%)
- Magenta (65%)
- Yellow (66%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 30.8842, -4.3369, 1.6447 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 30.8842, -4.3369, 1.6447 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 30.8842, -4.3369,
1.6447

■ 30.8842, -4.3369,
1.6447

■ 136.8750,
-11.7746, 7.3914

■ 22.5704, -3.6168,
1.1962

■ 49.9242, -5.8362,
2.6753

■ 15.1745, -2.9091,
0.7976

■ 60.5260, -6.6178,
3.2496

■ 8.8040, -2.4377,
0.4534

■ 71.7874, -7.4217,
3.8599

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 83.6717, -8.2480,
4.5043

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 96.1478, -9.0967,
5.1811

0.0000, NaN, NaN

109.1890, -9.9676,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

122.7716,
-10.8603, 6.6258

■ 30.8842, -4.3369,
1.6447

■ 30.8842, -4.3369,
1.6447

■ 30.2402, -6.7668,
1.6562

■ 31.5990, -1.7173,
1.7160

■ 29.6663, -8.9870,
1.7501

■ 32.3811, 1.0745,
1.8666

■ 29.1637, -10.9819,
1.9265

■ 33.2289, 4.0181,
2.0939

■ 28.7319, -12.7387,
2.1835

■ 34.1402, 7.0944,
2.3940

■ 28.3700, -14.2490,
2.5174

■ 35.1124, 10.2852,
2.7628

■ 28.0757, -15.5098,
2.9229

■ 36.1426, 13.5736,
3.1958

■ 27.8457, -16.5248,
3.3928

■ 37.2282, 16.9445,
3.6885

■ 27.6749, -17.3073,
3.9177

■ 38.3663, 20.3842,
4.2362

■ 27.5271, -17.9977,
4.4453

■ 39.5541, 23.8810,
4.8346

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



30.8849, -4.0012, 2.9242



30.8842, -4.3369, 1.6447



30.8849, -3.9645, 0.3191

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



30.8849, -4.3375, 1.6452



30.8849, -0.2367, -0.6388



30.8849, -0.3033, 3.8673

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



30.8842, -4.3369, 1.6447



29.1043, 1.2713, 1.6935

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



30.8849, 0.7356, 2.9838



30.8842, -4.3369, 1.6447



30.8849, 0.7745, 0.3841

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



30.8849, -4.3375, 1.6452



30.8849, -1.6118, -1.0356



30.8849, 1.1335, 1.7171



30.8849, -1.6874, 4.1716

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



30.8842, -4.3369, 1.6447



30.8849, -3.3599, -0.4039



30.8849, 1.1335, 1.7171



30.8849, 0.0987, 3.6303

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



30.8849, -4.3375, 1.6452



41.0105, -3.2898, 2.2041



30.8588, -4.7833, 4.3493



20.6117, -1.7679, 1.1058



70.1359, -3.7423, 3.8106



20.7927, -1.1094, 1.1297

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



30.8849, -4.3375, 1.6452



40.1659, -6.4106, 2.1440



30.2967, -3.0123, 0.1192



15.3456, -1.9765, 0.8174



33.4144, -21.9328, 5.5816



79.1097, -52.5133, 14.4809

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



29.1043, 1.2713, 1.6935



37.3252, 2.5413, 2.2228



29.6621, -0.0616, 3.1062



14.5817, 0.4294, 0.8379



17.8806, 30.9856, 8.7287



42.2416, 72.9304, 22.7191

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 30.8842, -4.3369, 1.6447 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 30.8842, -4.3369, 1.6447 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

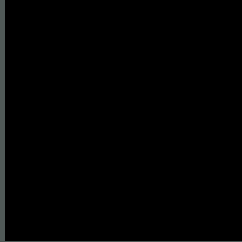
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 30.8842, -4.3369, 1.6447 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 30.8842, -4.3369, 1.6447.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 30.8842, -4.3369, 1.6447.

1.6447.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

30.8842, -4.3369, 1.6447

Protanopia

31.0034, -1.2431, 2.2457

Deuteranopia

30.7866, 2.0804, 1.2266



Tritanopia

30.9112, -2.4197, -1.7611

Trichromacy



Original Color

30.8842, -4.3369, 1.6447

Protanomaly

31.0319, -2.4950, 2.2568

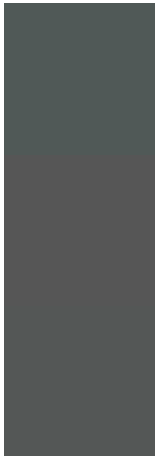
Deuteranomaly

30.8769, -0.2381, 1.2937

Tritanomaly

30.8245, -2.8975, -0.5324

Monochromacy



Original Color

30.8842, -4.3369, 1.6447

Achromatopsia

30.5056, -1.6277, 1.6574

Achromatomaly

30.6155, -2.5959, 1.7697

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 30.8842, -4.3369, 1.6447 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(80, 89, 87)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(80, 89, 87)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(80, 89, 87) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(80, 89, 87) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 30.8842, -4.3369, 1.6447 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(80, 89, 87) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(80, 89, 87) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(80, 89, 87)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(80, 89, 87); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(80, 89, 87);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(80, 89, 87)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 30.8842, -4.3369, 1.6447 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(80, 89, 87) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(80, 89,  
87) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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